

22nd International Spin Symposium [SPIN 2016]

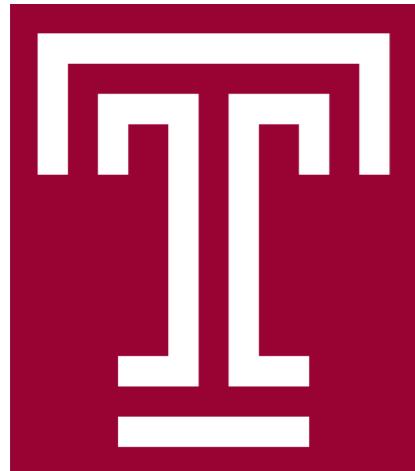
September 25-30, 2016 at UIUC



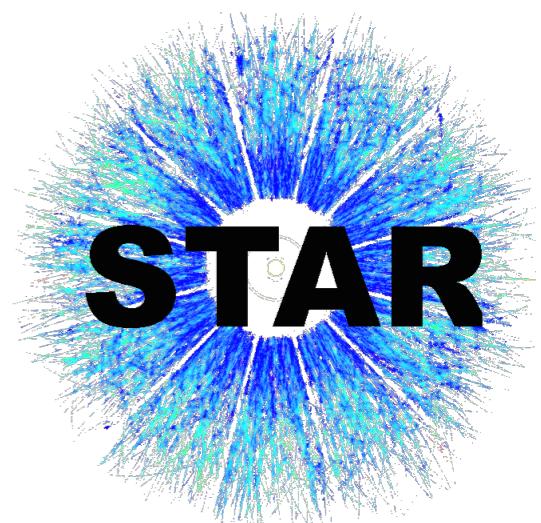
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

DOE NP contract: DE-SC0013405

Measurements of W single spin
asymmetries and W cross section
ratios at STAR



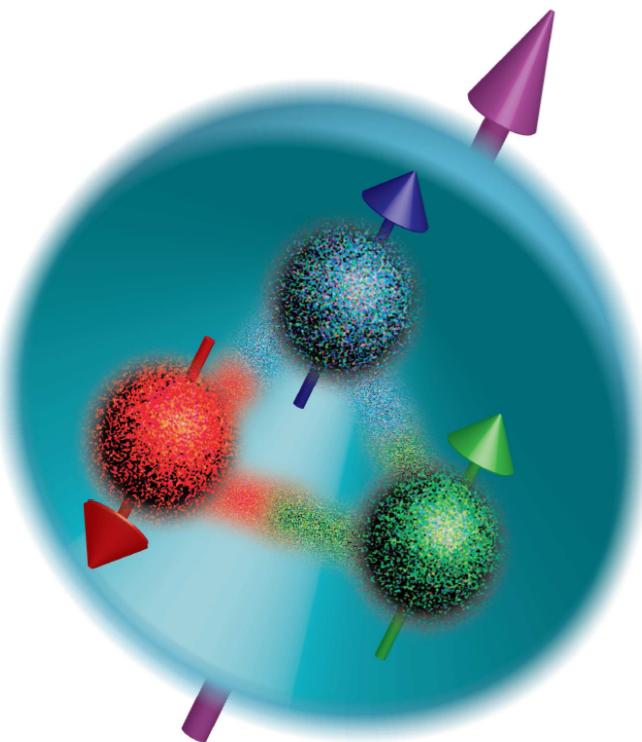
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(for the STAR Collaboration)
Temple University



OUTLINE

- Introduction
 - Anti-quark polarization
 - Flavor asymmetry of the sea
- Theoretical Foundation [W_{AL} / W_{RW}]
- Experimental Aspects [RHIC / STAR]
- Results
 - W_{AL}
 - W_{RW}
- Summary

INTRODUCTION : Proton Helicity Structure

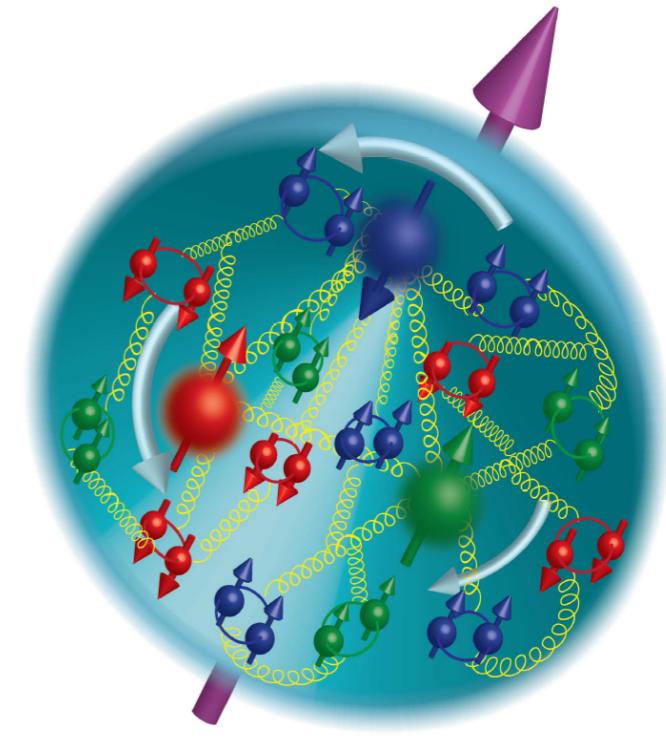


Naive Parton Model

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}(\Delta u_\nu + \Delta d_\nu)$$

Gluons , Sea quarks are polarized.
Parton orbital angular momentum.

1989 : EMC : DIS
 $\Delta\Sigma = 0.12 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.14$
 “Spin Crisis”



Current Understanding

$$\langle S_z \rangle = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \boxed{\Delta\Sigma} + \Delta G + L_z$$

$$\boxed{\Delta\Sigma} = \int (\Delta u + \Delta d + \Delta s + \boxed{\Delta \bar{u}} + \boxed{\Delta \bar{d}} + \Delta \bar{s}) dx$$

DIS

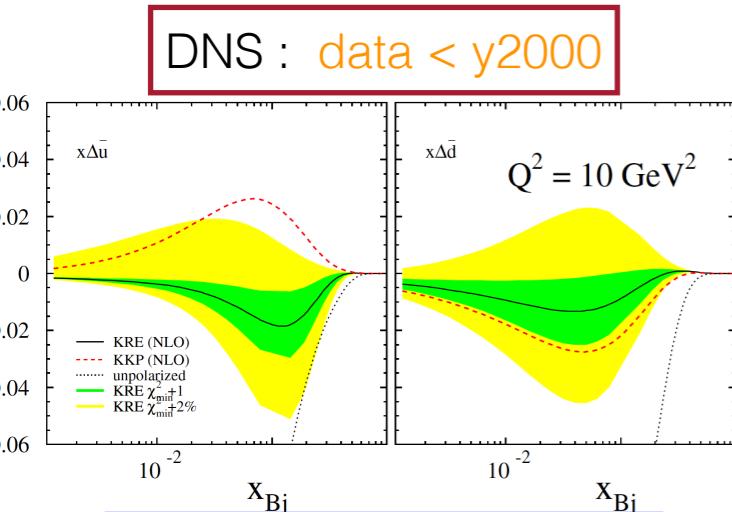
- Well measured!
- Not sensitive to flavor separation!

SIDIS

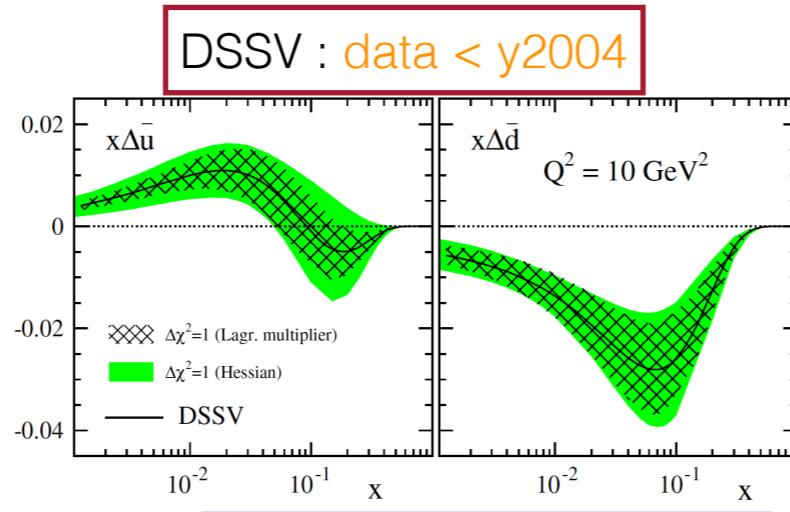
- FF's use to tag flavor!
- Flavor separation / quark, anti-quark separation!
- But large uncertainties in FFs.

Light anti-Quark Polarization: Current Knowledge

- NLO calculations

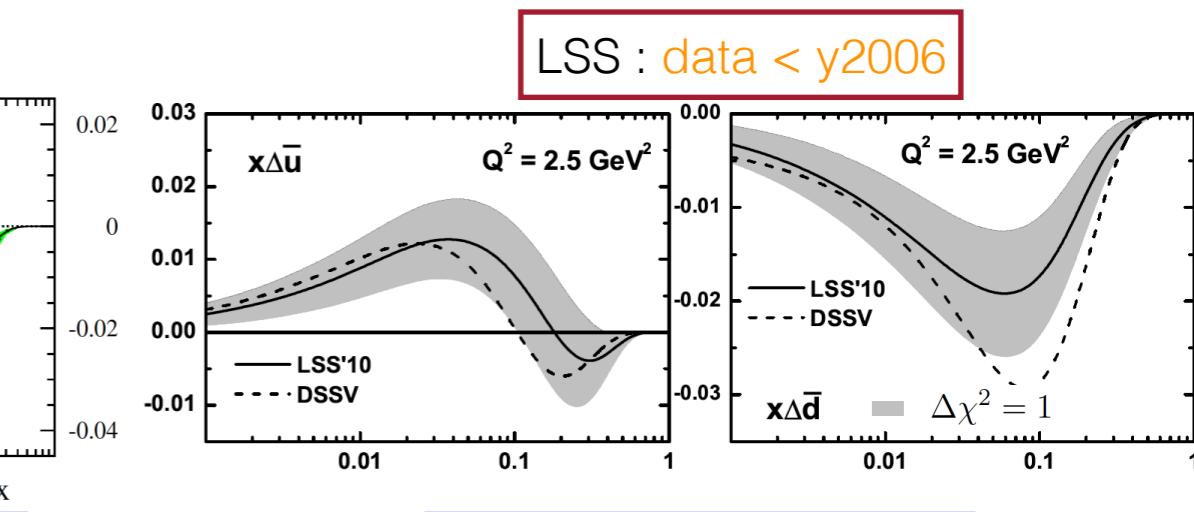


Phys. Rev. D 71, 094018 (2005)



Phys. Rev. D 80, 034030 (2009)

- Mainly SIDIS



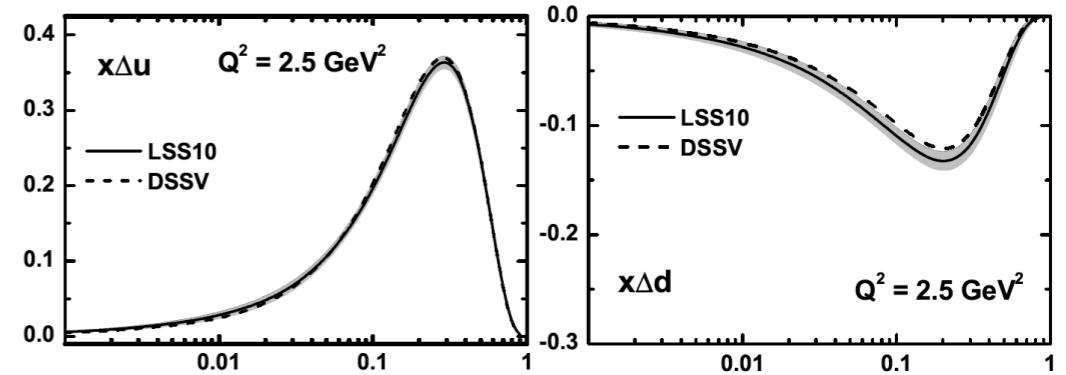
Phys. Rev. D 82, 114018 (2010)

More Precise / large / increased kinematic range - DATA sets

More Precise FFs

Improved global fitting tools

But still less precise,
in comparison to
valance sector



WA_L measurements at RHIC provide a unique (direct sensitivity to \bar{u}, \bar{d}) and clean approach (free of FFs) to constrain anti-quark helicity PDFs at much larger Q^2 scale set by W mass ($\sim 6400 \text{ GeV}^2$).

Flavor Asymmetry of the Unpolarized Sea

Simple Perturbative picture of the sea created by gluon splitting

- Equal amount of \bar{u}, \bar{d} [\bar{u}, \bar{d} roughly equal mass / gluon is flavor blind]
- SU(3) flavor symmetry

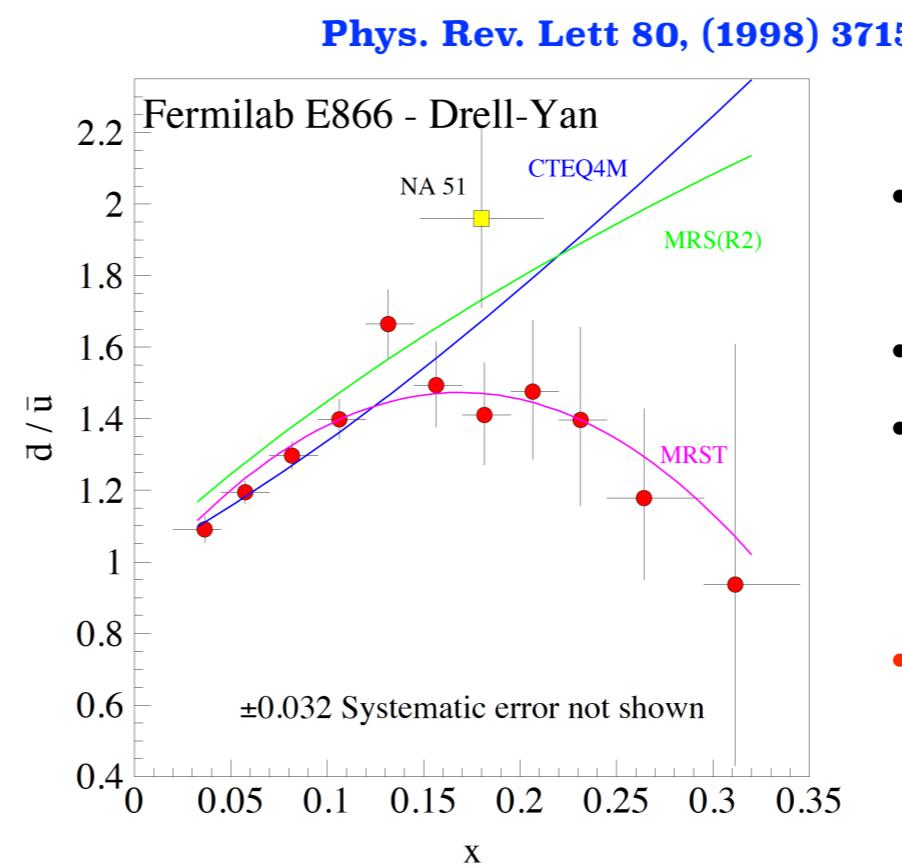
Breaking of the sea symmetry \sim 1970s

- Violation of Gottfried Sum Rule [GSR] - First indication of a asymmetric sea

NMC [Phys. Rev. Lett 66, \(1991\) 2712](#)
 0.235 ± 0.026 at $Q^2 = 4 \text{ GeV}^2$

- significantly below $1/3$

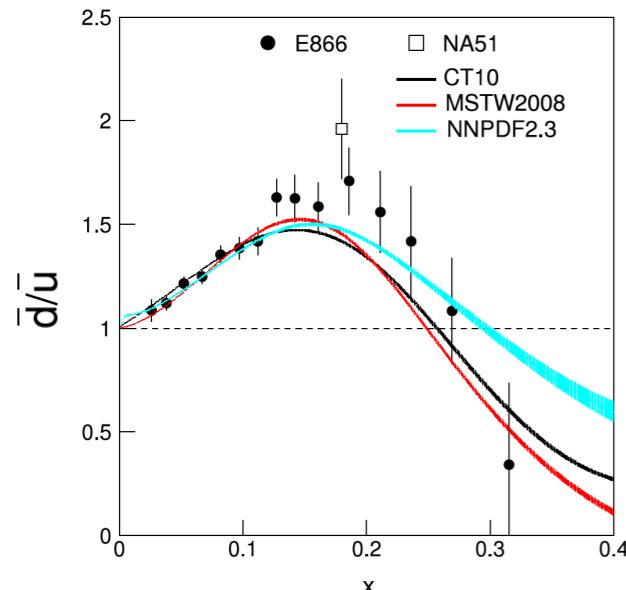
- Drell-Yan [E866] - more concrete evidence



- Increases linearly up to $x \sim 0.15$.
- Drops off at higher x .
- Qualitative explanation at low x of $\bar{d} > \bar{u}$.
- Failed to explain higher x of $\bar{u} > \bar{d}$.

