

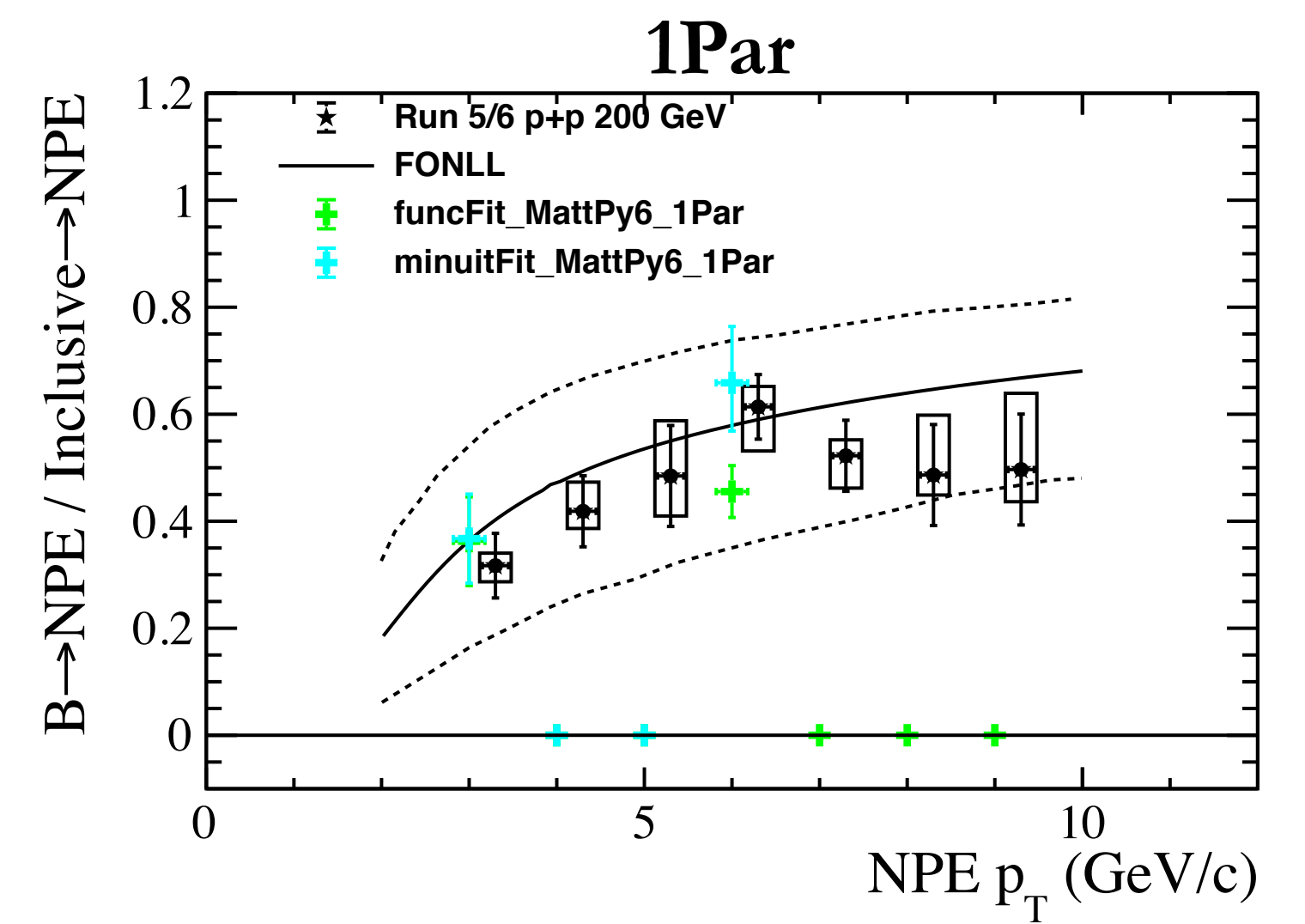
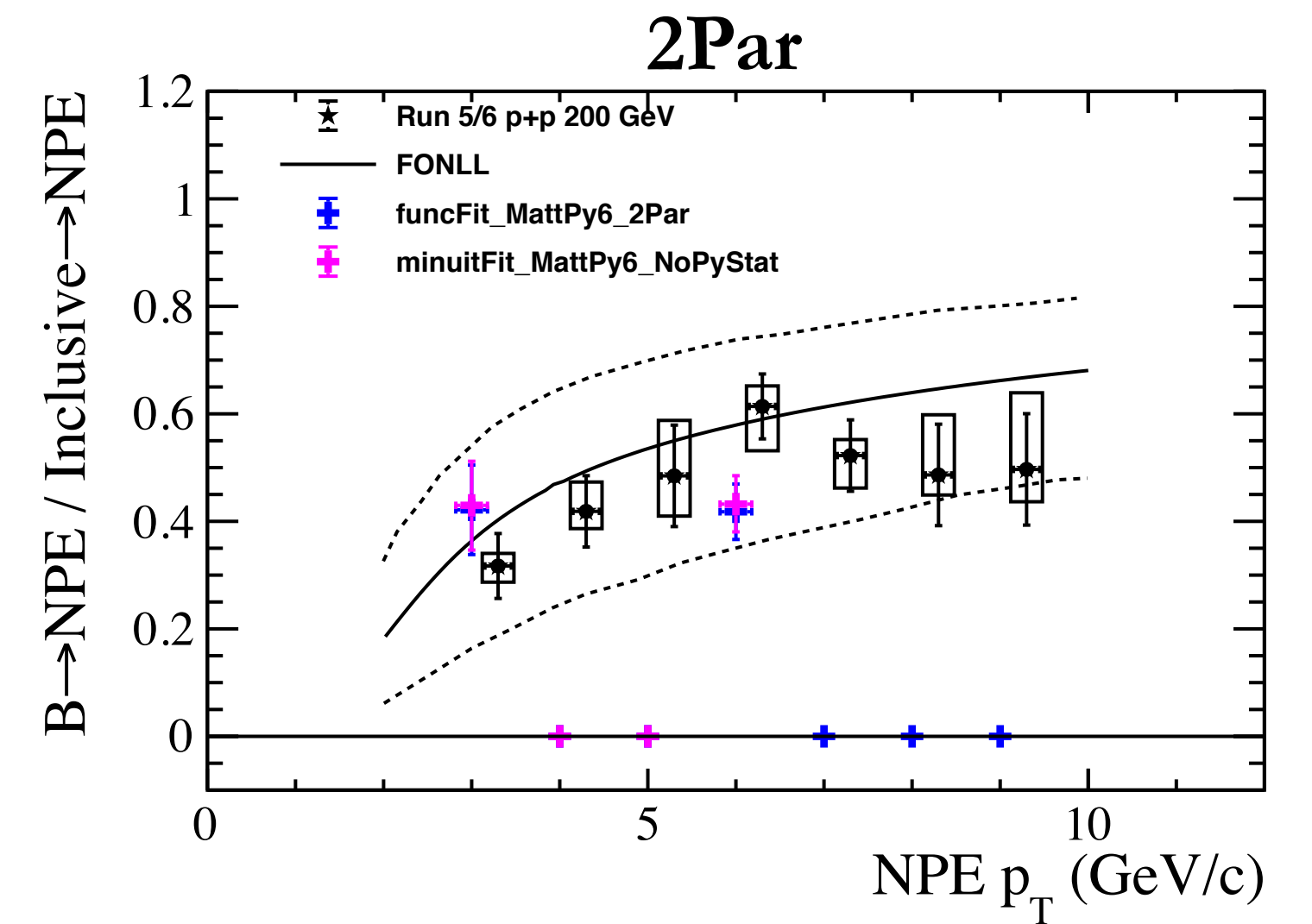
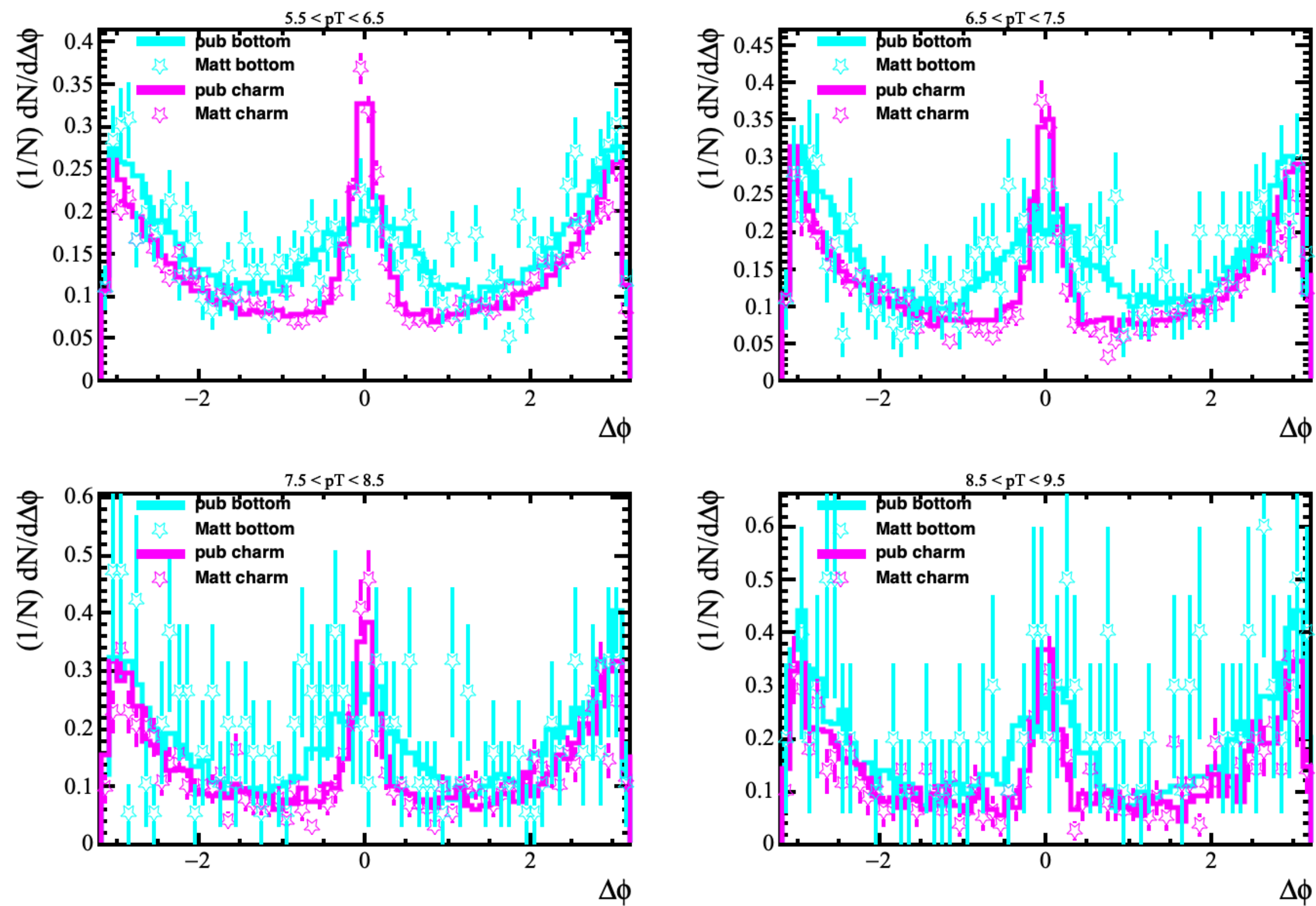
Non-Photonic Electron and Hadron Azimuthal Correlations in 200 GeV p+p Collisions at STAR

