

Diffraction EM Jet A_N at FMS
with run 17 data
preliminary request

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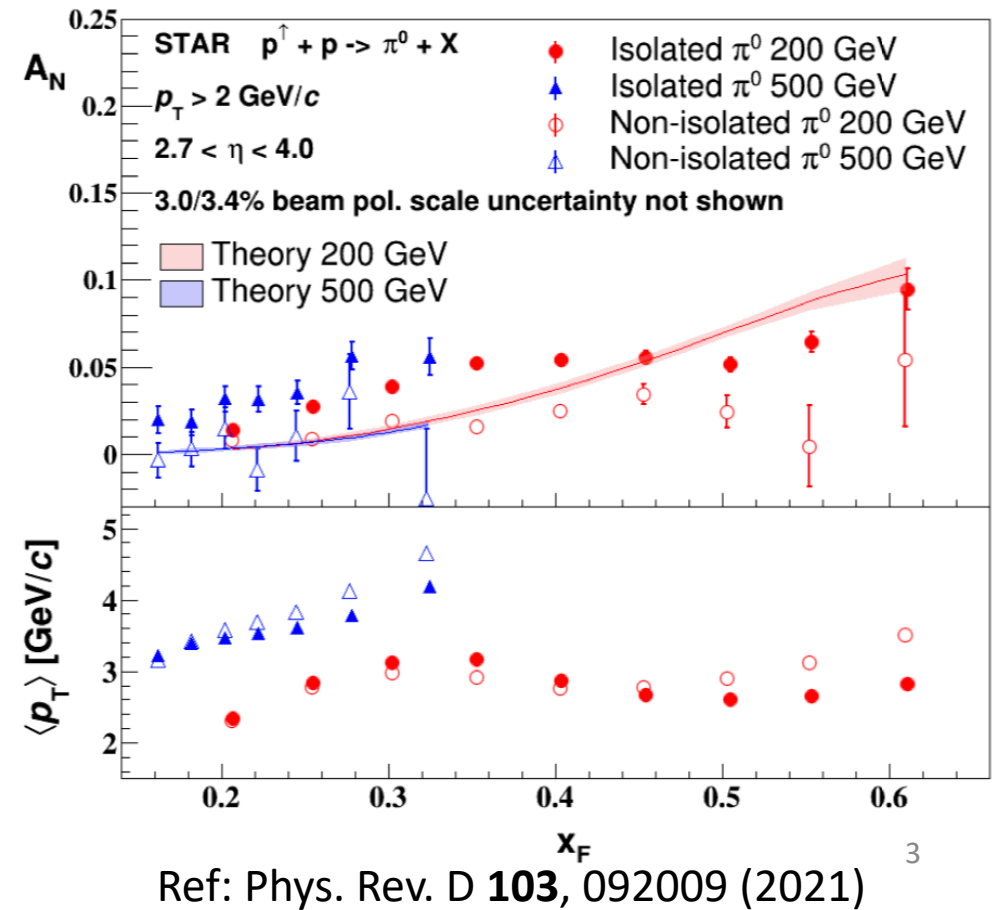
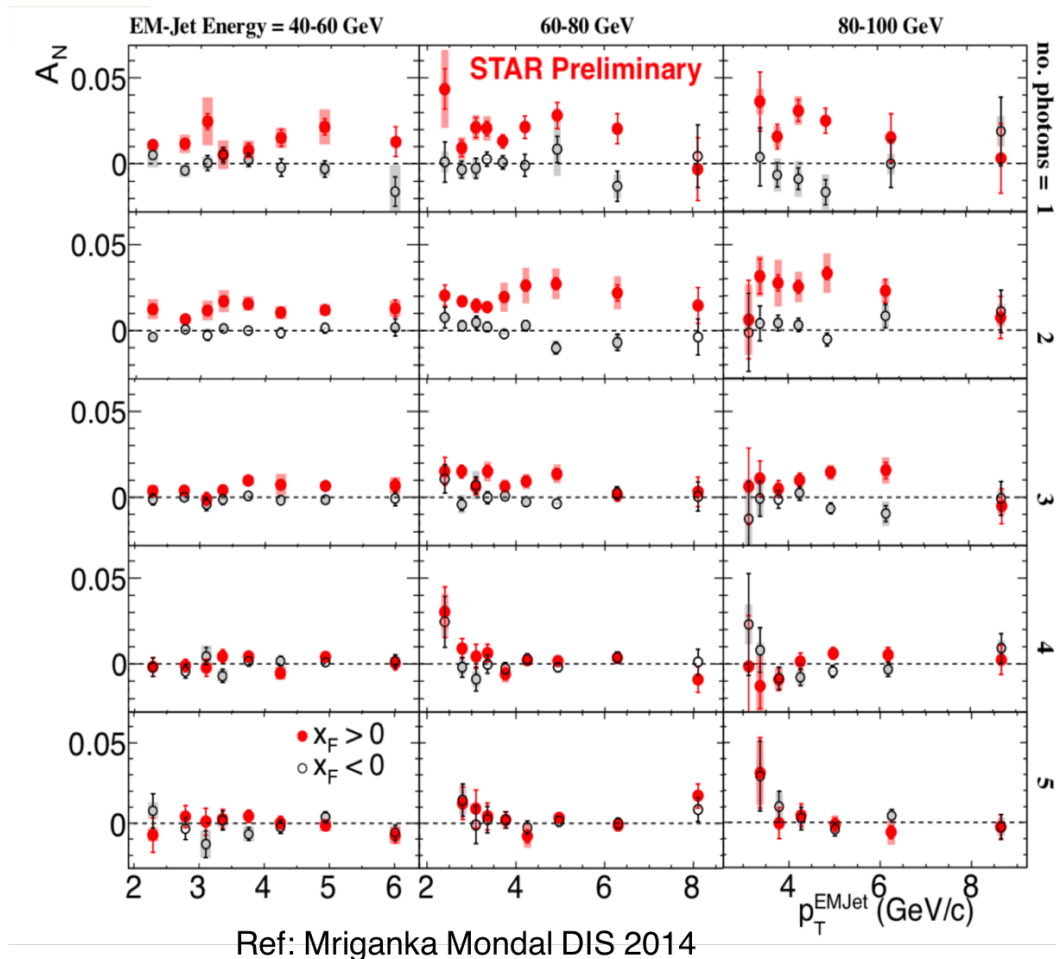
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Contact information