Flavor Asymmetry of the Unpolarized Sea : Current knowledge

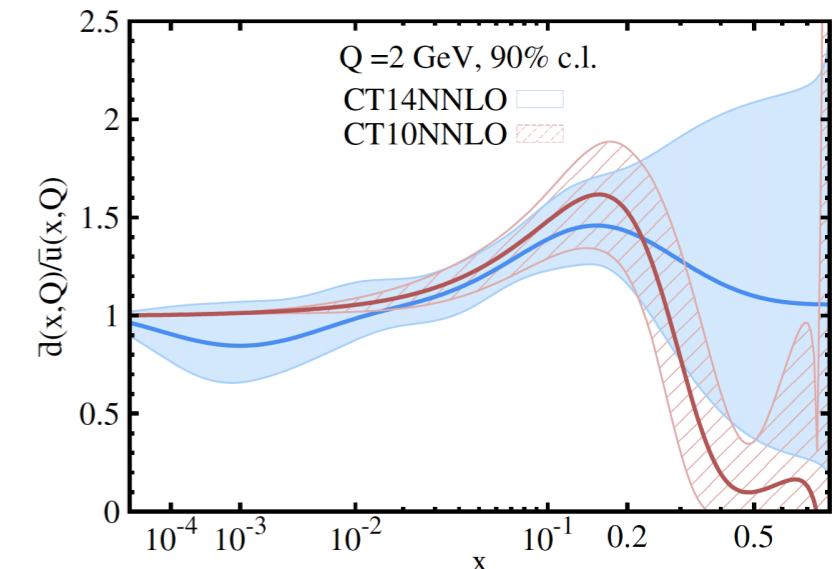
- E866 in comparison to recent NNLO



Progress in Particle and Nuclear Physics 79(2014)95-135

- Recent (CT10,etc) NNLO Fits seems to follow the shape but still relatively large uncertainties at large x.
- The most recent (CT14) suggest a constant approach towards 1 at large x, with large uncertainties.

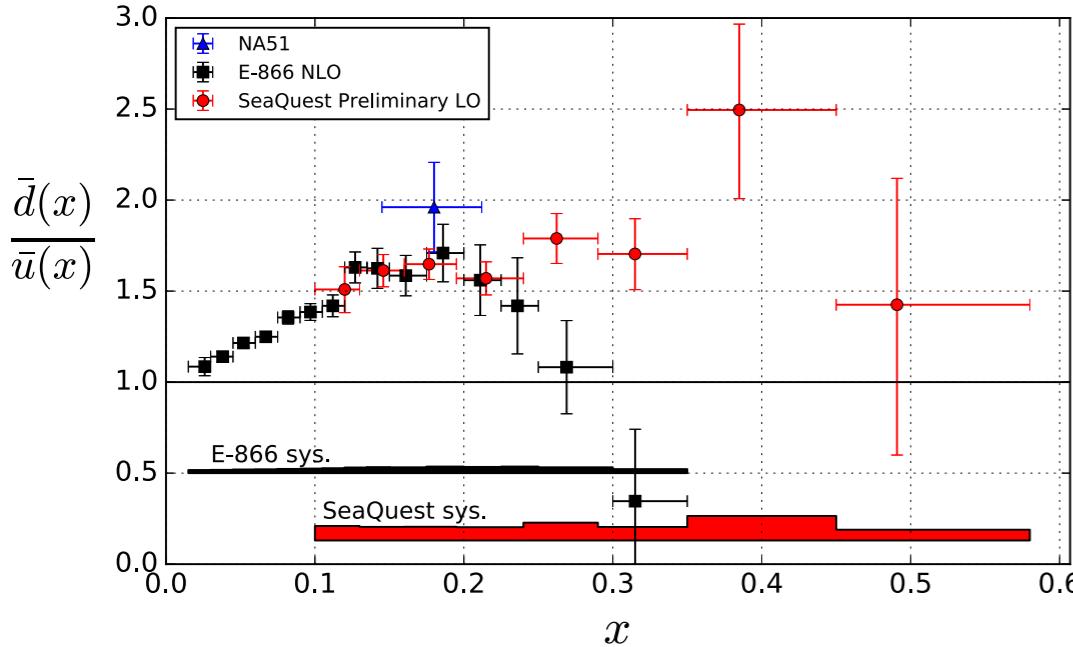
arXiv:1506.07443v3



Need more data / experiment to understand \bar{d}/\bar{u} behavior!

- SeaQuest E906 - Preliminary

B. Kerns et al. (SeaQuest Collaboration), APS April Meeting, 2016



- Lower Q^2 than Drell-Yan E866.
- Measurement extended to large x.
- Will help to minimize any process dependent assumptions.

W production at RHIC at much larger Q^2 than Drell-Yan

Provides an important, completely independent cross check of flavor asymmetry of the sea through measurements of W cross section ratio!

Theoretical Foundation - W A_L

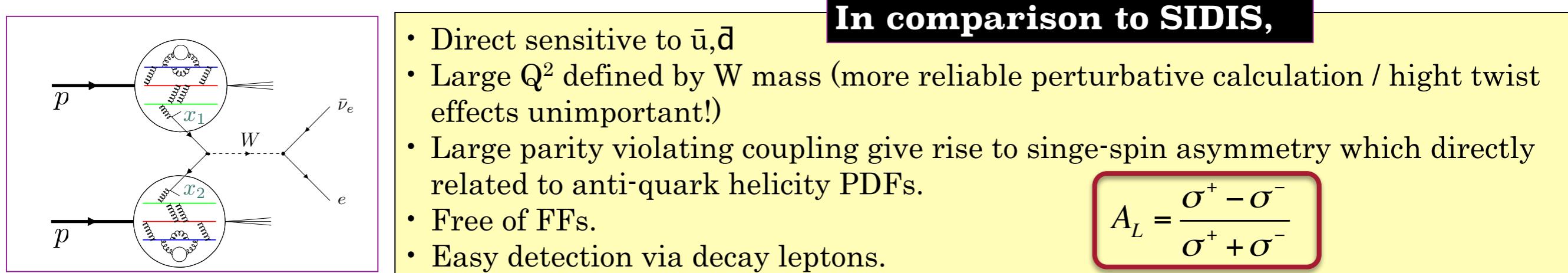
- Spin asymmetry measures ratio of polarized to unpolarized structure functions → polarized PDFs

Momentum distribution $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} f(x) = \\ \text{Diagram: Two quarks with arrows pointing right, one up-right, one down-right} \\ f^+(x) + f^-(x) \end{array} \right.$

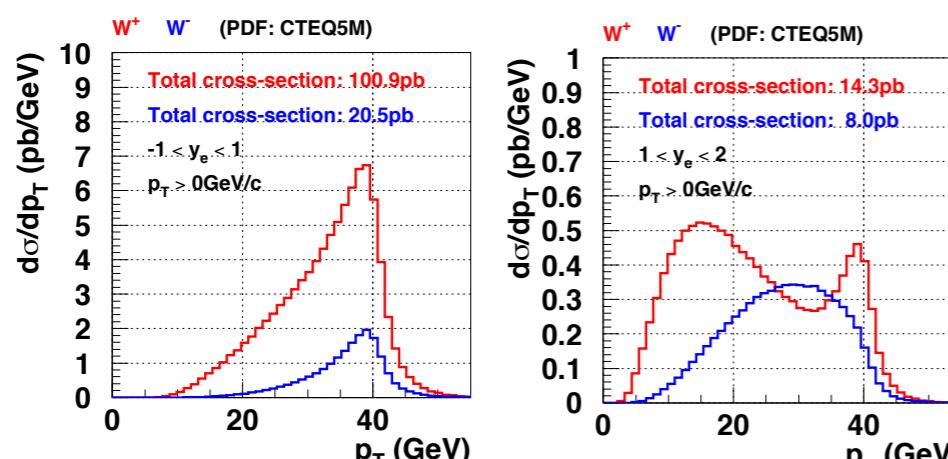
$$\frac{g_1(x)}{F_1(x)} = \frac{\sum_q e_q^2 (\Delta f_q(x) + \bar{\Delta f}_q(x))}{\sum_q e_q^2 (f_q(x) + \bar{f}_q(x))} = A_1 \equiv \frac{\sigma^{++} - \sigma^{+-}}{\sigma^{++} + \sigma^{+-}}$$

Helicity distribution $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Delta f(x) = \\ \text{Diagram: Two quarks with arrows pointing right, one up-right, one down-right} \\ f^+(x) - f^-(x) \end{array} \right.$

- Probing quark / anti-quark (sea) flavor structure using W boson production at RHIC



At RHIC environment



- Reconstruct W decay lepton kinematics ($P_T \sim M_W/2, \eta_e$)

$$y_l = y_W + \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{1 + \cos \theta^*}{1 - \cos \theta^*}$$

$$p_T = p_T^* = \frac{M_W}{2} \sin \theta^*$$

$$x_{1,2} = \frac{M_W}{\sqrt{s}} e^{\pm y_w}$$

$$\frac{M_W}{\sqrt{s}} = 0.16$$

Theoretical Foundation $W A_L - \eta$ dependance

Rapidity dependance of $W A_L$ provides sensitivity to parroting kinematics.

$$A_L^{e^-} \approx \frac{\int_{\otimes(x_1, x_2)} [\Delta \bar{u}(x_1) d(x_2)(1 - \cos \theta)^2 - \Delta d(x_1) \bar{u}(x_2)(1 + \cos \theta)^2]}{\int_{\otimes(x_1, x_2)} [\bar{u}(x_1) d(x_2)(1 - \cos \theta)^2 + d(x_1) \bar{u}(x_2)(1 + \cos \theta)^2]}$$

$$\langle x_{1,2} \rangle \sim \frac{M_W}{\sqrt{s}} e^{\pm \eta_e / 2}$$

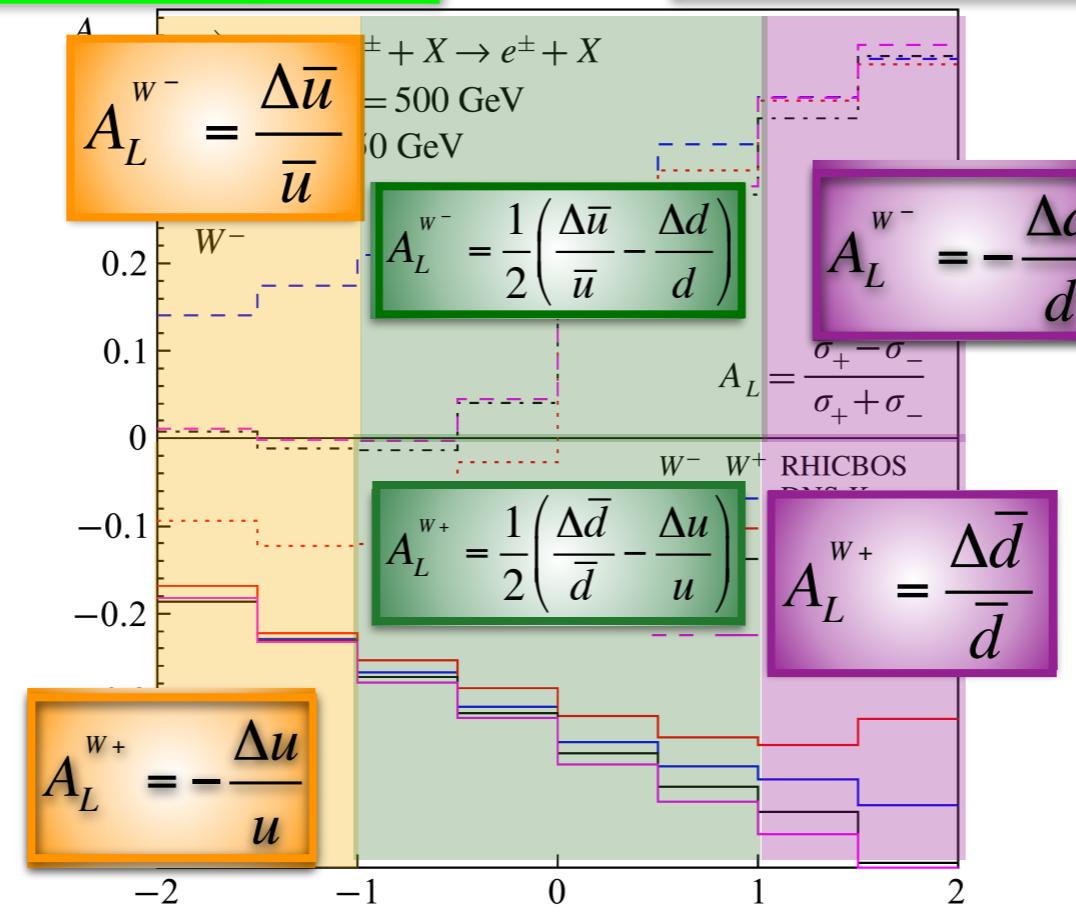
$$\eta = -\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$\eta \lll 0 \rightarrow x_1 \ll x_2, \theta \rightarrow \pi$$

$$\eta \ggg 0 \rightarrow x_1 \gg x_2, \theta \rightarrow 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \eta \lll 0 &\rightarrow x_1 \ll x_2 \\ \eta \ggg 0 &\rightarrow x_1 \gg x_2 \\ \eta = 0 &\rightarrow x_1 \sim x_2 \end{aligned}$$

$$A_L^{w^-} = \frac{\Delta \bar{u}}{\bar{u}}$$



$$A_L^{w+} = \frac{\Delta \bar{d}}{\bar{d}}$$

$$A_L^{e^+} \approx \frac{\int_{\otimes(x_1, x_2)} [\Delta \bar{d}(x_1) u(x_2)(1 + \cos \theta)^2 - \Delta u(x_1) \bar{d}(x_2)(1 - \cos \theta)^2]}{\int_{\otimes(x_1, x_2)} [\bar{d}(x_1) u(x_2)(1 + \cos \theta)^2 + u(x_1) \bar{d}(x_2)(1 - \cos \theta)^2]}$$

Theoretical Foundation: W unpolarized cross-section ratio

W unpolarized cross section ratio

$$R(x_F) \equiv \frac{\sigma_W^+}{\sigma_W^-} = \frac{u(x_1)\bar{d}(x_2) + \bar{d}(x_1)u(x_2)}{\bar{u}(x_1)d(x_2) + d(x_1)\bar{u}(x_2)} + NLO + NNLO + \dots$$