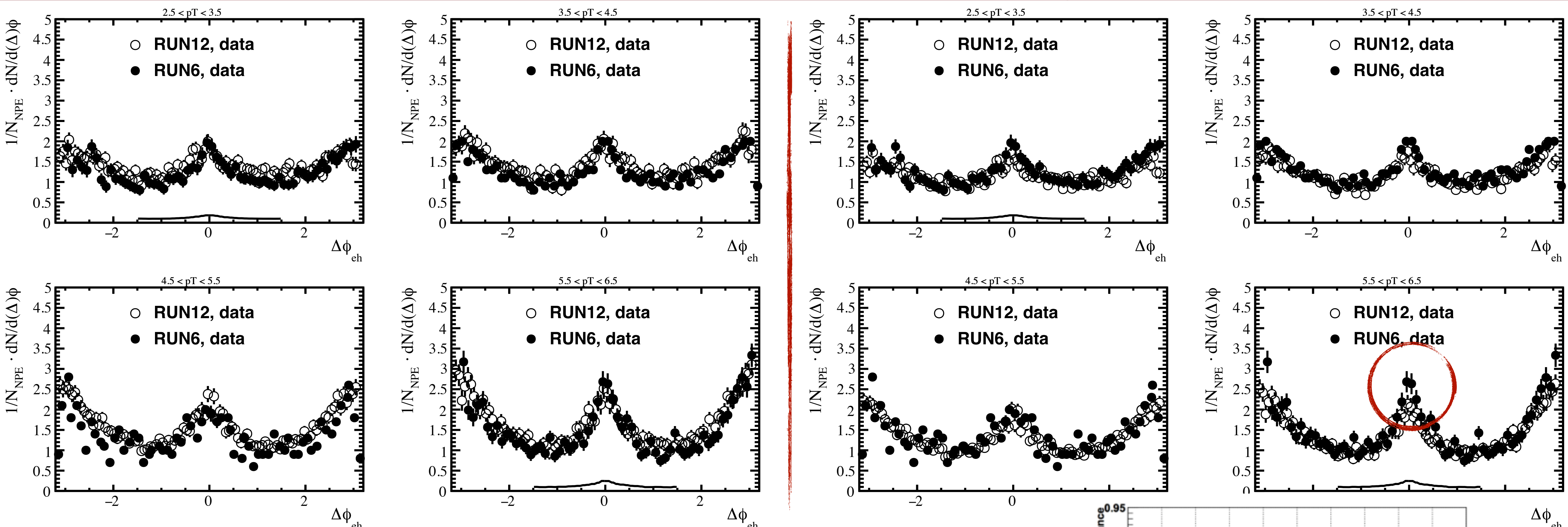
Yingjie Zhou


Oct 14, 2020

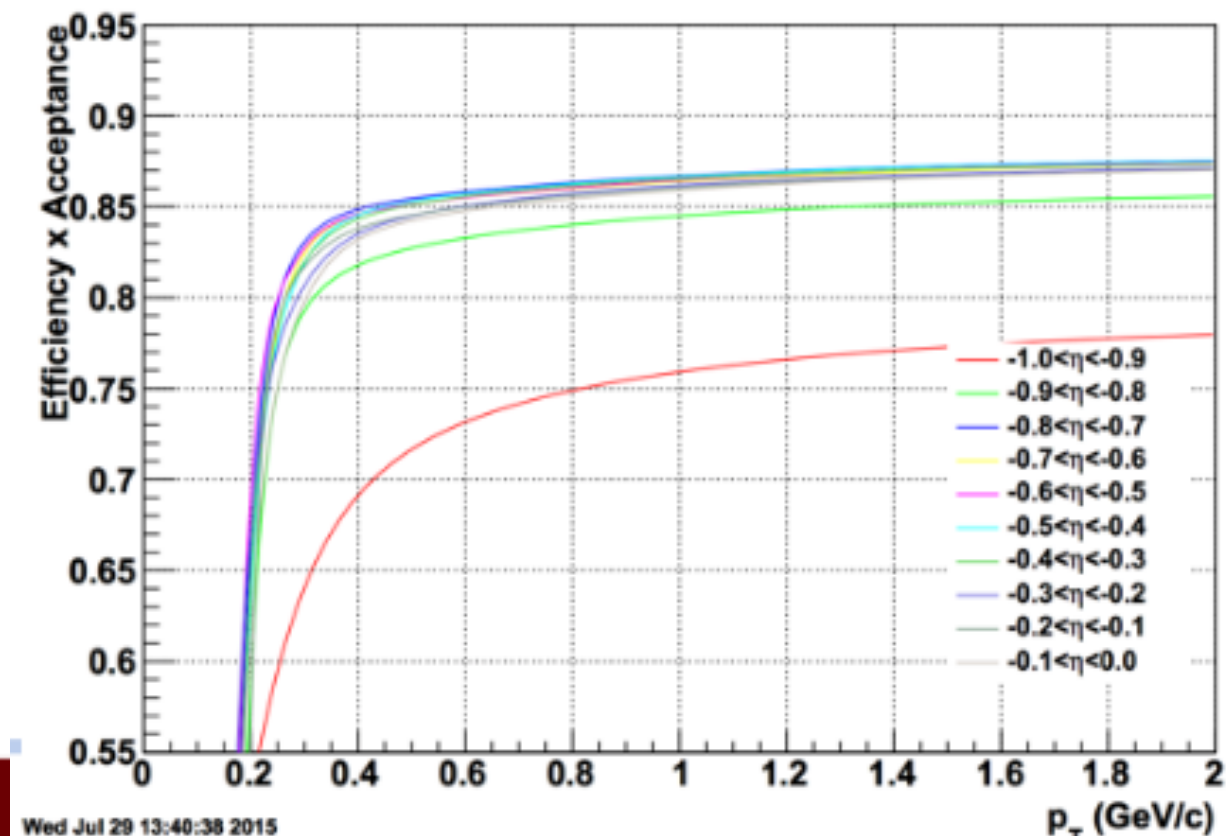
Weekly meeting

- hf py6 compare with Matt's py6,
- Matt's py6 is consistent with pub, but the higher pt bin stat. is not enough
 - function fit only considered stat. uncertainty from data, not template stat.





If we scale run12 by 0.85 (take the number randomly), it will be more consistent with run6 data