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Physics motivation

- Diffractive process may play a role to explain large A_N .
 - A_N decreases with Increasing number of photons in EM jets.
 - Isolated π^0 events have larger A_N .



Data set

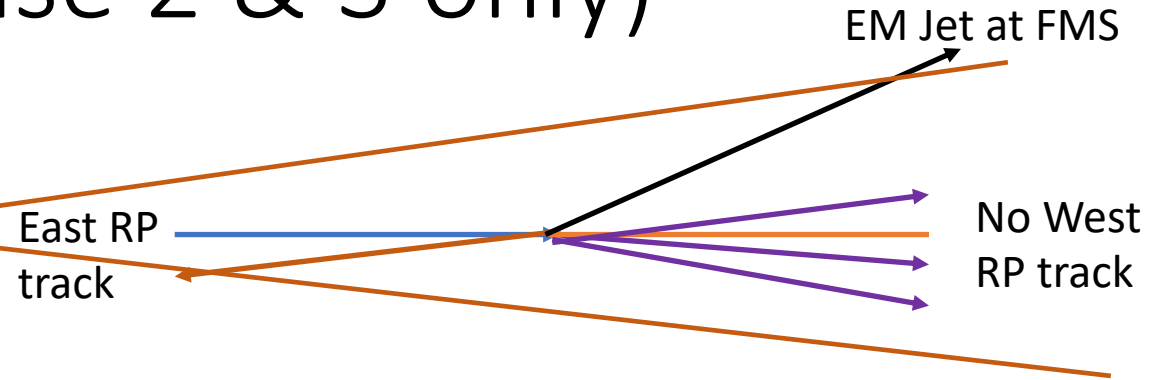
- Data set: run 17 pp transverse $\sqrt{s} = 510$ GeV ,fms stream
 - (pp500_production_2017)
- Production type: MuDst ; Production tag: P22ib
- STAR library: SL20a
- Triggers for FMS : FMS small board sum, FMS large board sum and FMS-JP
 - Trigger list: FMS-JP0, FMS-JP1, FMS-JP2, FMS-sm-bs1, FMS-sm-bs2, FMS-sm-bs3, FMS-lg- bs1, FMS-lg- bs2, FMS-lg-bs3
 - Trigger veto: FMS-LED
- Requirement: Event must contain Roman Pot (RP) information (pp2pp).
 - Already filter out events without RP response. Totally 180 fills.