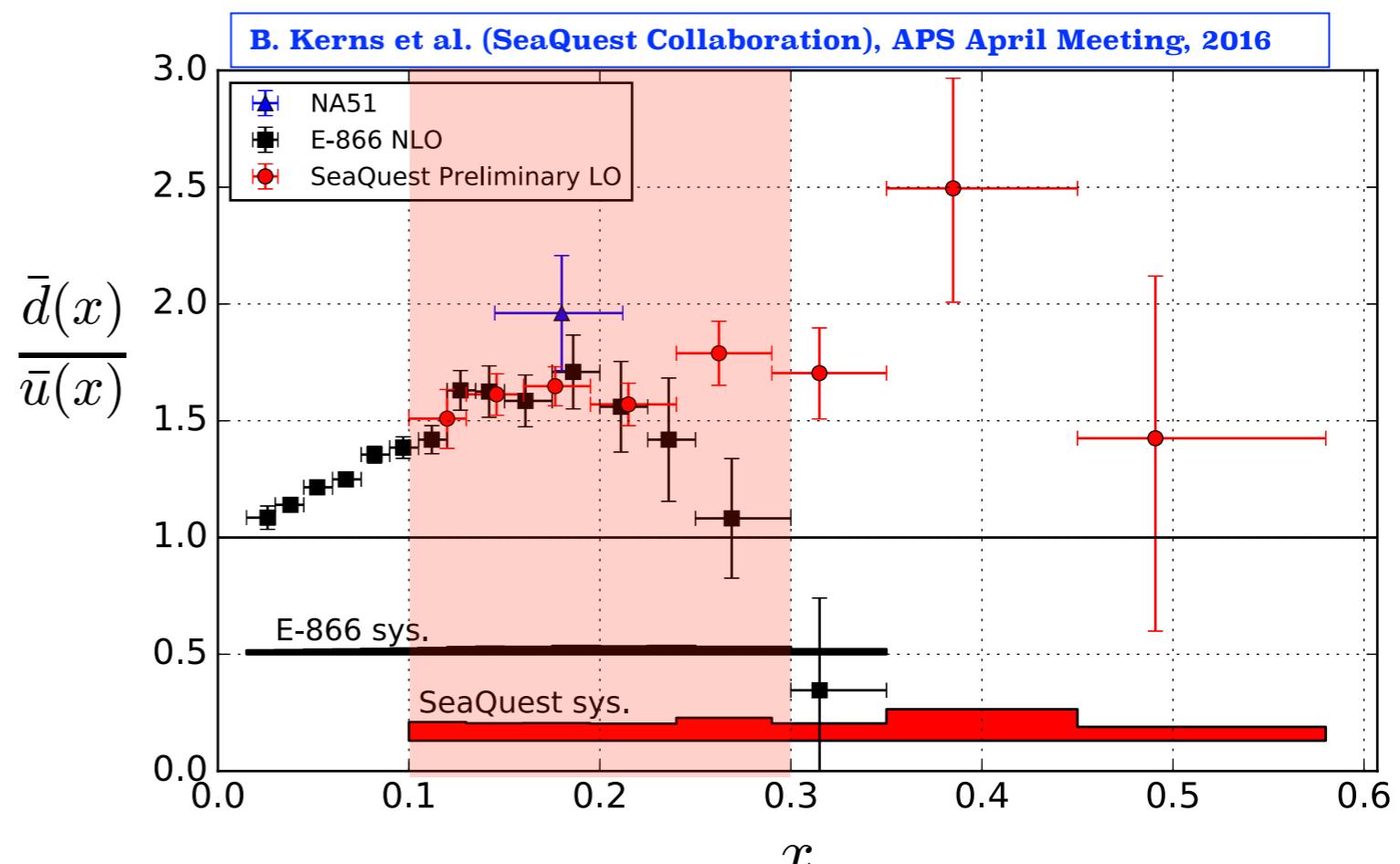
$$R = \frac{N_O^+ - N_B^+}{N_O^- - N_B^-} \cdot \frac{\epsilon^-}{\epsilon^+}$$

$N_O^{+(-)}$ = measured positron (electron) decay events
 $N_B^{+(-)}$ = Positive (negative) background events
 ϵ = lepton detection efficiency

RHIC kinematic coverage (mid-rapidity) is sensitive in particular to “turn over” region of x in \bar{d}/\bar{u} .

- Approximate kinematic range at RHIC:
 $0.06 < x < 0.4$ for $-2 < \eta < 2$

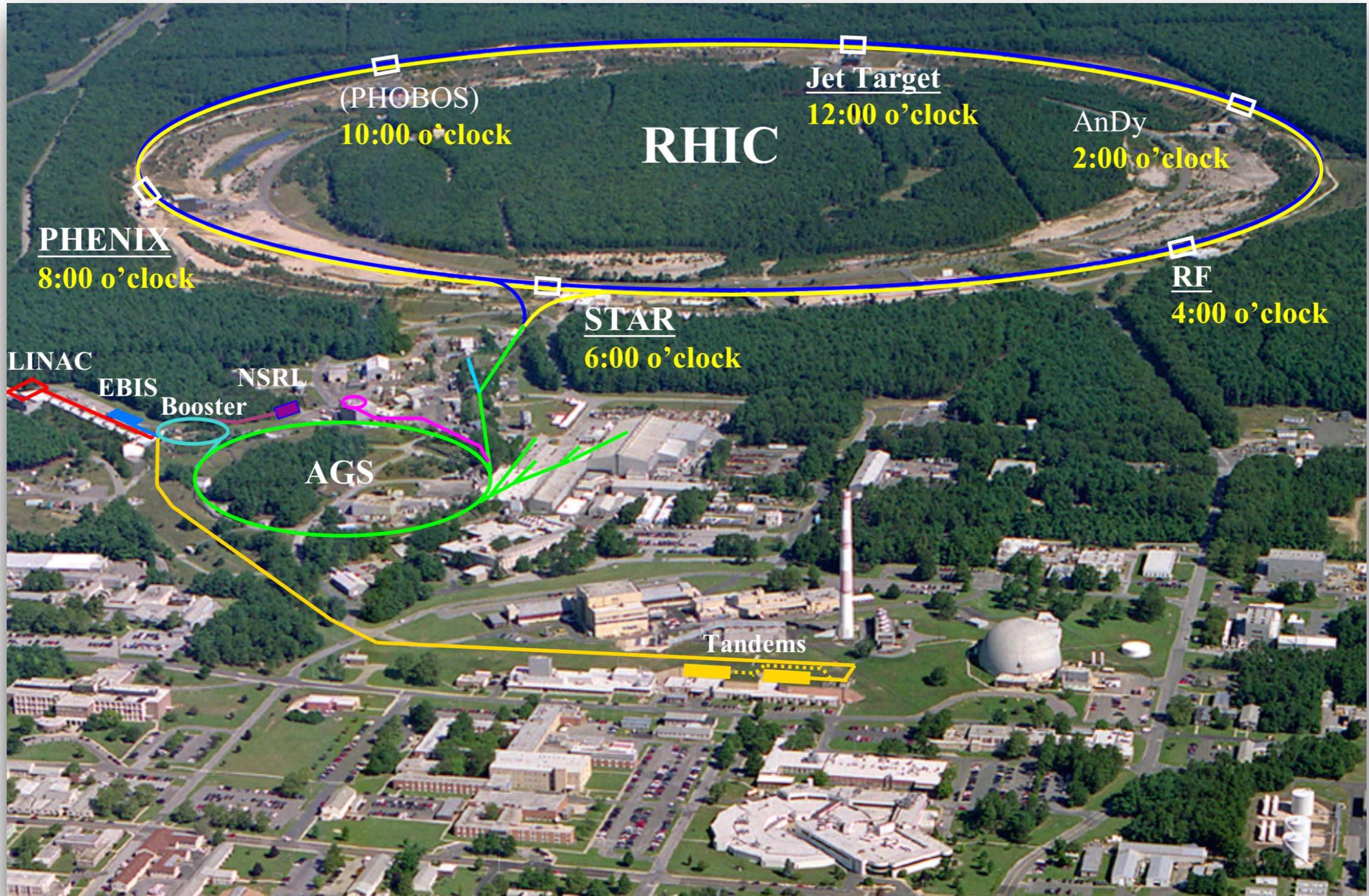
mid-rapidity $\Rightarrow |\eta| < 1, 0.1 < x < 0.3$



EXPERIMENTAL ASPECT - RHIC-I

- **RHIC : Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider**

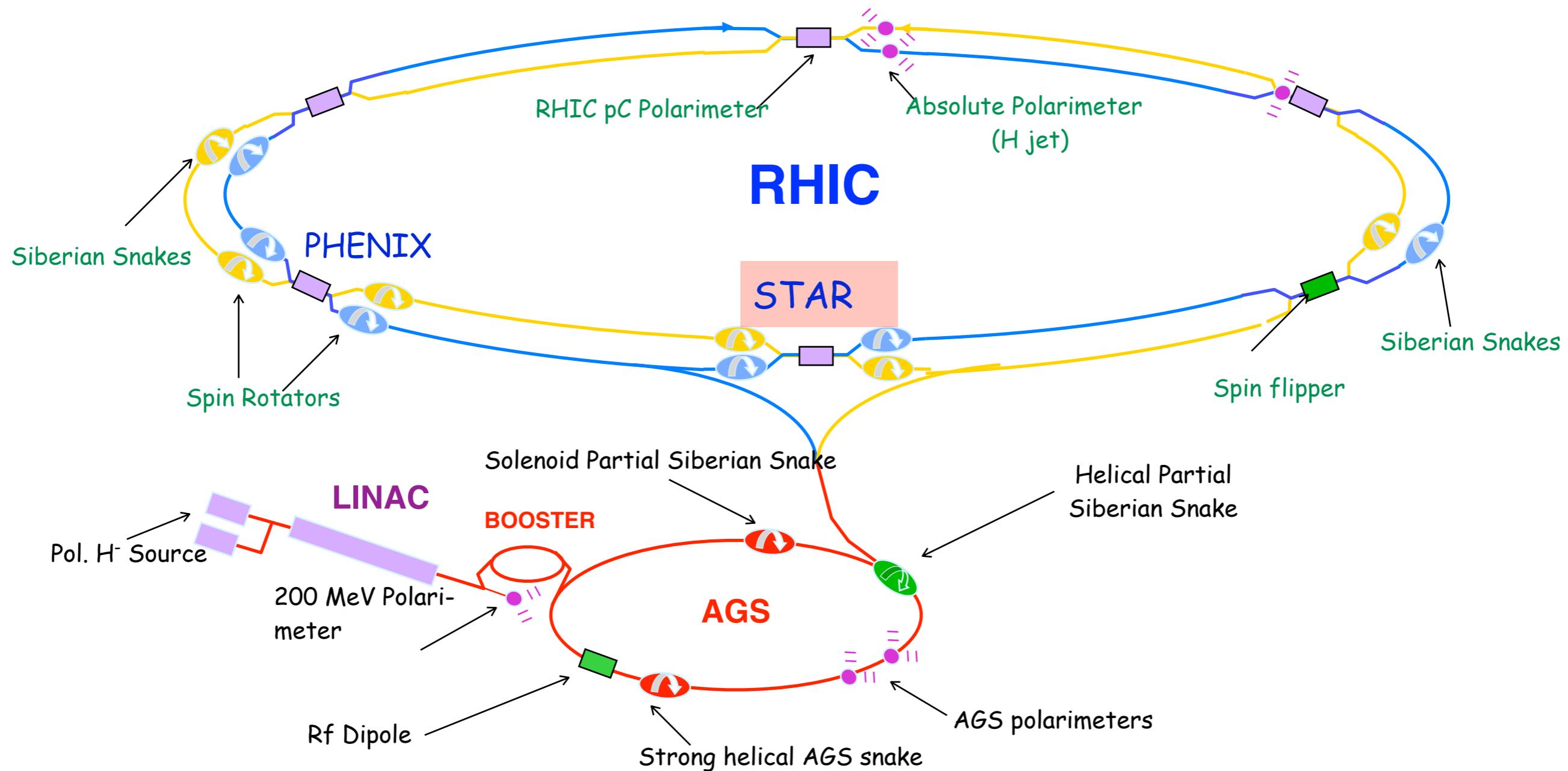
The World's first polarized hadron collider!



EXPERIMENTAL ASPECT -RHIC-II

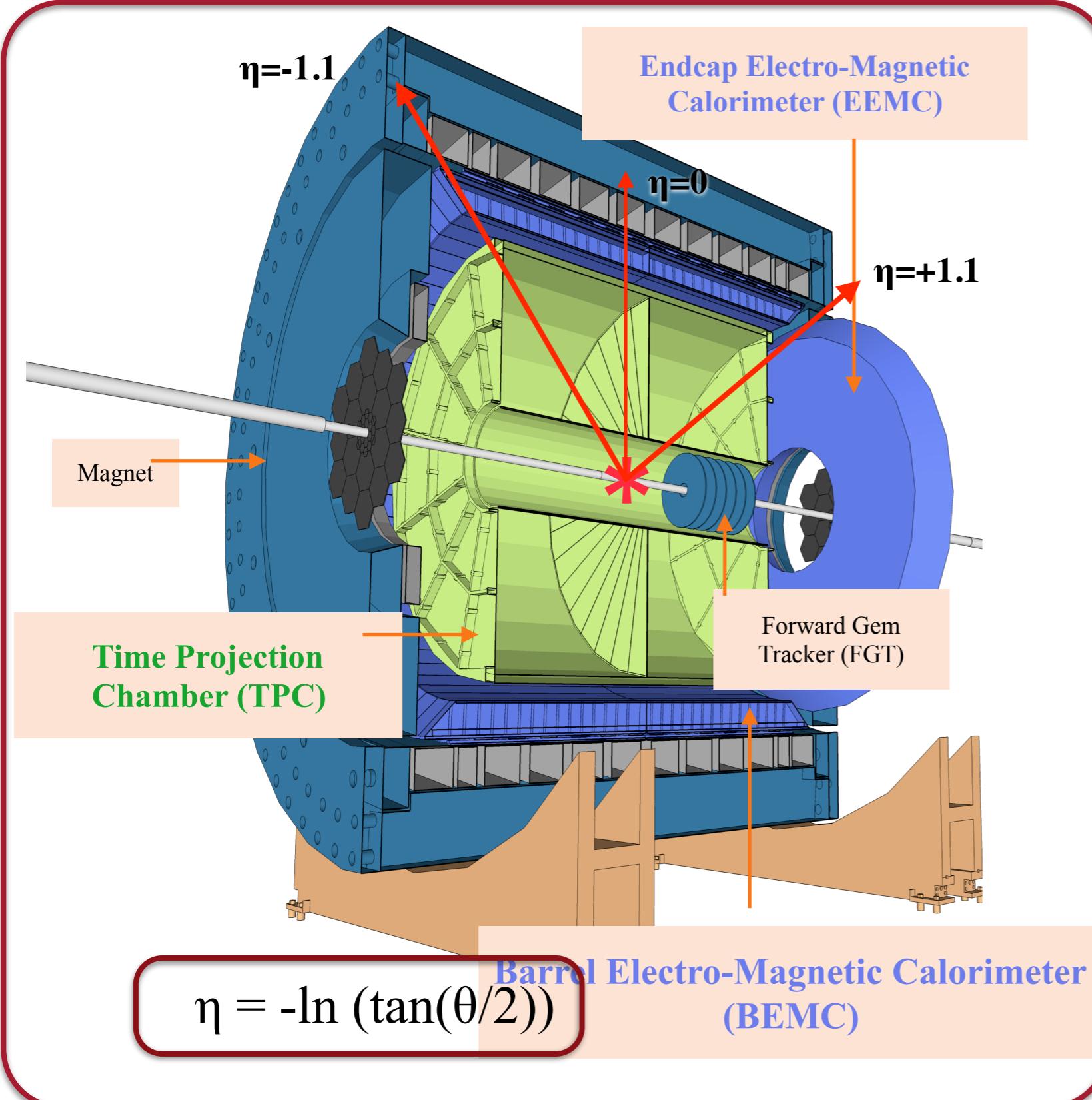
- **RHIC : Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider**

Spin varies from bunch to bunch. Spin pattern changes from fill to fill.
Spin rotators provide choice of spin orientation.