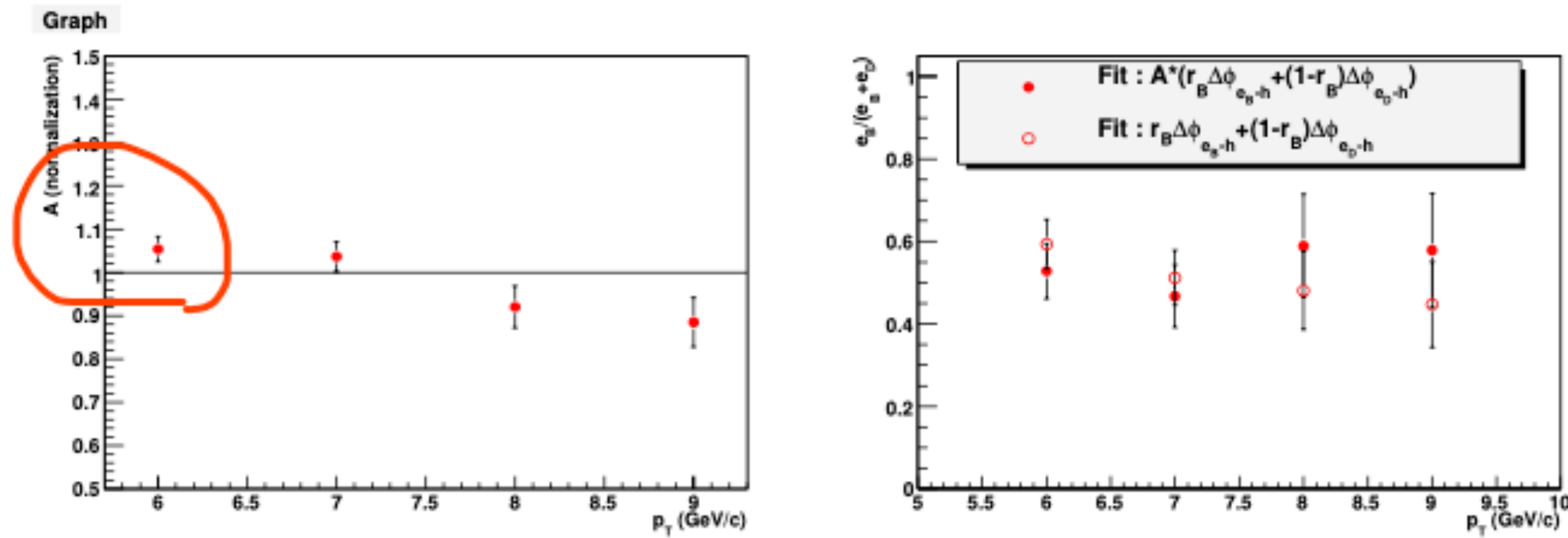
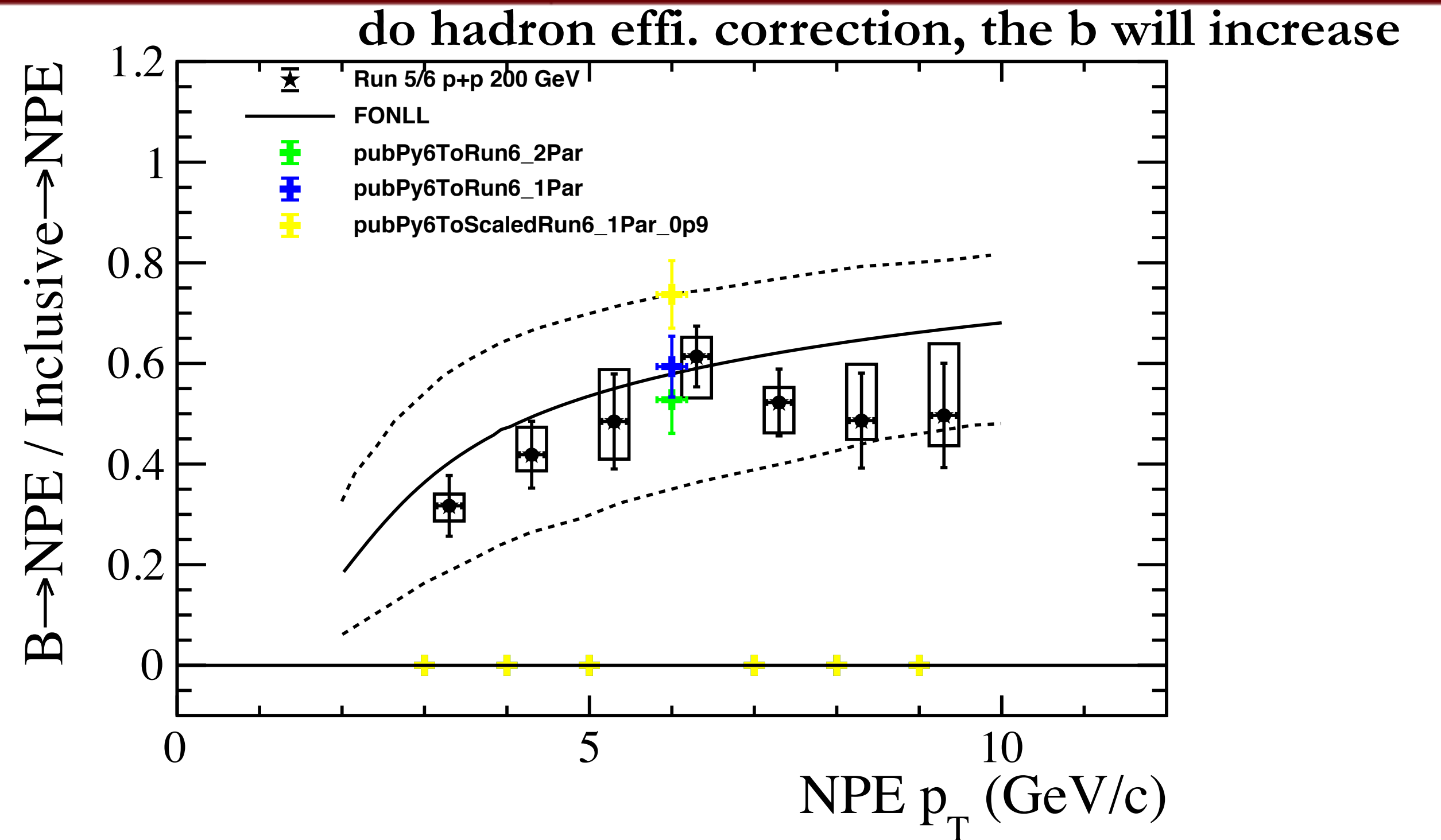