Total number of events from data set sample (with FMS and RP coincidence)	882 M
Total number of events with FMS points	874 M
Total number of events with FMS EM-jets	860 M

Diffractive process (case 2 & 3 only)

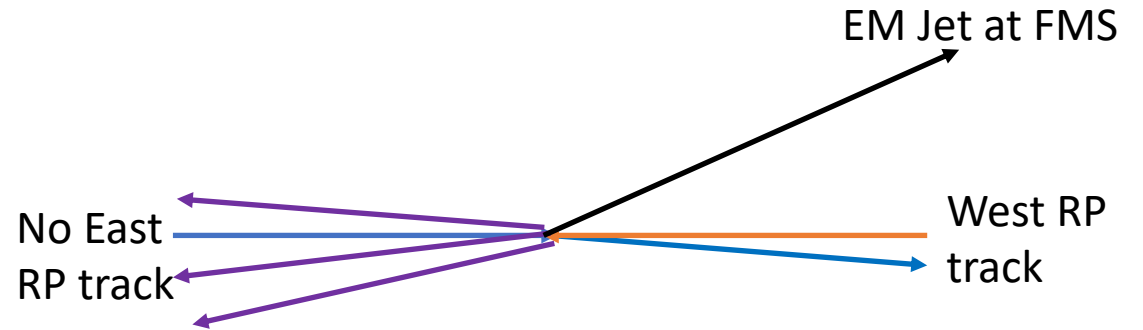
Case 1:
Single diffractive event: we can detect only 1
proton track on east side RP.

Require: only 1 east side RP track



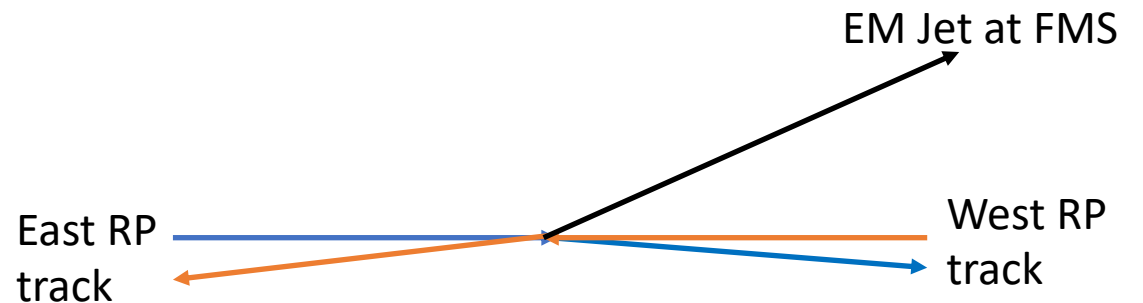
Case 2:
Single diffractive event: we can detect only 1
proton track on west side RP.