EXPERIMENTAL ASPECT - STAR

- **STAR : Solenoidal Tracker At RHIC**

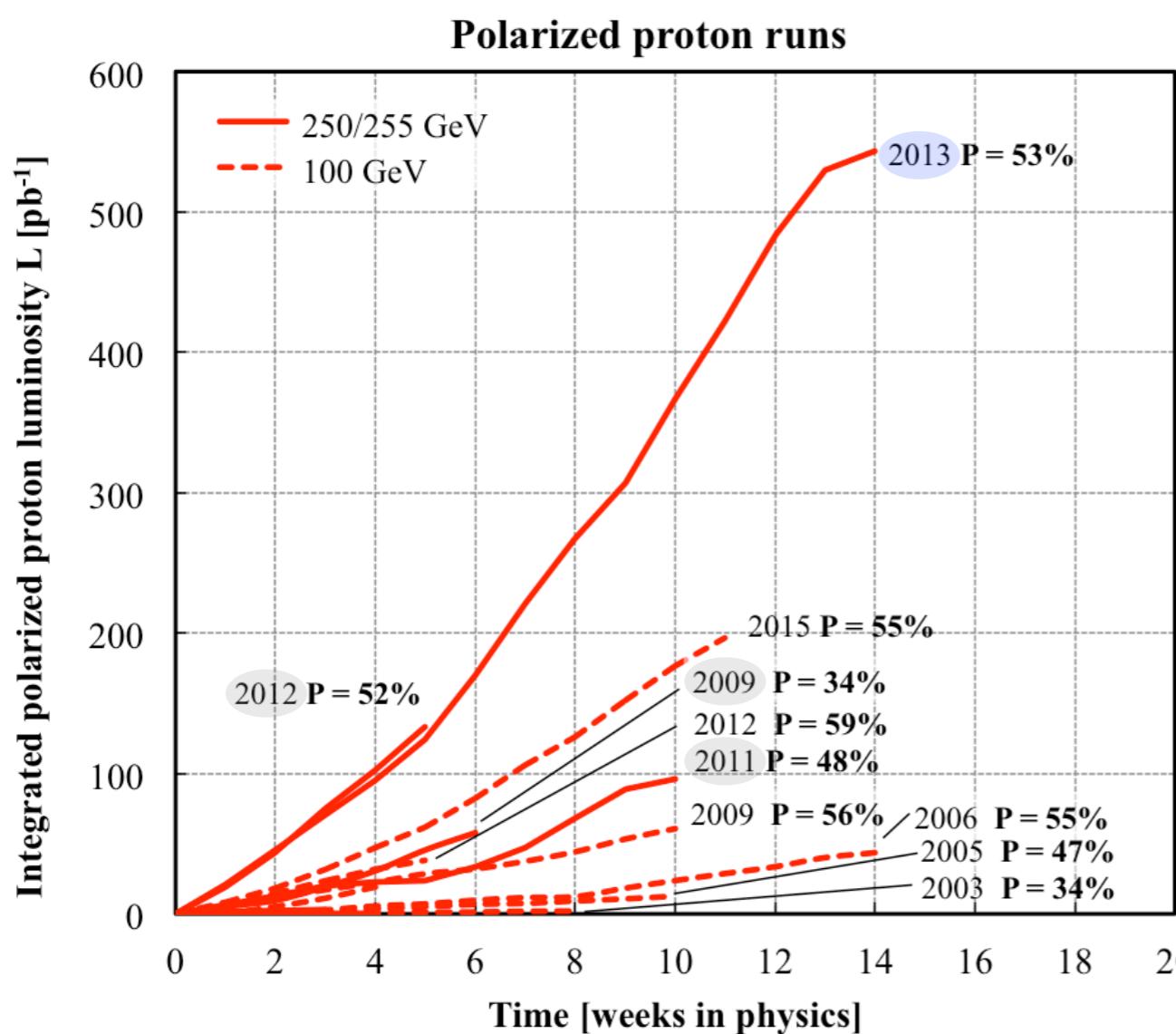


TPC: Charged particle tracking
BEMC, EEMC: EM Calorimetry

TPC : $-1.3 < \eta < +1.3$
BEMC : $-1.0 < \eta < +1.0$
EEMC : $+1.1 < \eta < +2.0$
FGT : $+1.0 < \eta < +2.0$

ANALYSIS - RHIC PP running STAR W data collection

- Production runs at $\sqrt{s}=500/510\text{GeV}$ (long. polarization) in 2009, 2011, 2012 and 2013:
W production (Quark polarization) / Jet and Hadron production (Gluon polarization)



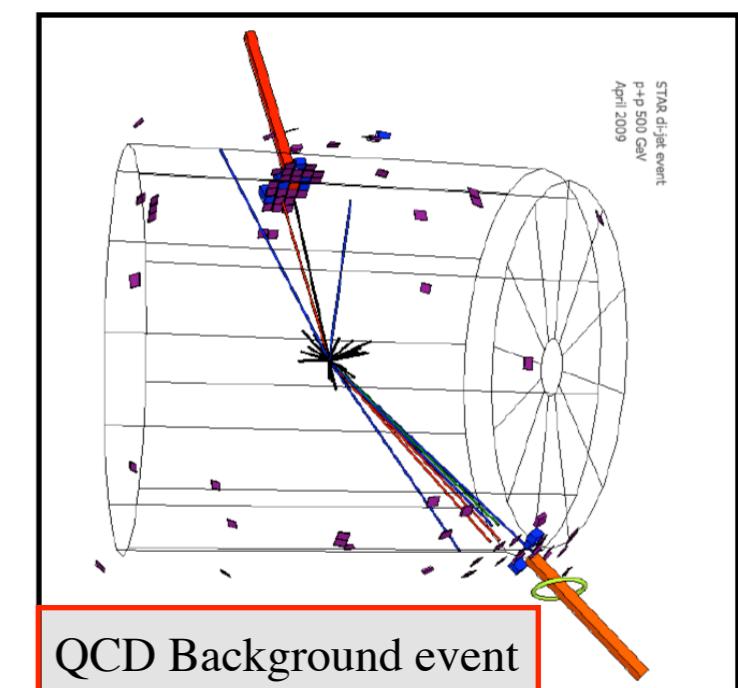
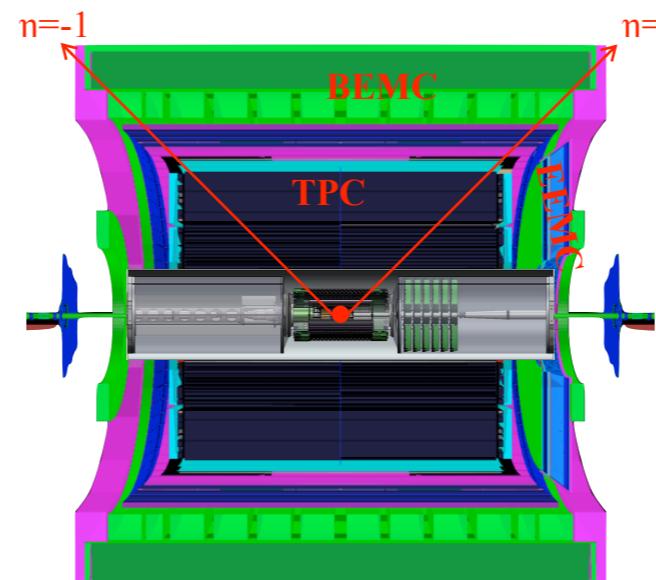
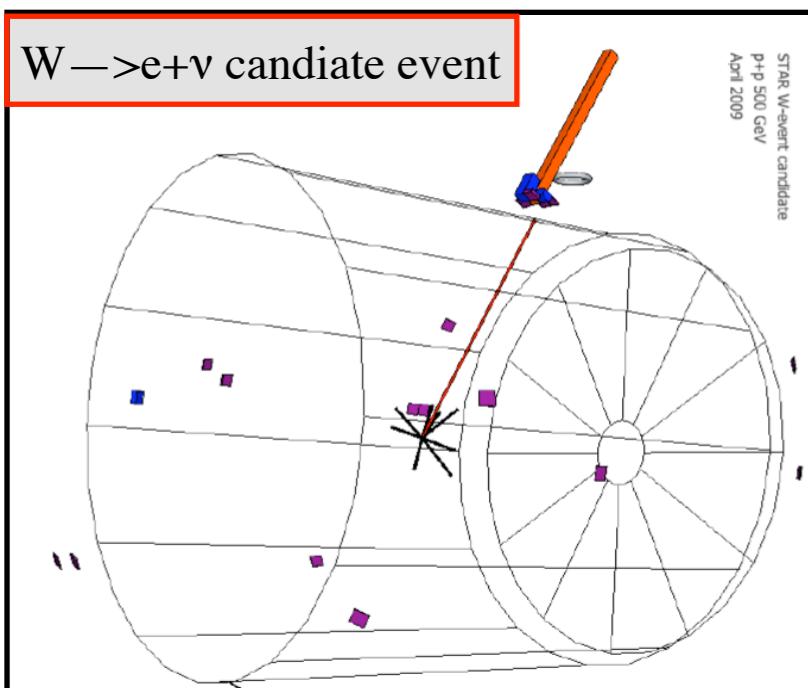
Run	$L (\text{pb}^{-1})$	P (%)	FOM ($P^2 L$) (pb^{-1})
2009	12	0.38	1.7
2011	9.4	0.49	2.3
2012	77	0.56	24
2013	246.2	0.56	77.2

- W AL recent result present today is from data collected during year 2013, the largest data set STAR ever collected!
- Prior W AL analysis from data collected during 2009 and 2011+2012 are published!

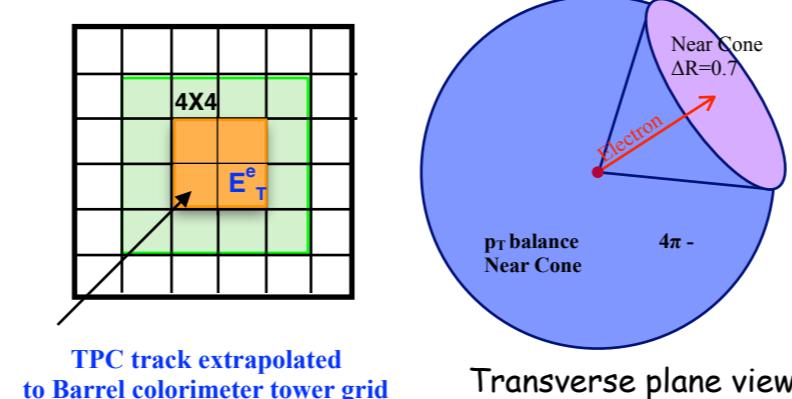
STAR: PRL 106, 062002(2011)

STAR: PRL 113, 072301(2014)

ANALYSIS -Mid rapidity STAR W selection criteria



- Isolated high PT track pointing to isolated EMC cluster
- Large Imbalance in the reconstruct vector PT sum in 4π due to undetected neutron



- Several tracks pointing to several EMC clusters.
- PT sum is balanced by the Jet opposite in π .

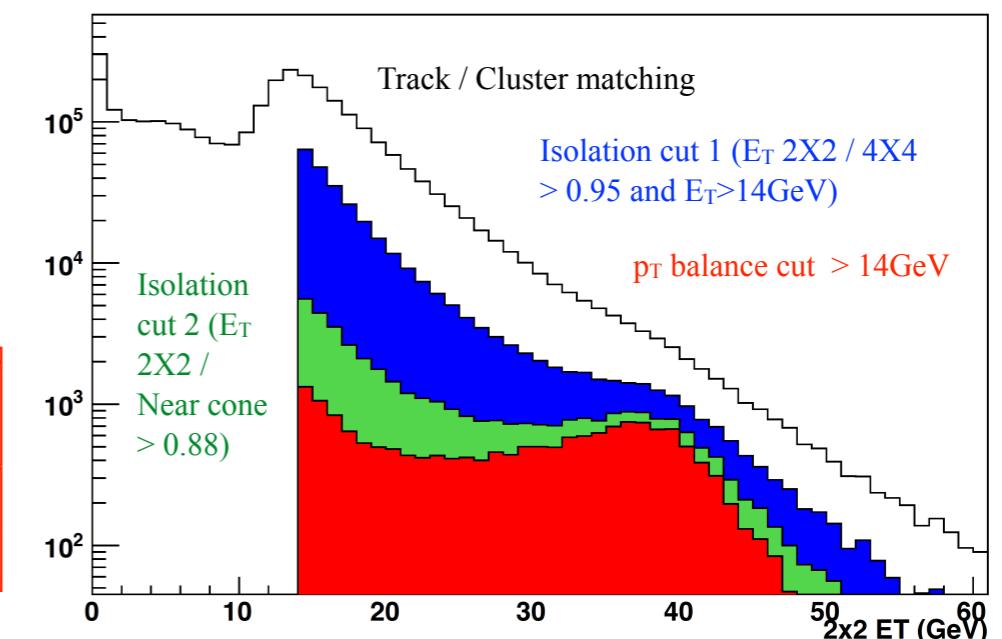
- Mid-rapidity STAR W selection criteria
 - Match $p_T > 10$ GeV track to BEMC cluster
 - **Isolation ratio 1 / Isolation ratio 2**
 - **pT-balance cut**

$$E_T^e / E_T^{4\times 4} > 95\%$$

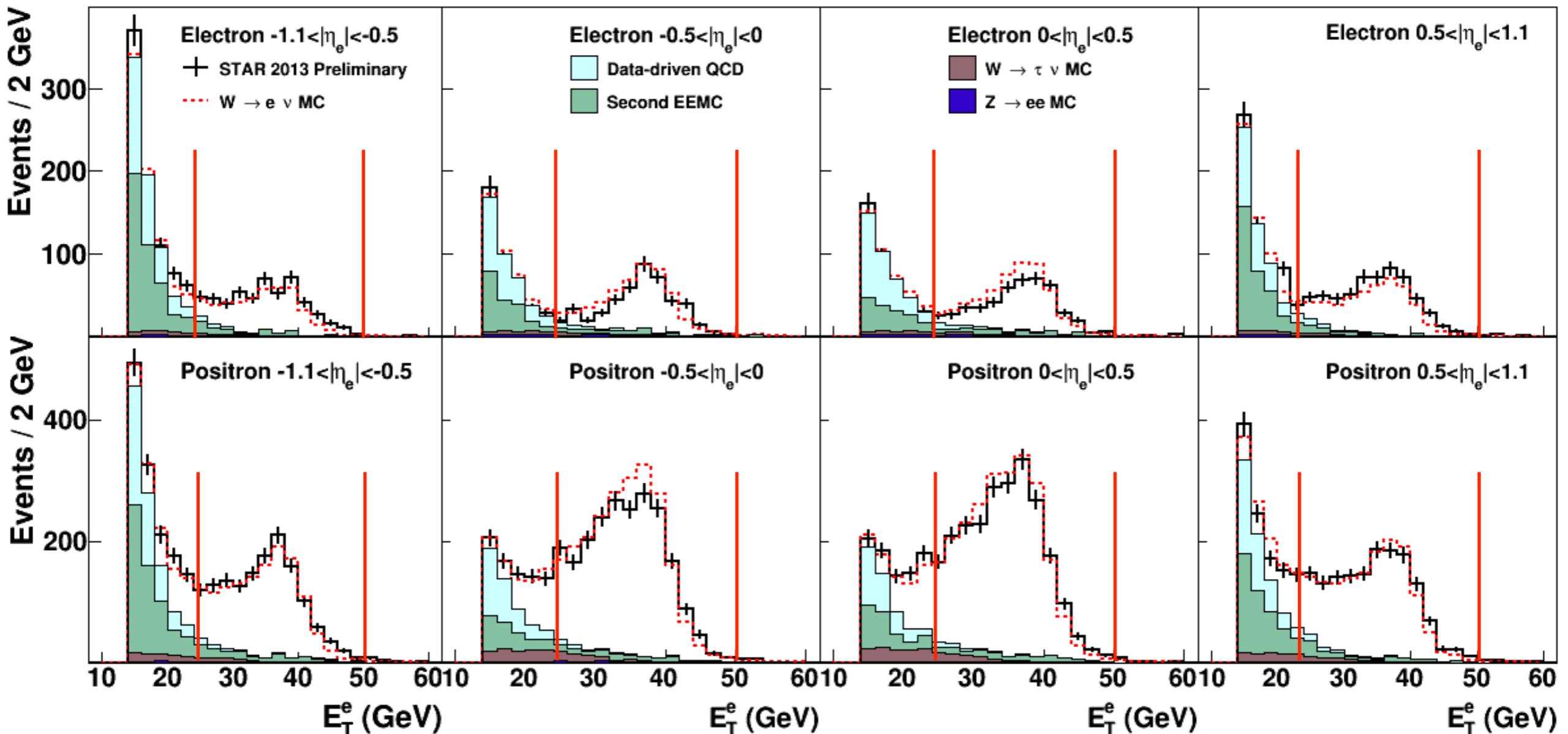
$$E_T^e / E_T^{\Delta R < 0.7} > 88\%$$

$$\vec{p_T}^{bal} = \vec{p_T}^e + \sum_{\Delta R > 0.7} \vec{p_T}^{jets}$$

$$P_T\text{-balance } \cos(\phi) = \frac{\vec{p_T}^e \cdot \vec{p_T}^{bal}}{|\vec{p_T}^e|}$$