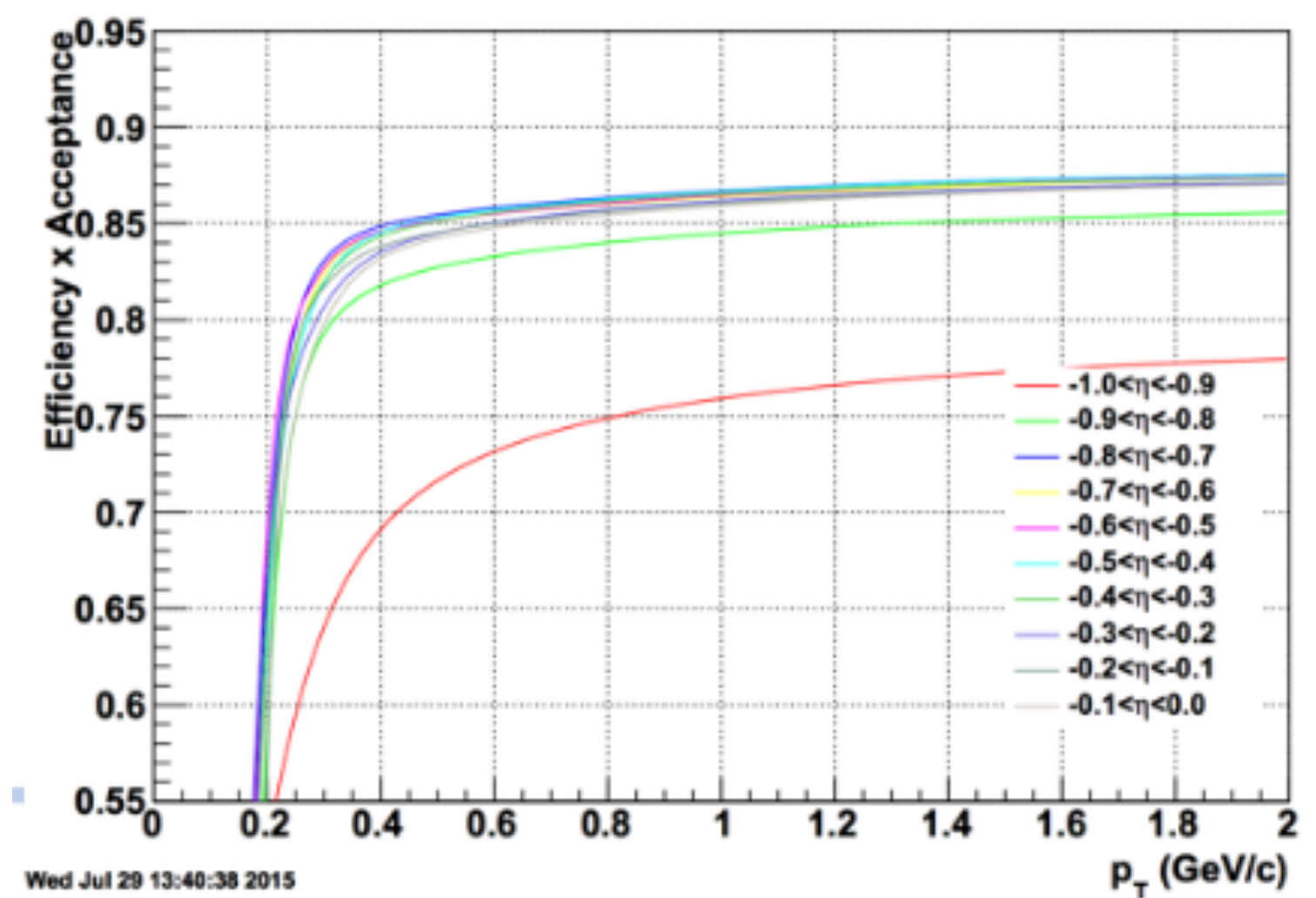
Figure 23: Uncertainty from normalization (Run6 HT2)

Fit function: $(r_B * \text{PYTHIA}_B + (1 - r_B) * \text{PYTHIA}_D) * \text{Norm}$

