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Comparision between Multifold and sequential histogram scaling

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Generalized angularities

$$\lambda_{\beta}^{\kappa} = \sum_{\text{const} \in \text{jet}} \overbrace{\left(\frac{p_{T,\text{const}}}{p_{T,\text{jet}}} \right)^{\kappa}}^{\text{soft/hard radiation}} \times \overbrace{r(\text{const}, \text{jet})^{\beta}}^{\text{collinearity sensitive}}$$

$$r(\text{const}, \text{jet}) = \sqrt{(\eta_{\text{jet}} - \eta_{\text{const}})^2 + (\phi_{\text{jet}} - \phi_{\text{const}})^2}$$

- **LHA angularity** $\lambda_{0.5}^1 = \frac{\sum_{\text{trk} \in \text{jet}} p_{T,\text{trk}} \sqrt{\Delta R}}{p_{T,\text{jet}}}$,
- **Jet girth:** $\mathbf{g} = \lambda_1^1 = \frac{\sum_{\text{trk} \in \text{jet}} p_{T,\text{trk}} \Delta R}{p_{T,\text{jet}}}$, measure of jet broadening
- **Thrust** $\lambda_2^1 = \frac{\sum_{\text{trk} \in \text{jet}} p_{T,\text{trk}} \Delta R^2}{p_{T,\text{jet}}}$, related to jet mass
- **Momentum dispersion** : $p_T^D = \lambda_0^2$
- Done for both inclusive jets and hard-core component of the inclusive jets
- Hard-core component calculated by vector summing constituents with $p_T > 2.0$ GeV/c

Dataset and Simulations

- **System:** Au+Au (2014), $p+p$ (2012) @ $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 200\text{GeV}$
- **High Tower (HT) triggered** events (\exists tower with $E_{\text{tower}} \geq 4 \text{ GeV}$) to enhance jet signal
- **Embedding simulation:**
- **GEN:** PYTHIA-6 Perugia-STAR dijet events
(J. K. Adkins, PhD thesis (Kentucky U., 2015))
- **RECO:** PYTHIA-6 Perugia-STAR + GEANT3 + STAR $p+p$ Run12 ZeroBias
(2023 version)

Unfolding by sequential scaling of histogram

Youqi's slides:

https://drupal.star.bnl.gov/STAR/system/files/pwg_meeting012325.pdf

- Goal is to make reco distributions look like data, and propagate to gen level for a “pseudo-truth” level
- This is done by iteratively scaling the 1-d histograms of features
- Every iteration, find the feature with least agreement (based on χ^2), scale the reco level to reconcile them
- Repeat till all χ^2 are below 1