ANALYSIS -Mid rapidity STAR W BG Estimation



Primary Background

- Data-driven QCD : BG Events which satisfy $e^{+/-}$ candidate isolation cuts due to “jet” escape detection outside STAR acceptance , $|\eta|>2$.
- Second EEMC : due to “jet” escape detection at “non-existent” East EEMC, estimate based on “real” West EEMC

ElectroWeak Background

- Determine from MC simulation

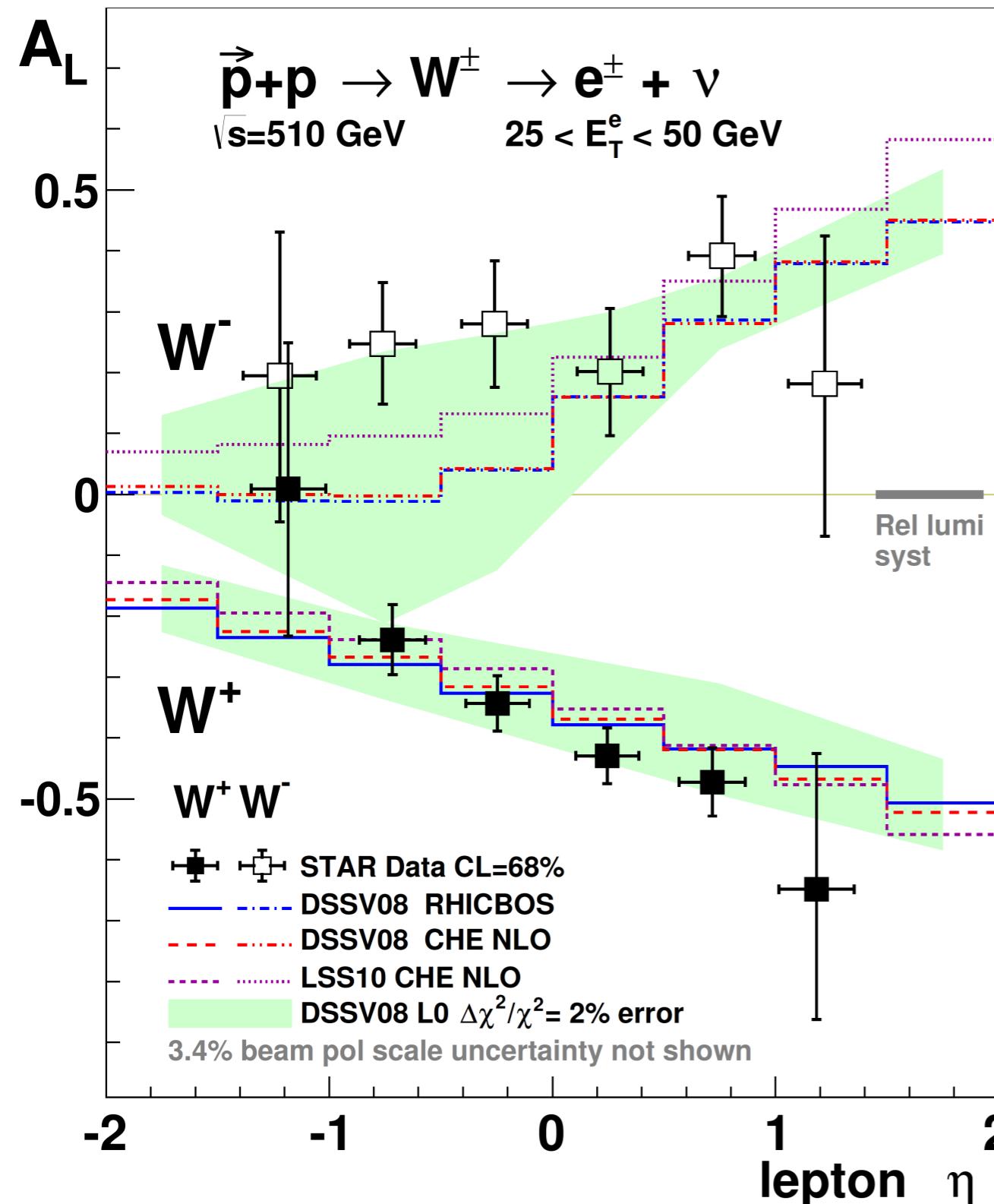
$$Z \longrightarrow e^+ + e^-$$

$$W \longrightarrow \tau + \nu$$

RESULTS - W AL - STAR 2012 -

- STAR 2011 + 2012 W AL Published Results

[STAR, PRL113,072301\(2014\)](#)

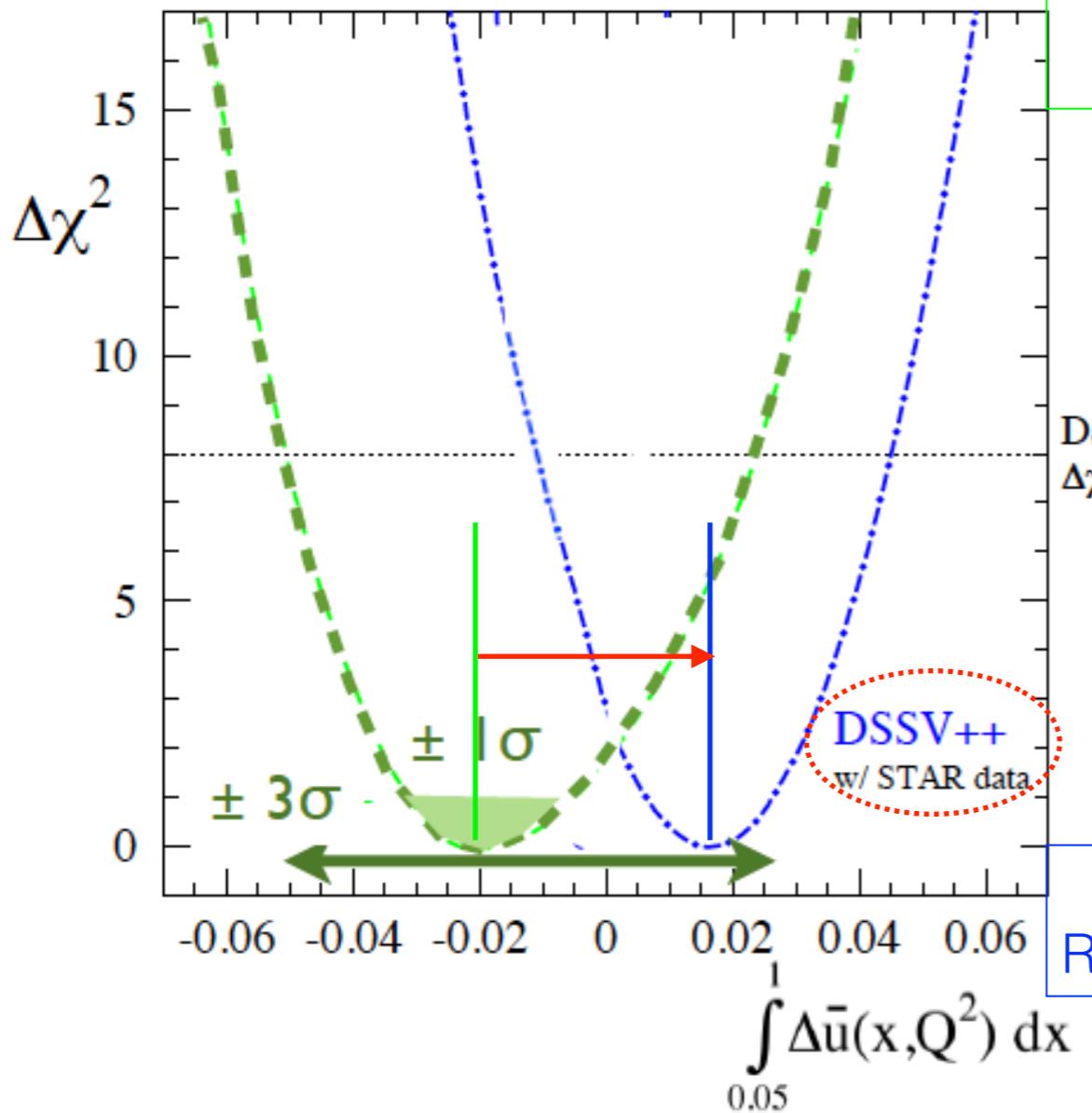


- A_L for W^+ is consistent with theoretical predictions constrained by polarized SIDIS data
- A_L for W^- is larger than the prediction for $\eta_e < 0$, which suggest large $\Delta\bar{u}$.
- Indication of positive $\Delta\bar{u}$ at $0.05 < \eta < 0.2$.

RESULTS - W A_L - STAR 2012 Impact - I

- Impact on helicity PDF from DSSV [STAR 2012 W AL Preliminary]