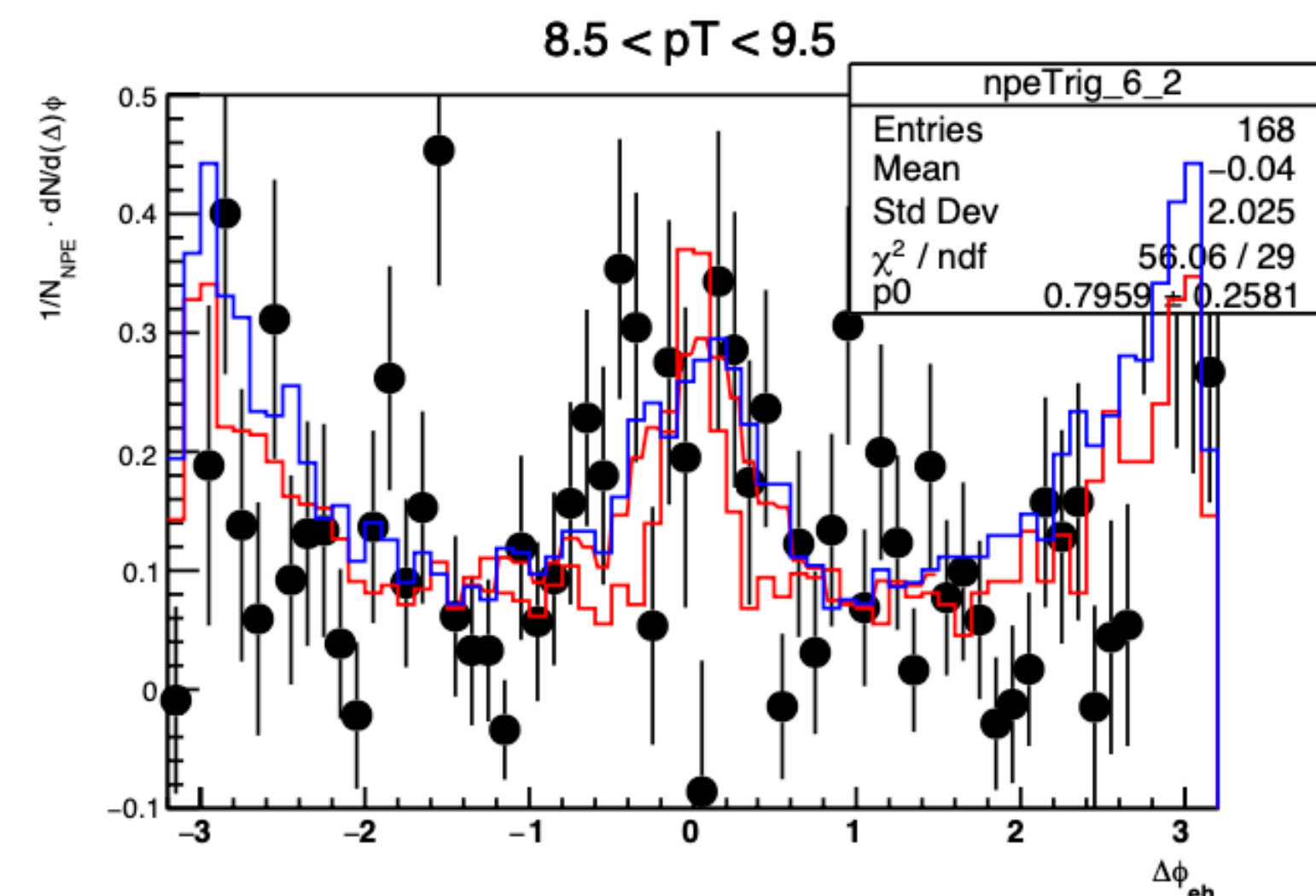
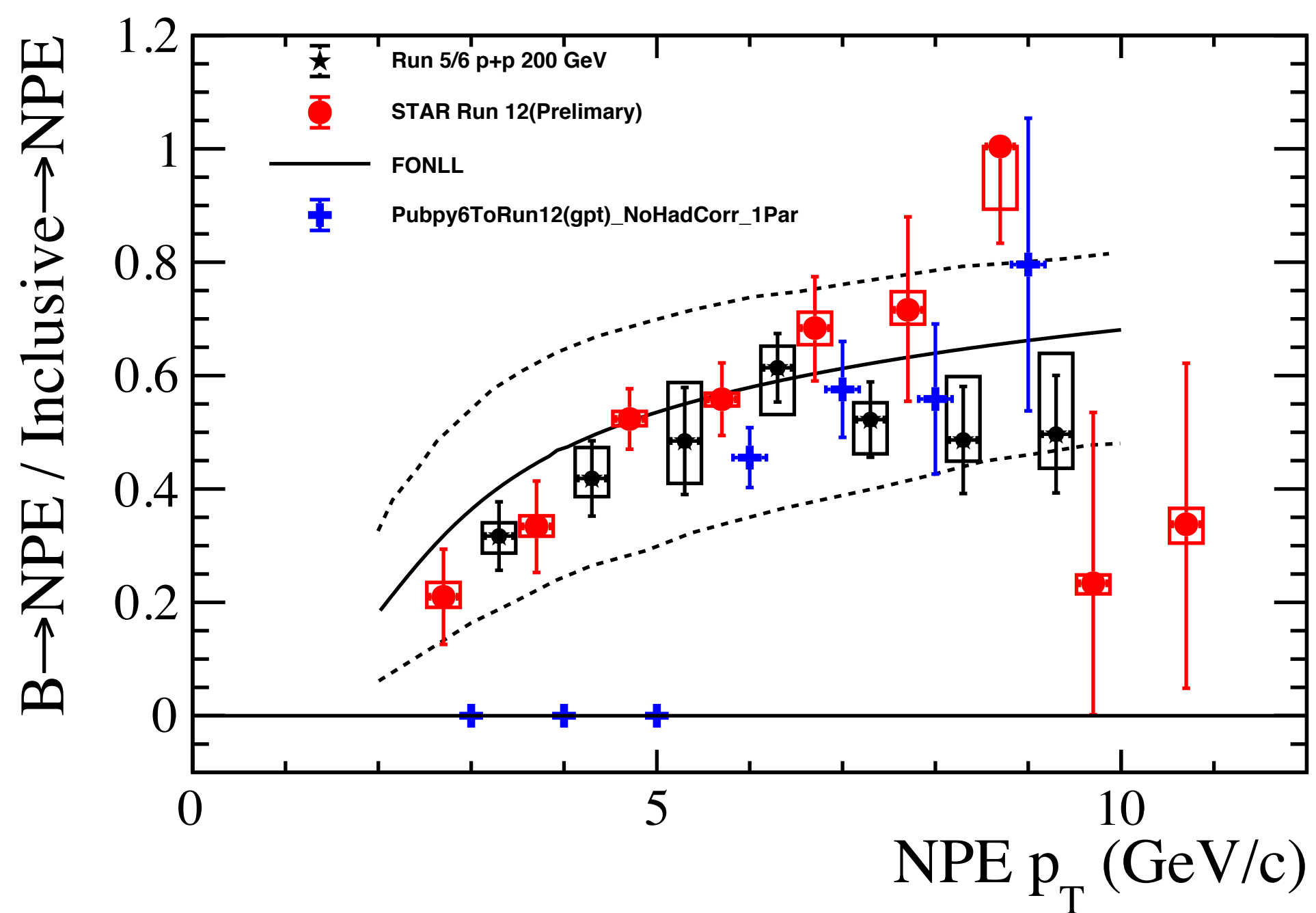
- ★ r_B is the B contribution, i.e. $B/(B+D)$, as a parameter in fit function
- ★ Norm acts as an overall normalization