Require: sum of west side tracks energy (proton
+ EM Jet) less than beam energy

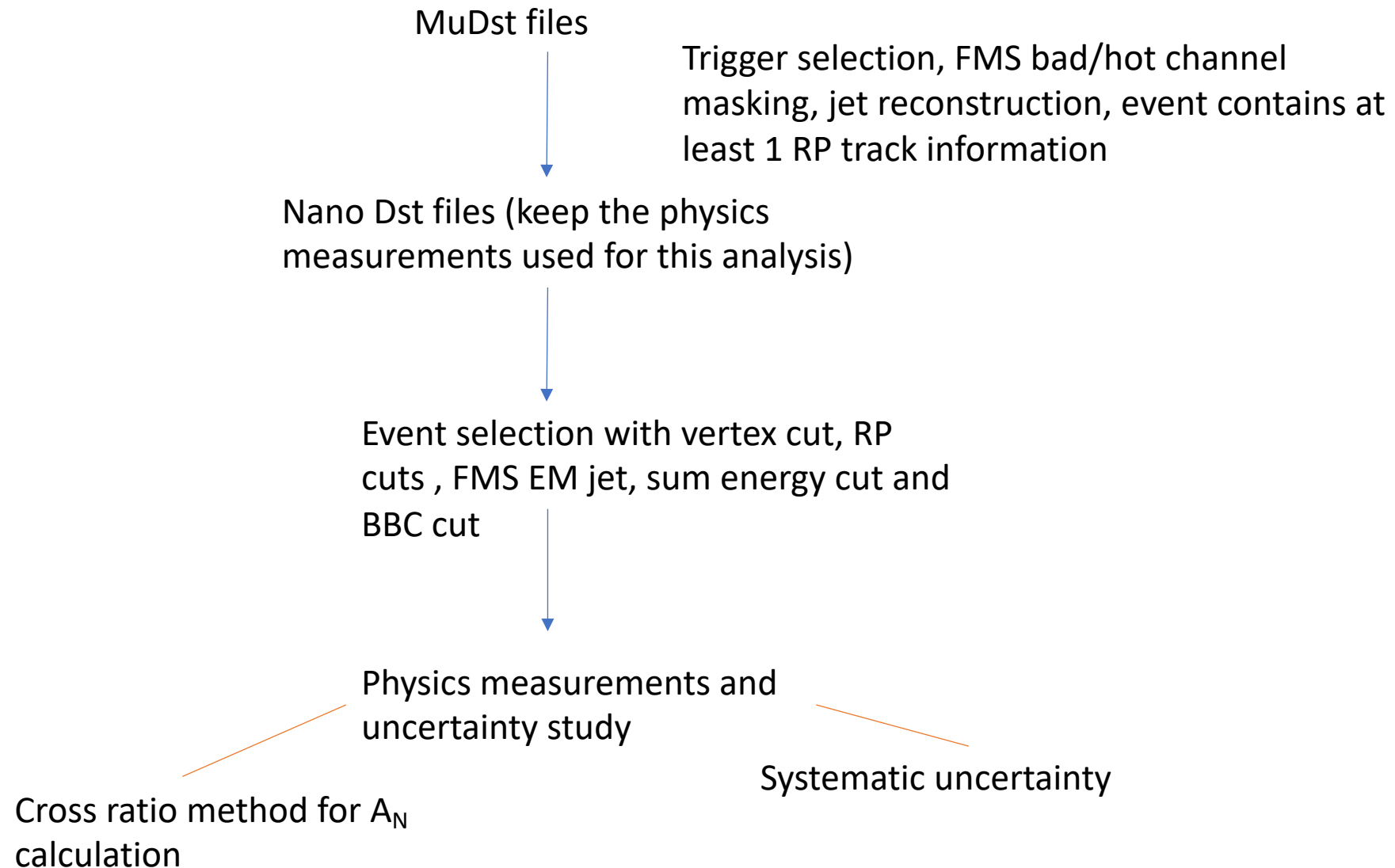


Case 3:
Double diffractive event: we can detect 1 proton
track on east side RP and 1 proton track on west
side RP.