- Anti u quark polarization



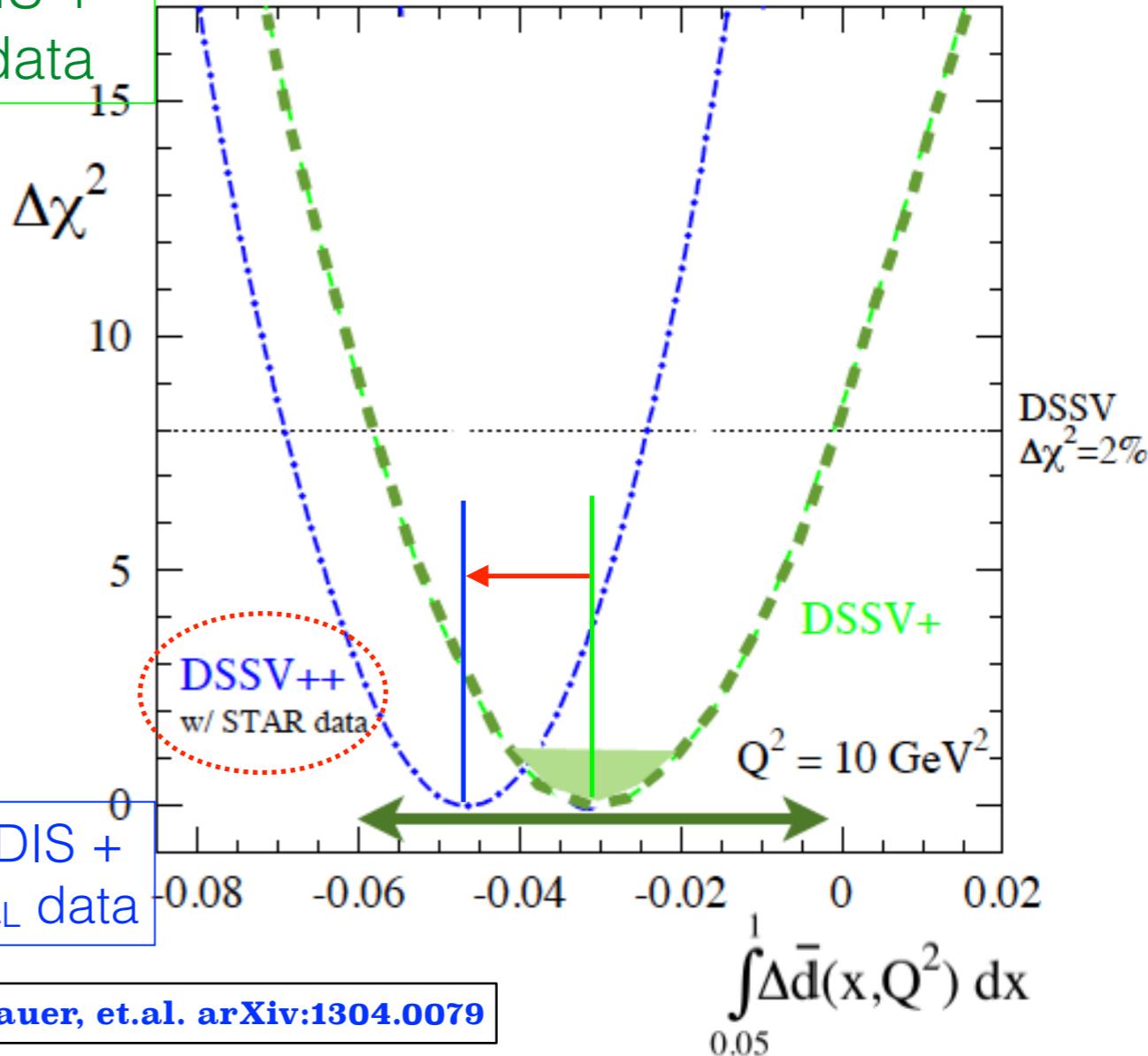
Only DIS +
SIDIS data

DSSV
 $\Delta\chi^2=2\%$

DIS + SIDIS +
RHIC W A_L data

E. Aschenauer, et.al. arXiv:1304.0079

- Anti d quark polarization



DSSV
 $\Delta\chi^2=2\%$

DSSV+

$Q^2 = 10 \text{ GeV}^2$

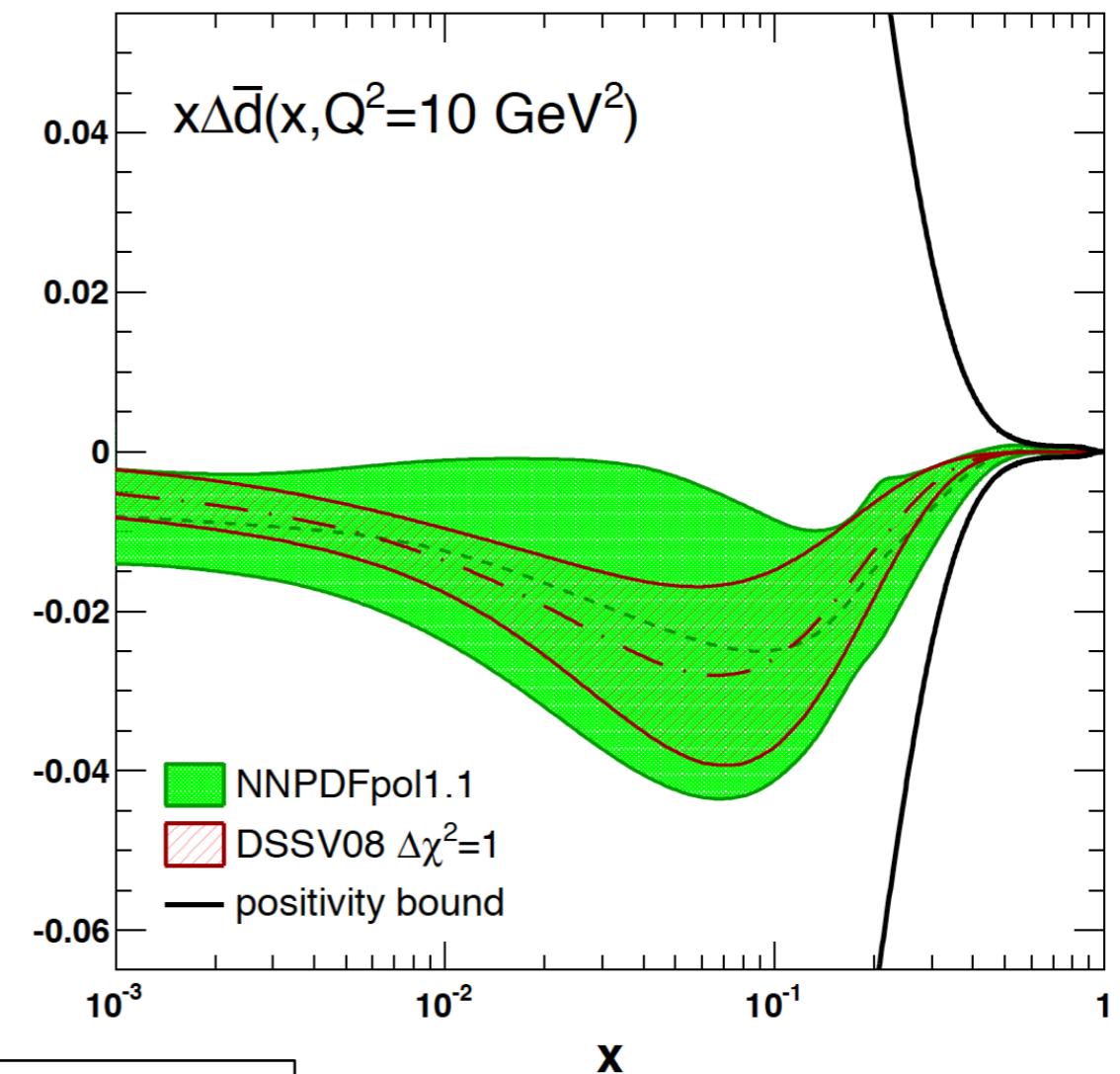
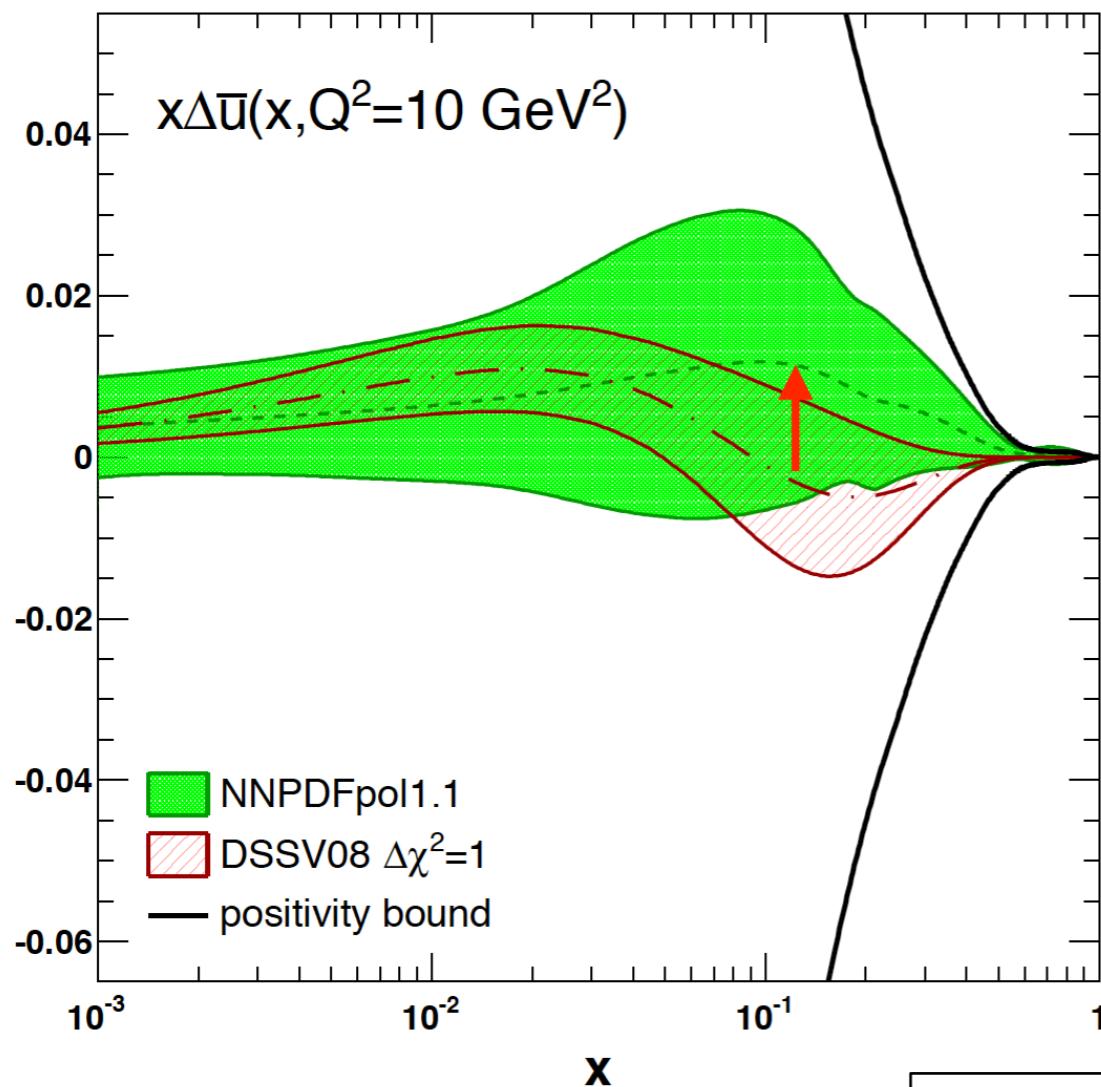
- Significant constraints on both $\Delta\bar{u}$ and $\Delta\bar{d}$.
- Significant shift of $\Delta\bar{u}$ central value from STAR 2012 W A_L data.

RESULTS - W A_L - STAR 2012 Impact - II

-

Impact on helicity PDF from NNPDF [RHIC W A_L]

- Anti u quark polarization



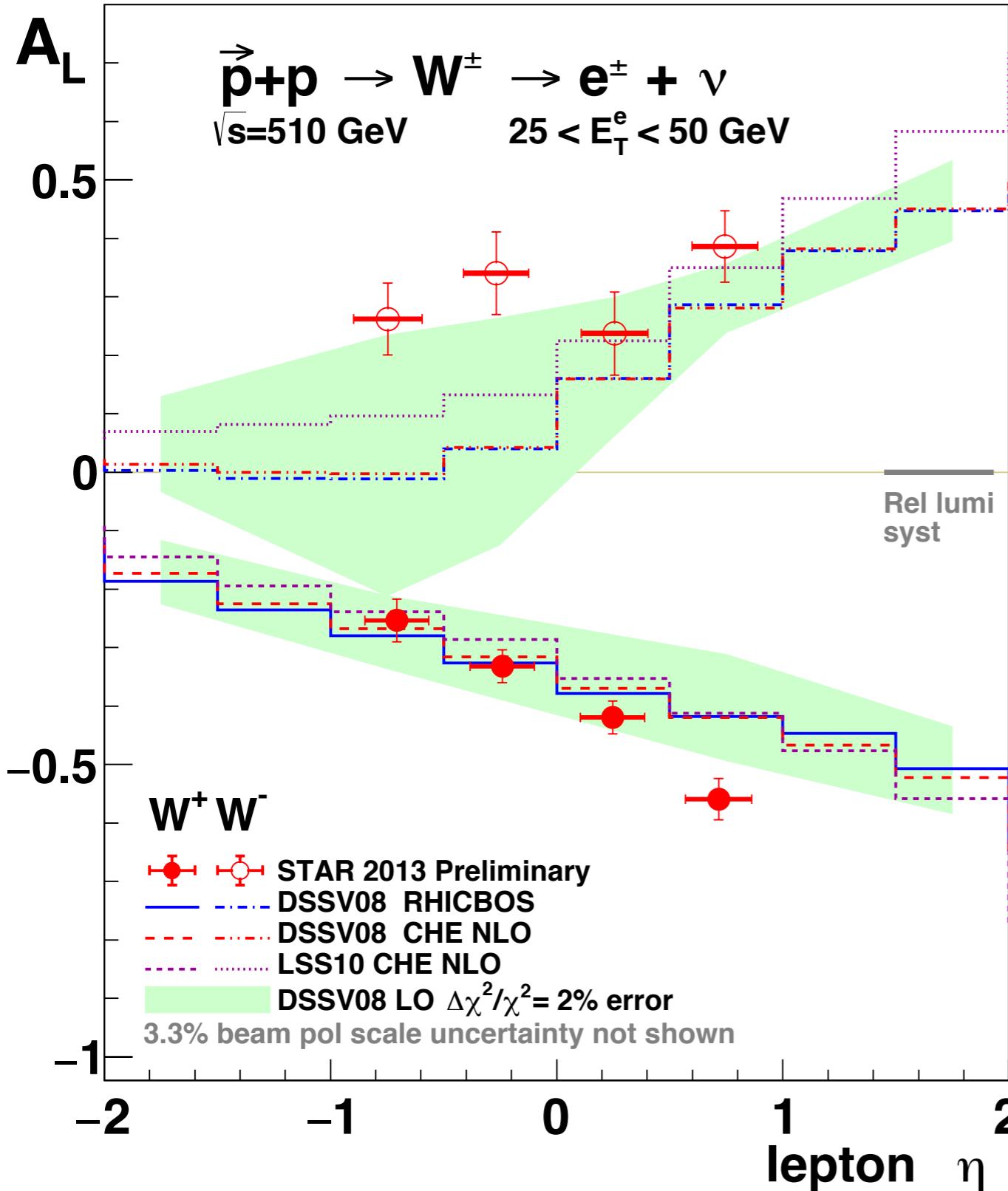
Nucl.Phys. B887 (2014) 276-308

- Significant shift of $\Delta\bar{u}$ central value from RHIC W A_L data

RESULTS - W A_L - STAR 2013

- STAR 2013 W A_L Preliminary Results =>

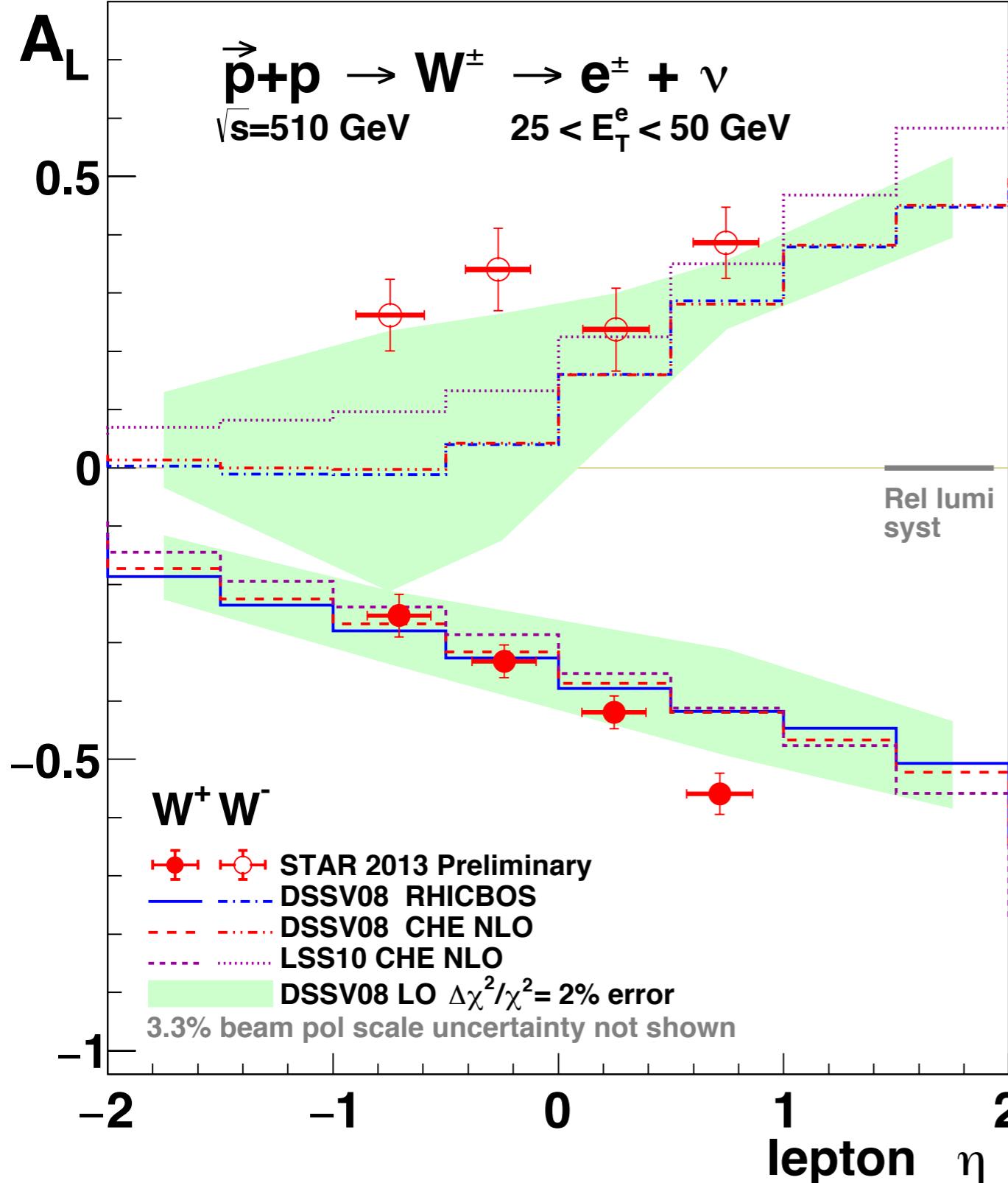
Just Released @ INPC 2016!!!



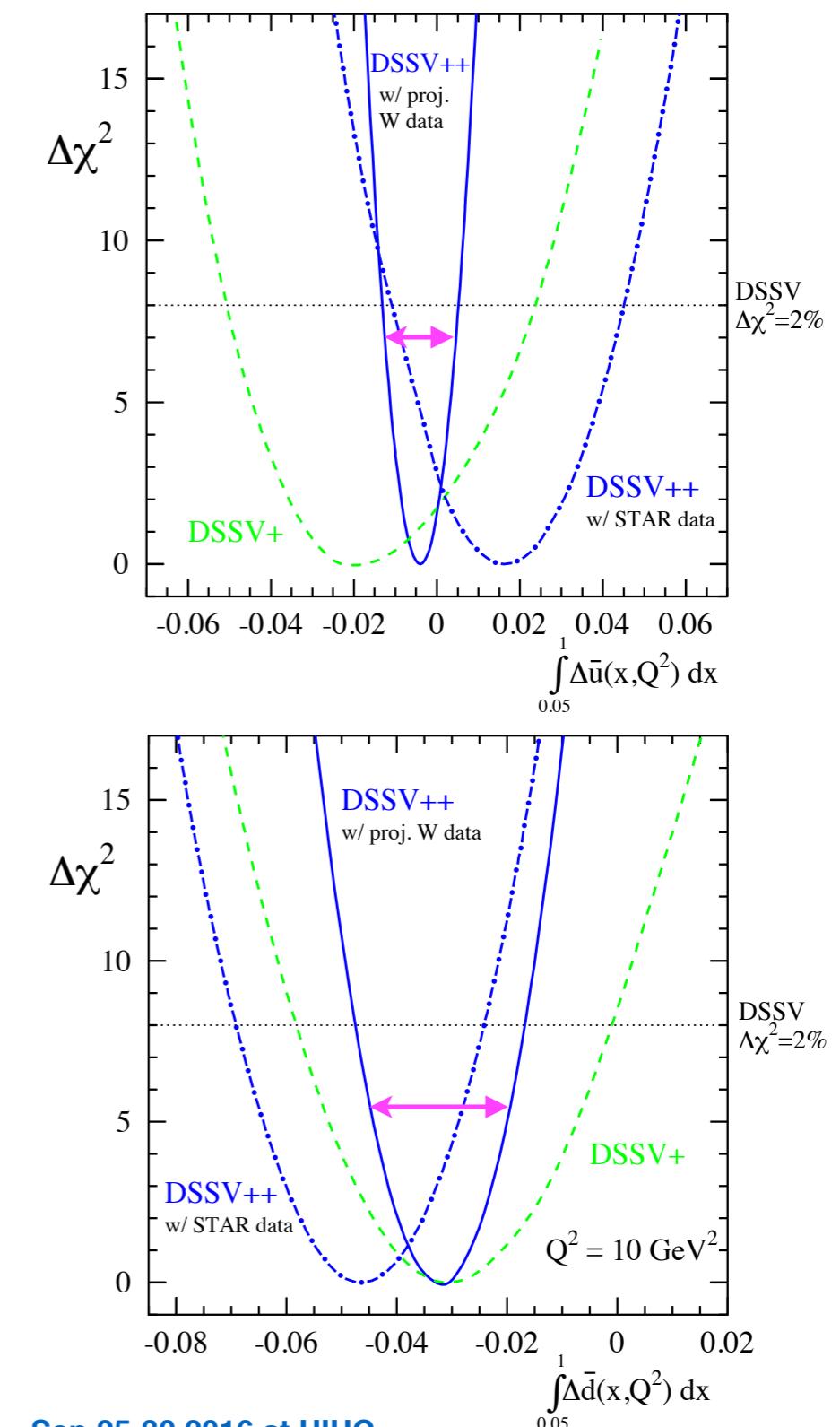
- The Most Precise measurements of W A_L up to date!
- Expect to further constrain $\Delta\bar{u}$ and $\Delta\bar{d}$.