yellow points: run6 data/0.9(random number), fit with function, 1par





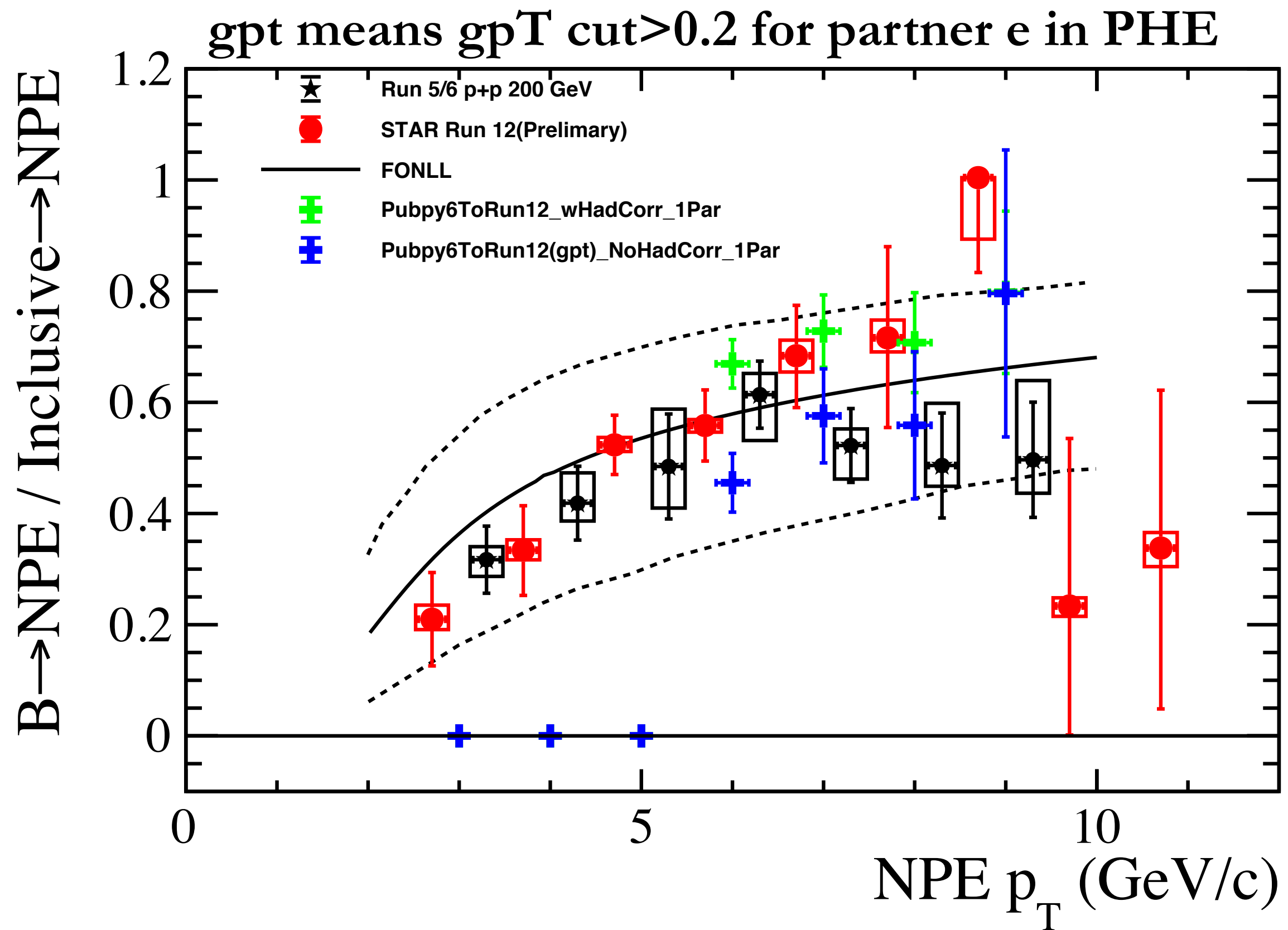
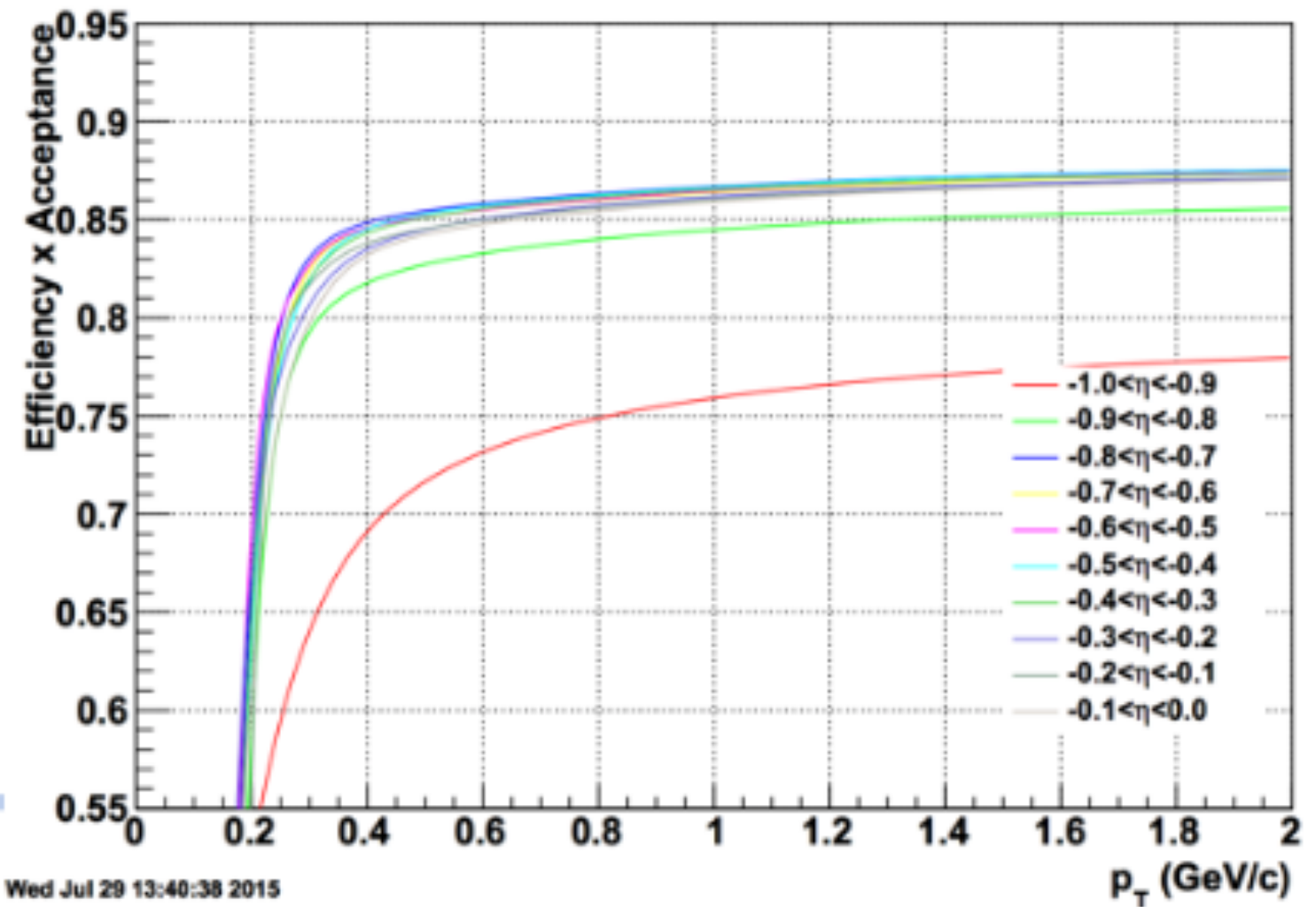
Wed Jul 29 13:40:38 2015



same py6 template and same fit function as published paper.