Require: sum of west side tracks energy (proton
+ EM Jet) less than beam energy



Procedure for data analysis



Event selection and corrections

• FMS

- 9 Triggers, veto on FMS-LED
- bit shift, bad / dead / hot channel masking
- Jet reconstruction: StJetMaker2015 , Anti-kT, $R < 0.7$, FMS point energy > 2 GeV, $p_T > 2$ GeV/c, FMS point as input.
- Only 1 EM-jet per event

Data set: run 17 pp transverse $\sqrt{s} = 510$ GeV ,fms stream
(pp500_production_2017)

• Only allow acceptable beam polarization (up/down).

• Vertex (Determine vertex z priority according to TPC , VPD, BBC.)

- Vertex $|z| < 80$ cm

• Roman Pot and Diffractive process:

• Acceptable cases: (in next slide)

1. Only 1 west RP track + no east RP track
 2. Only 1 east RP track + only 1 west RP track
- RP track must be good track:
 - a) Each track hits 7 or 8 planes
 - $-0.25 < P_X < 0.3$ GeV/c ;
 - $-0.6 < P_Y < -0.4$ GeV/c or $0.3 < P_Y < 0.55$ GeV/c
 - Sum of west RP track energy and all EM Jet energy

• BBC ADC sum cuts:

- small BBC west ADC < 250 (no small BBC east cut)

Corrections for EM-jet:

Energy correction and
Underlying Event correction

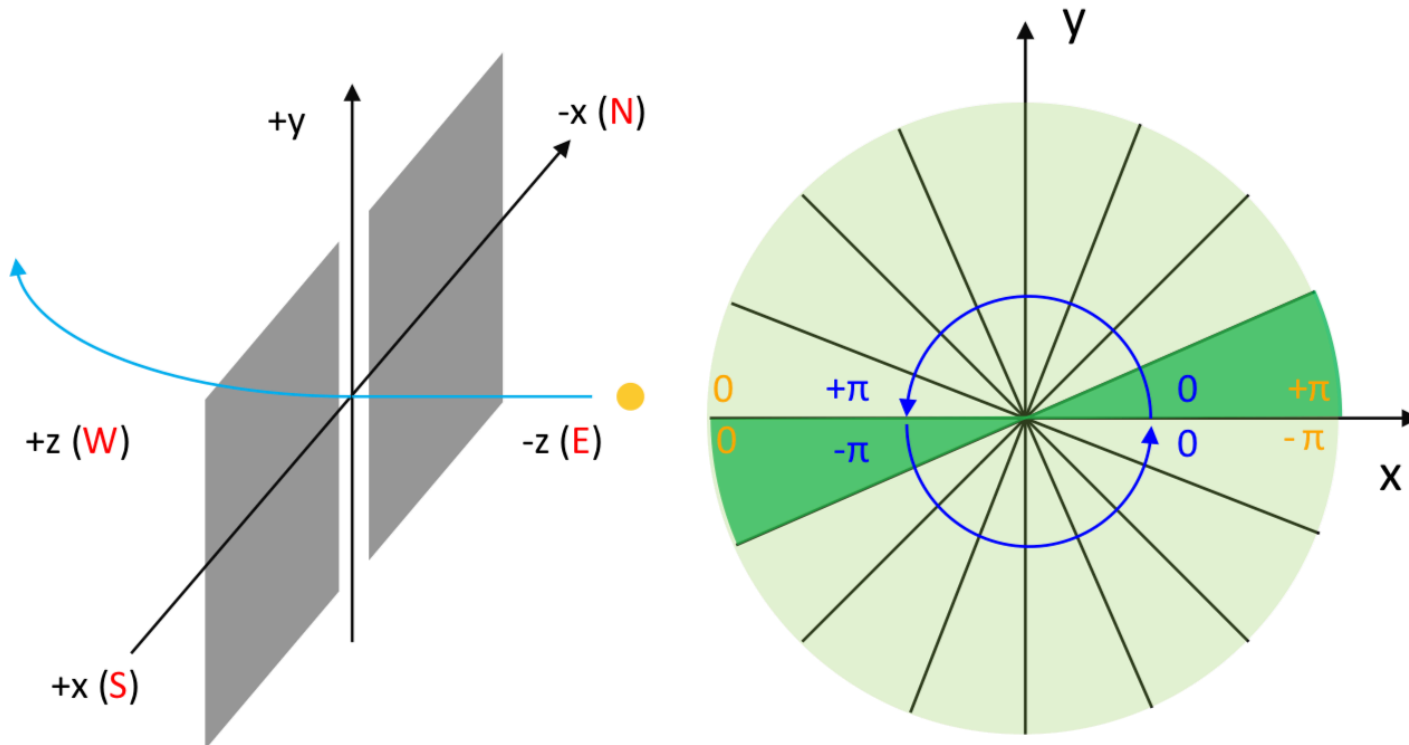
X_F	E sum cut
0.1 - 0.15	$E_{\text{sum}} < 260$ GeV
0.15 - 0.2	$E_{\text{sum}} < 270$ GeV
0.2 - 0.25	$E_{\text{sum}} < 280$ GeV
0.25 - 0.3	$220 < E_{\text{sum}} < 290$ GeV
0.3 - 0.35	$230 < E_{\text{sum}} < 310$ GeV
0.35 - 0.4	$240 < E_{\text{sum}} < 320$ GeV
0.4 - 0.45	$260 < E_{\text{sum}} < 340$ GeV