RESULTS - W A_L - STAR 2013 - Projected Impact

- STAR 2013 Preliminary Results => Just Released !!!!

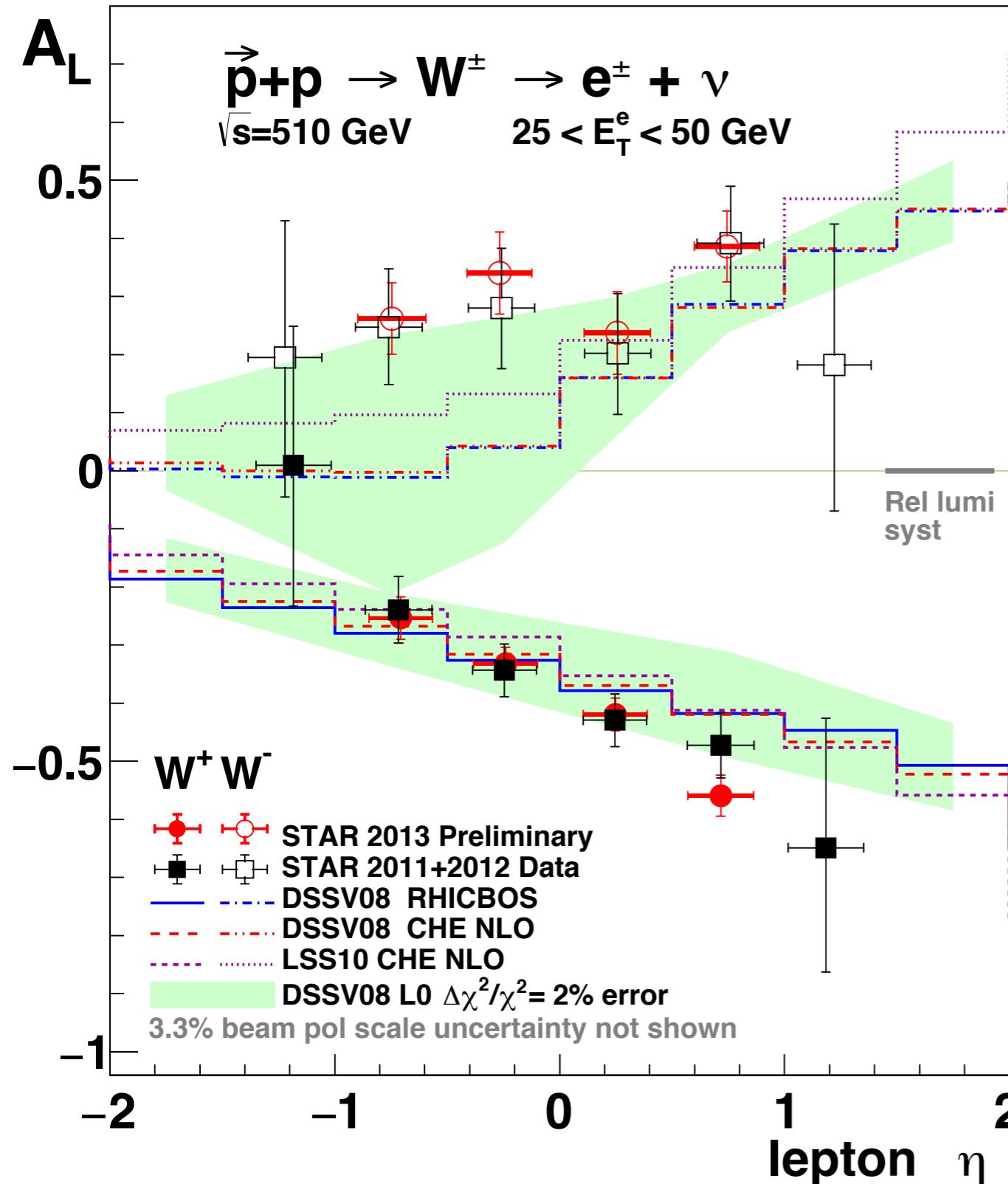


- Uncertainties projection from STAR 2013 W AL data !!!!



RESULTS - W AL - STAR 2012 vs 2013

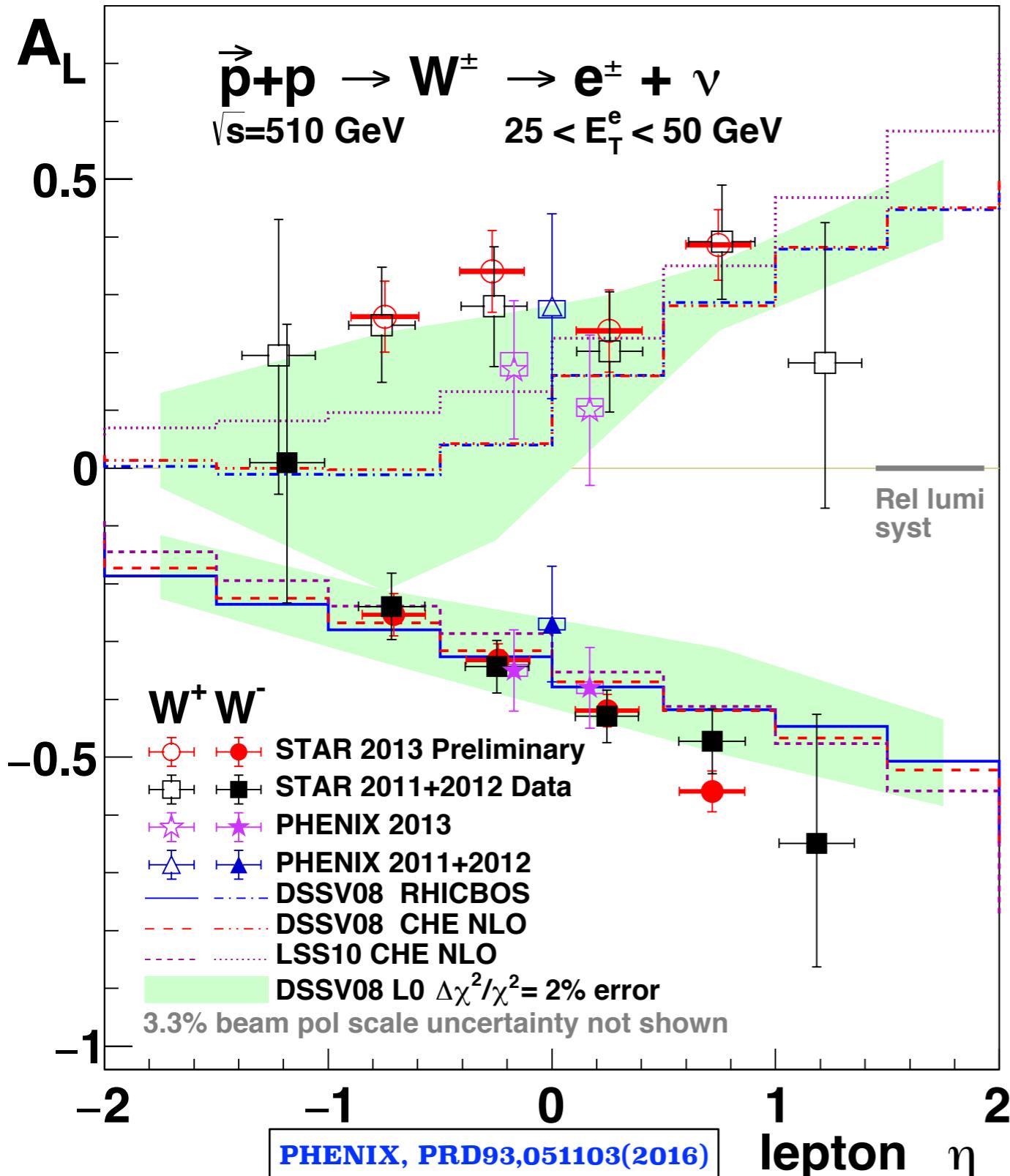
- STAR 2013 W AL Preliminary Results in comparison to STAR 2011+2012 published results



- STAR 2013 W AL Preliminary results is the **Most Precise** measurements of W AL up to date!
- STAR 2013 preliminary W AL results **consist** with published 2011 + 2012 results.
- Uncertainties were **reduced by** 40 %

RESULTS - W A_L - RHIC

- STAR 2013 Preliminary Results in comparison to STAR 2011+2012 published results , PHENIX 2011+2012, PHENIX 2013 W AL results

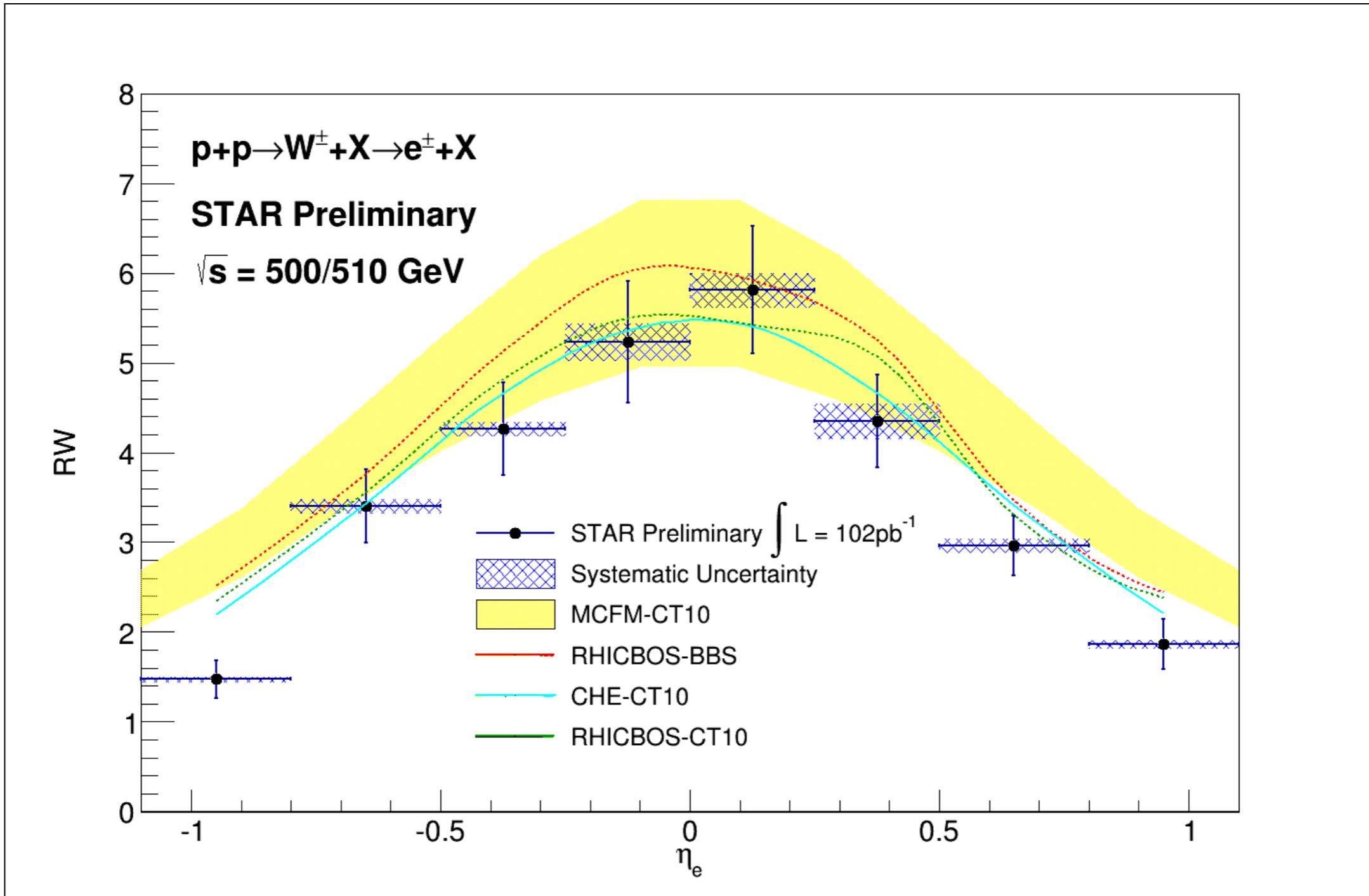


World data of W A_L

- STAR 2013 W AL Preliminary results is the **Most Precise** measurements of W A_L up to date!
- STAR 2013 preliminary W AL results **consist** with published 2011 + 2012 results.
- Uncertainties were **reduced by** 40 %
- Also consist with PHENIX results