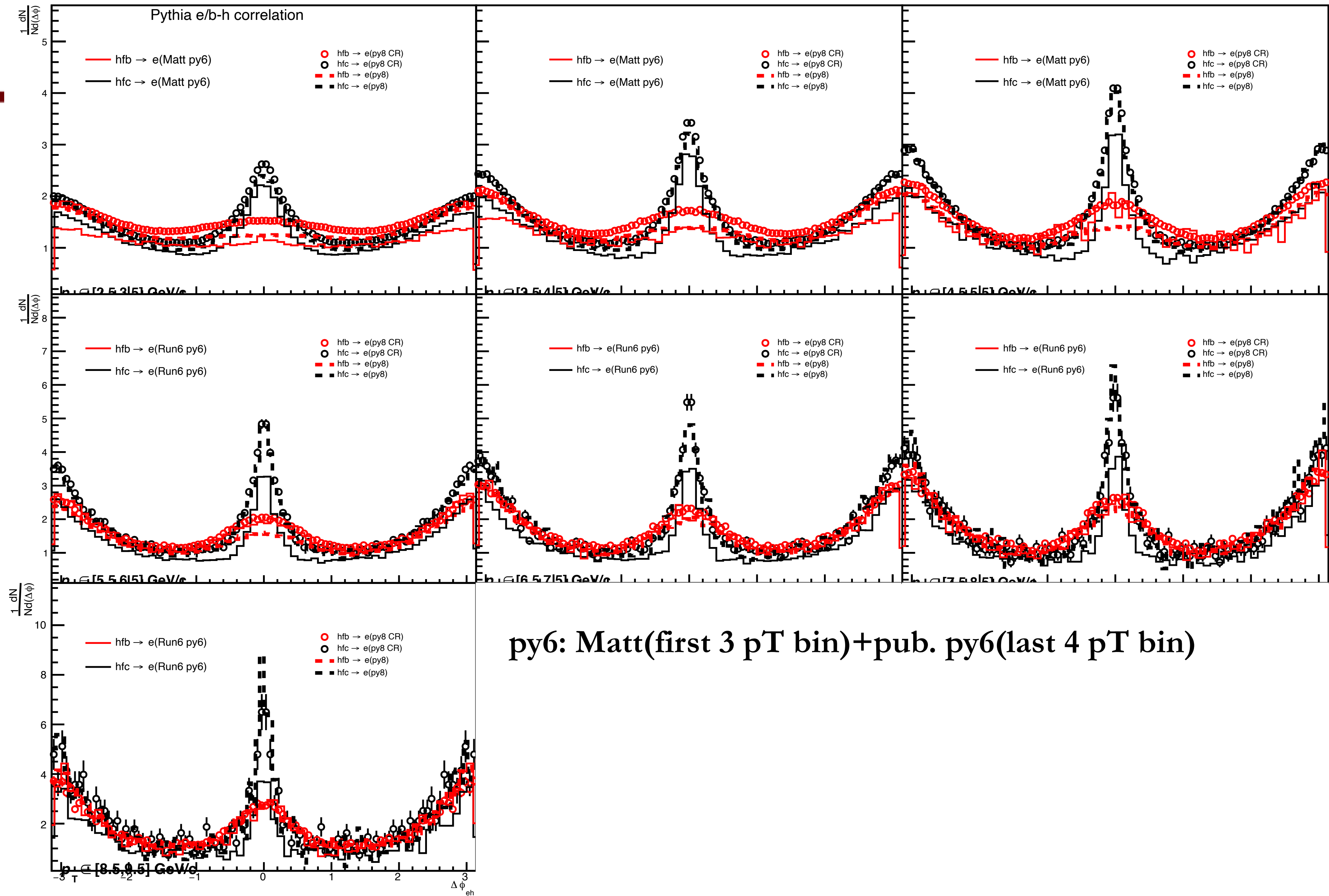
run12 data without hadron efficiency correction -> b fraction is consistent with run6 result (high pT is due to low stat.?)

* pythia 6 from paper only have last 4 pT bin

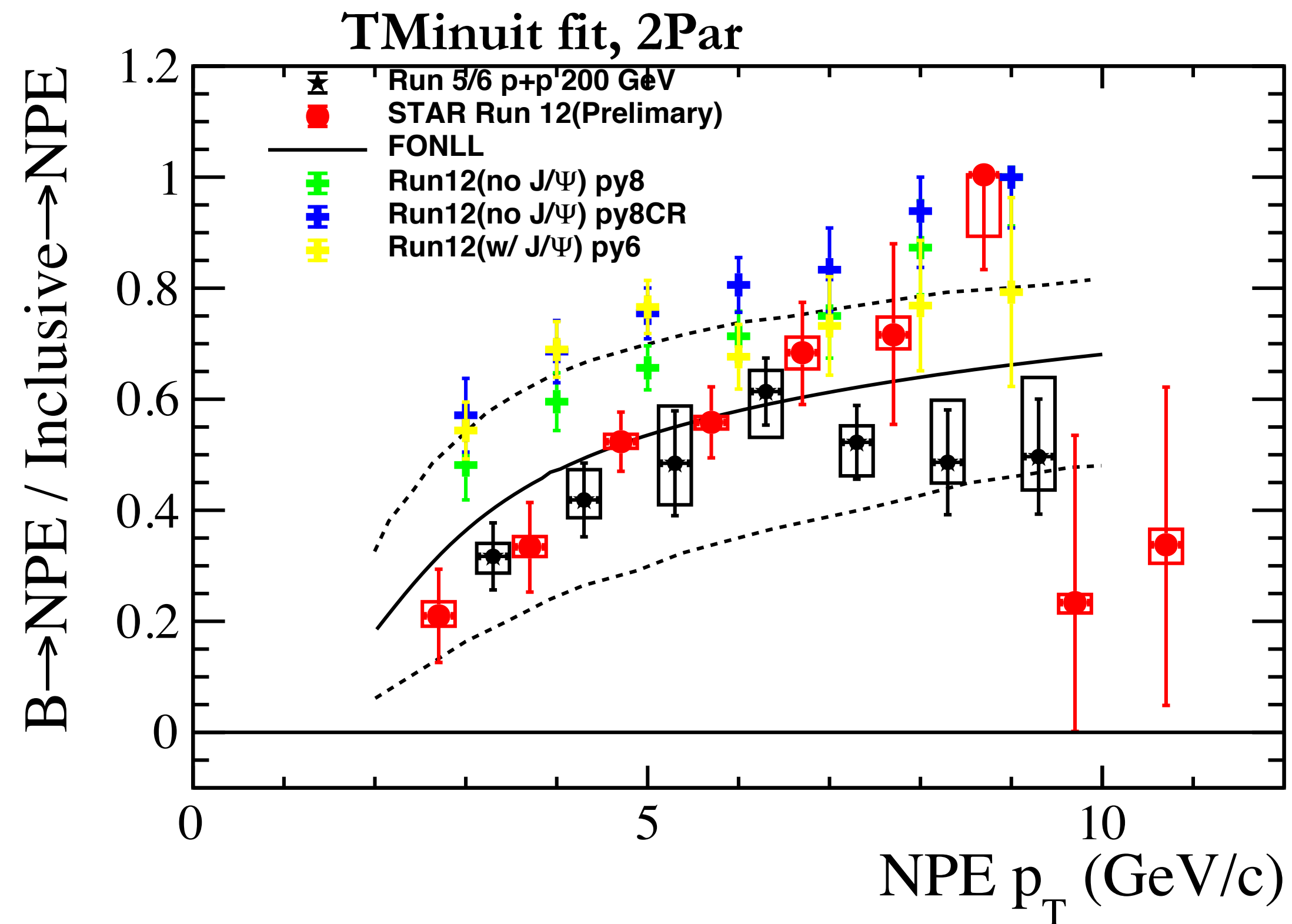


same py6 template and same fit function as published paper.
 run12 with hadron efficiency correction, b fraction is larger

* pythia 6 from paper only have last 4 pT bin



py6: Matt(first 3 pT bin)+pub. py6(last 4 pT bin)



- npe = open hf + prompt J/psi; not directly from py8(which is used in preliminary result)
- will update yellow point later(with prompt jpsi subtracted from data)