Transverse single spin asymmetry (A_N) calculation

- We use **cross ratio** method to calculate the diffractive EM Jet A_N at FMS.

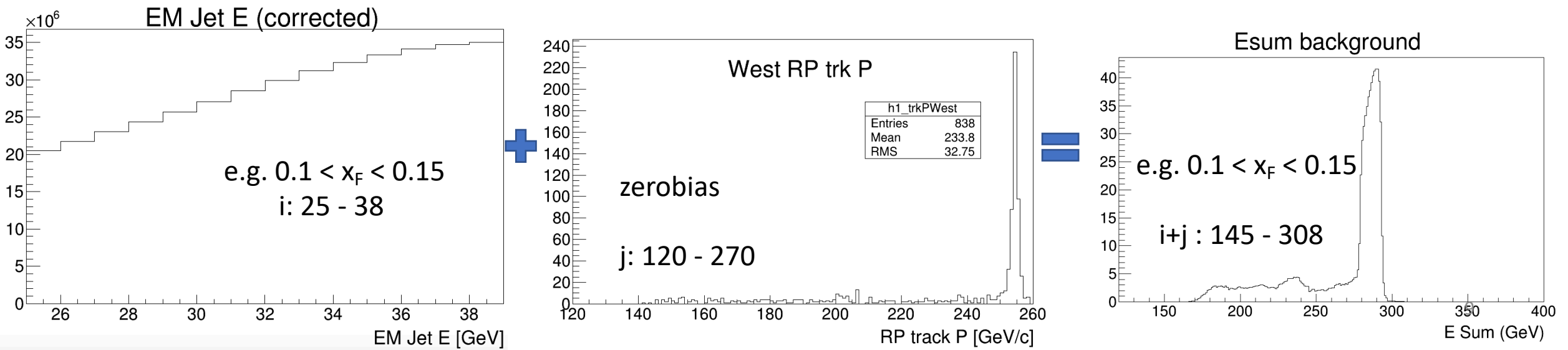
- Raw A_N :
$$\varepsilon = \frac{\sqrt{N^\uparrow(\phi)N^\downarrow(\phi+\pi)} - \sqrt{N^\downarrow(\phi)N^\uparrow(\phi+\pi)}}{\sqrt{N^\uparrow(\phi)N^\downarrow(\phi+\pi)} + \sqrt{N^\downarrow(\phi)N^\uparrow(\phi+\pi)}} \approx pol * A_N * \cos(\phi)$$

- Plot A_N as a function of X_F . ($x_F = \frac{E_{EM\ jet}}{E_{Beam}}$), $x_F \in [0.1, 0.45]$
- Divide full ϕ range $[-\pi, +\pi]$ into 16 bins.