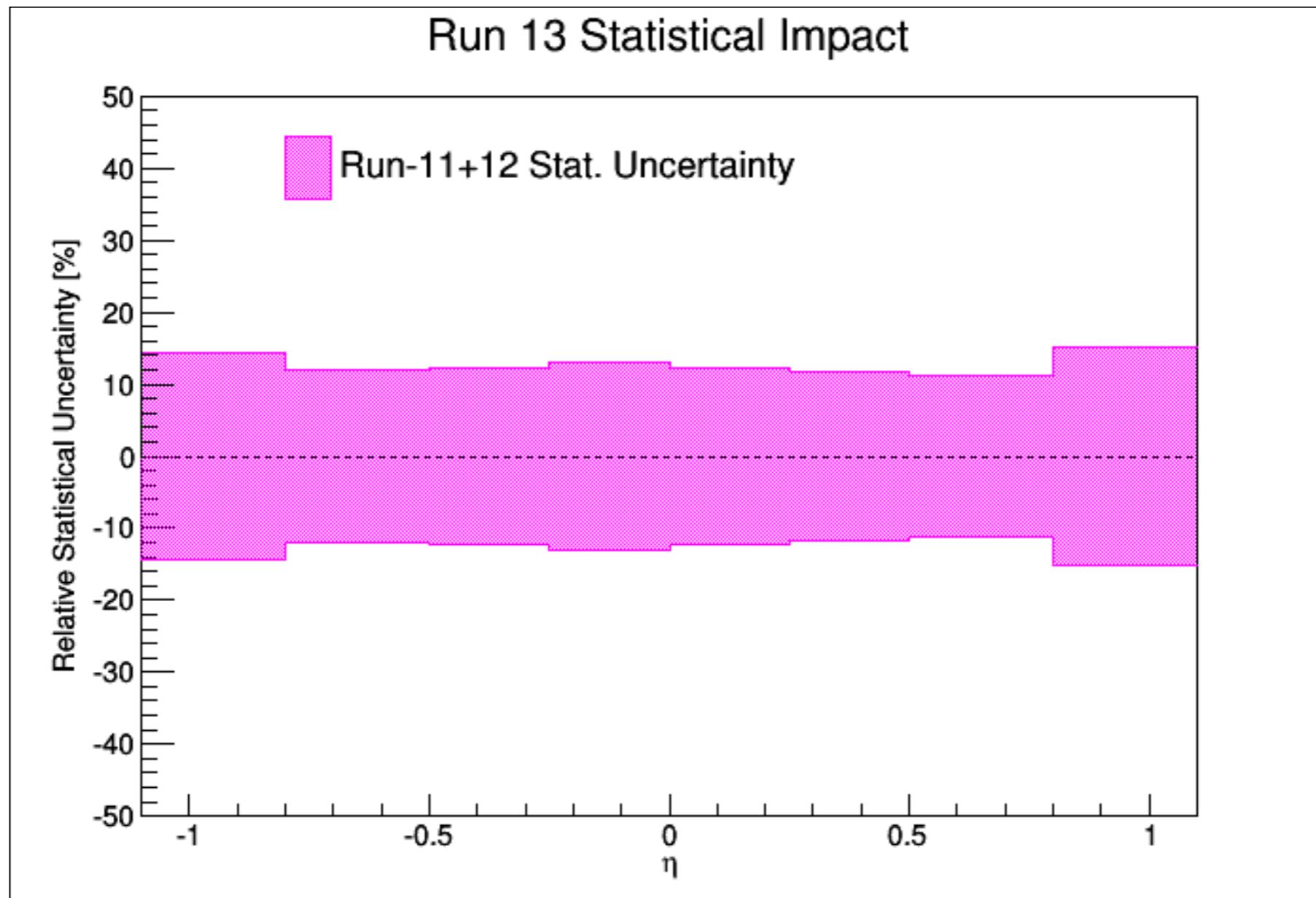
RESULTS - R_W - I

- STAR 2011+2012 Preliminary Results



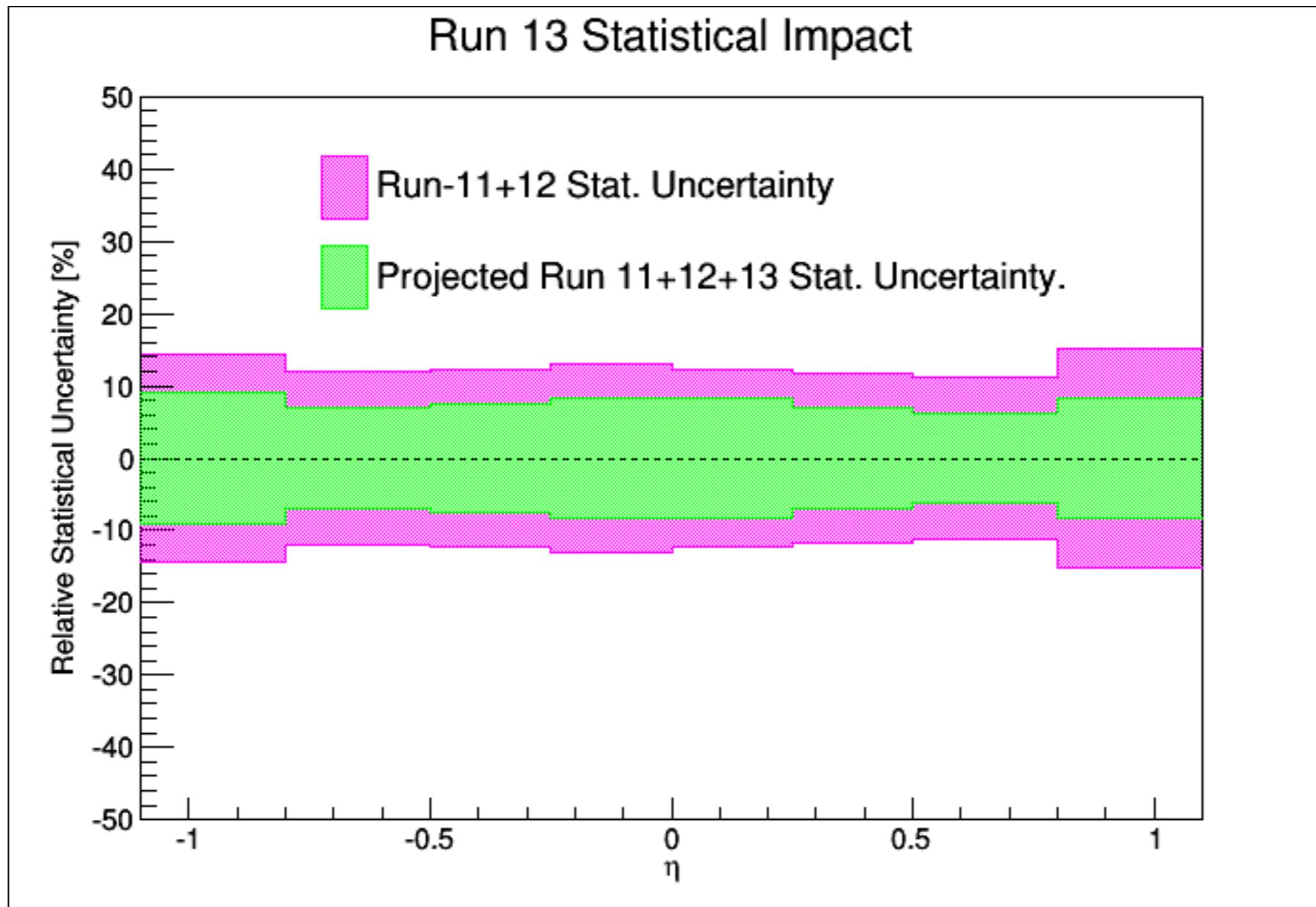
RESULTS - R_W - II

- Projected STAR Run 13 Statistical Impact



RESULTS - R_W - III

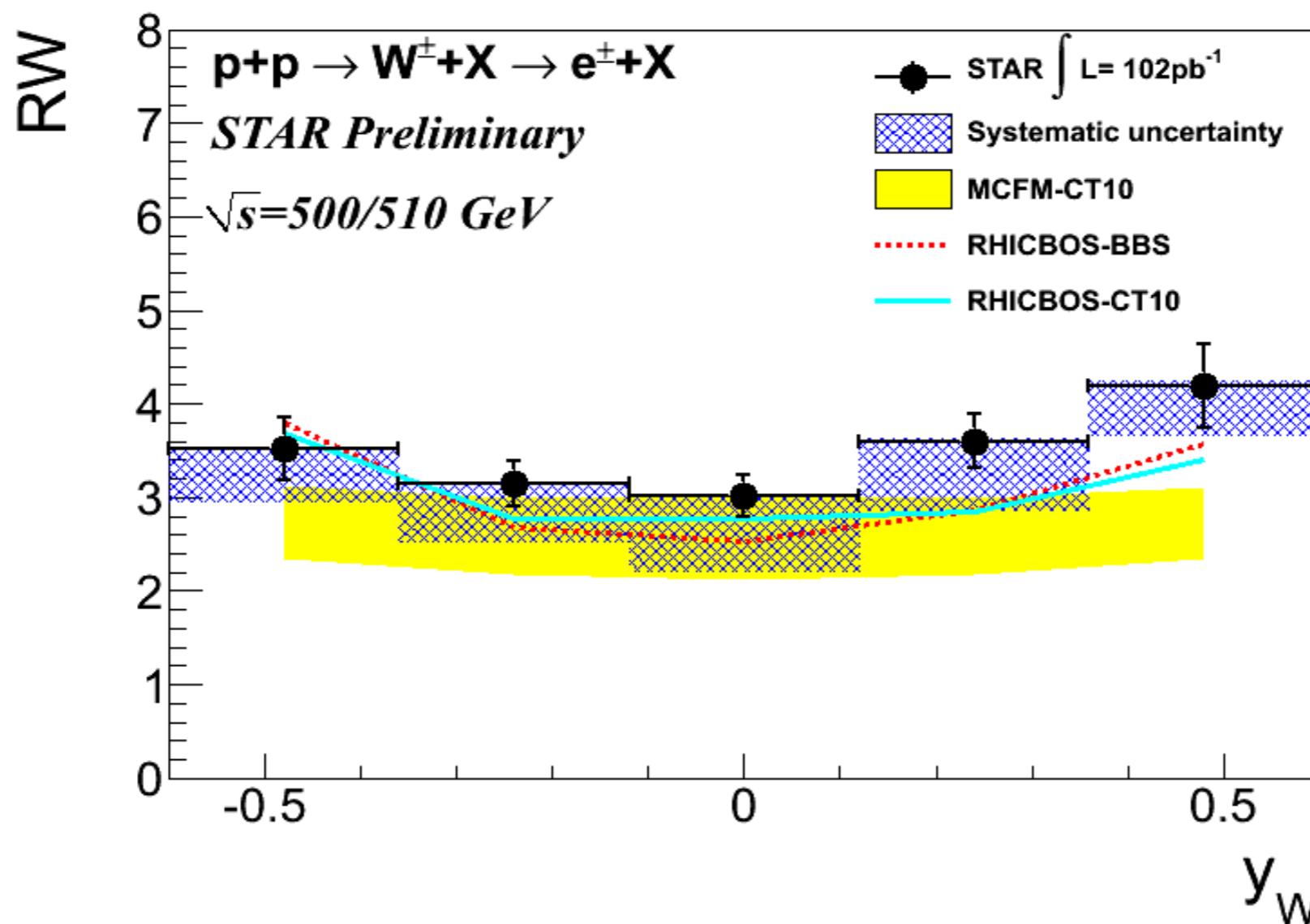
- Projected STAR Run 13 Statistical Impact



Inclusion of **Run-13** data will **improve** precision of the cross section ratios. **Run-17** will add additional data of $\sim 400 \text{ Pb}^{-1}$ to improve further.

RESULTS - R_W - IV

- R_W vs W Rapidity
- W boson rapidity can be determined by reconstructing the W kinematics via its recoil
- Recently through the combination of data and MC simulations, a procedure for reconstructing the W boson rapidity has been established at STAR.
- This procedure has been applied to the 2011 + 2012 combined data set.



SUMMARY

- Mid-rapidity (Run 11/12): Published W asymmetry results suggest large anti-u quark polarization along with broken QCD sea
- New prelim. result of STAR 2013 W AL is the most precious measurement up to date. These results will help to further constraint antiquark helicity distributions.
- New STAR 2013 W AL prelim. results consistent with published STAR 2011+2012 results.
- Prelim. cross-section ratio measurement (Run 11/12): Strong physics case of unpolarized dbar/ubar probe using W production complementary to SeaQuest.
- Run 13 data (~300 pb , analyzing) and Run 17 data (~400 pb , next year) will further improve precision of W cross section ratio measurements at STAR.

BACK UP

STAR W AL 2011+2012, 2013 - Consistency checking

STAR 2013 $W A_L$ Preliminary		
Lepton η Range	$W^+ A_L$	$W^- A_L$
$-1.1 < \eta < -0.5$	-0.254 ± 0.037	0.262 ± 0.062
$-0.5 < \eta < 0$	-0.332 ± 0.028	0.340 ± 0.071
$0 < \eta < 0.5$	-0.420 ± 0.028	0.237 ± 0.071
$0.5 < \eta < 1.1$	-0.559 ± 0.036	0.386 ± 0.061

STAR 2011+2012 $W A_L$		
Lepton η Range	$W^+ A_L$	$W^- A_L$
$-1.1 < \eta < -0.5$	-0.239 ± 0.057	0.247 ± 0.100
$-0.5 < \eta < 0$	-0.343 ± 0.045	0.280 ± 0.104
$0 < \eta < 0.5$	-0.429 ± 0.045	0.202 ± 0.104
$0.5 < \eta < 1.1$	-0.472 ± 0.056	0.391 ± 0.099

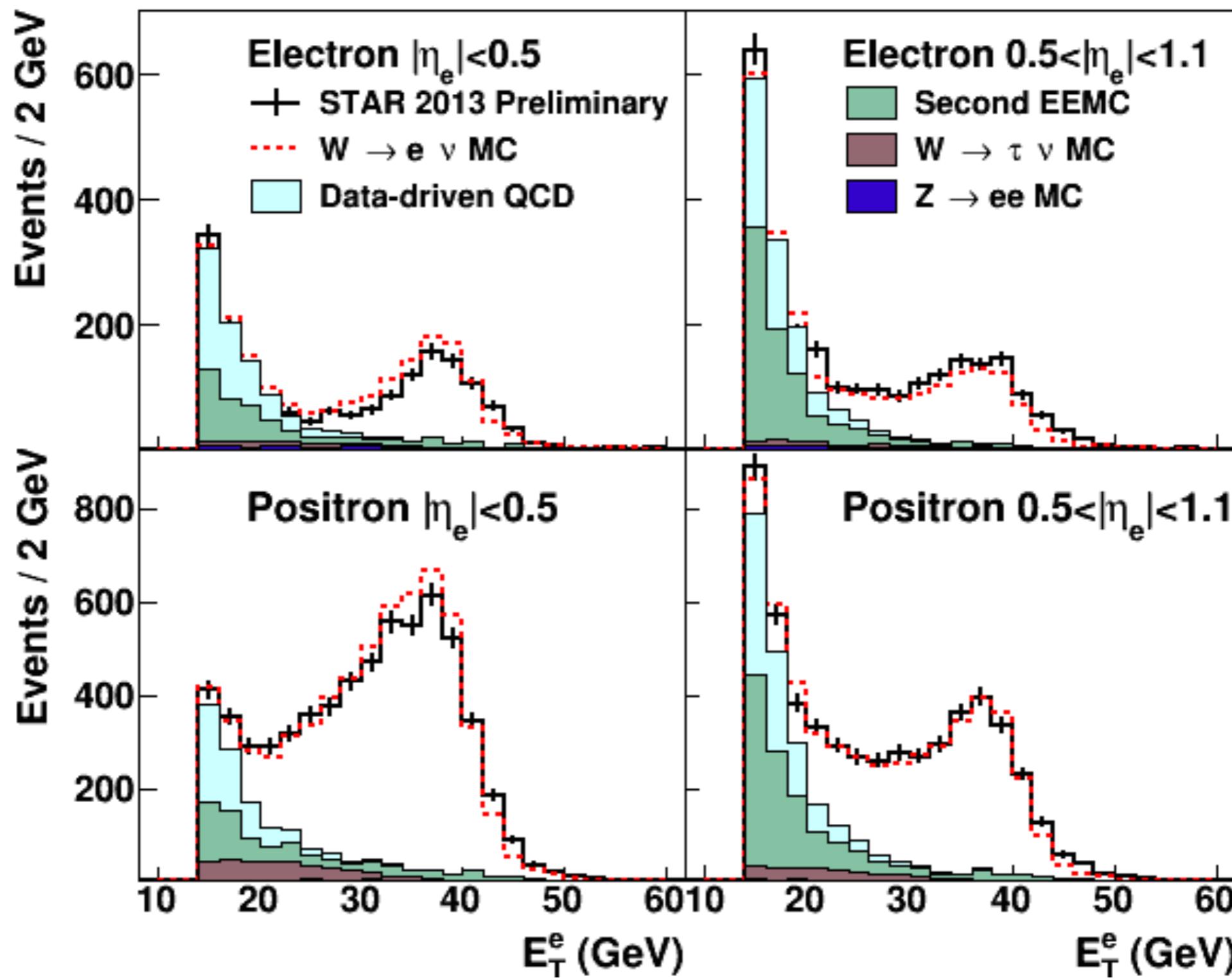
	$W^+ A_L$	$W^- A_L$
$\chi^2/\text{n.d.f}$	1.83/4	0.32/4

STAR 2013 W AL - Systematic Uncertainties

- Background estimation:
 - From data-driven procedure, statistics of embedding sample
 - Less than 10% of statistical error
 - Negligible polarized background contribution
- BEMC gain calibration:
 - 4.5%
- Beam polarization uncertainty:
 - Correlated scale 3.3%
- Relative luminosity uncertainty:
 - Estimated from a high- p_T [25,50] GeV, QCD sample
 - Correlated offset 0.007 (2011+2012), 0.004 (2013)

BG - Foraward and central bins combined

- BG ESTIMATION



TPC Charge-sign Separation