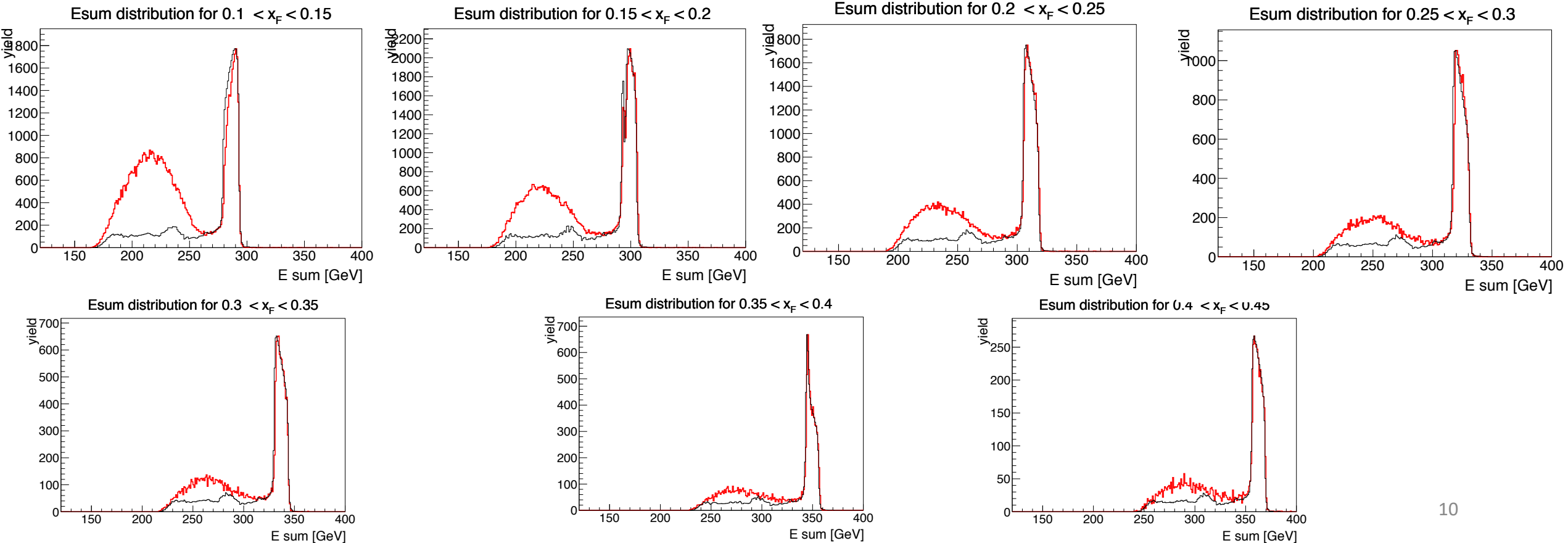
Background study for E sum

- We use zerobias stream events to study the background shape for E sum spectrum for different EM-jet x_F ranges.
 - E sum (**background**)= E(EM-jet from **inclusive process**) + E(west RP from **zerobias**)
- Calculation: $Esum(i + j) = \sum_{i,j} P(i) * n(j)$, i are all possible energies (in 1 GeV bin) for specific x_F range ; j are all possible energies (in 1 GeV bin) for west RP track energy (momentum) in zerobias data.
 - P(i) is the fraction for EM-jet yields in [i,i+1] (GeV) within the specific x_F range .
 - n(j) is the yields in west RP energy (momentum) in [j,j+1] (GeV).



E sum spectrum based on different x_F ranges

- All photon multiplicity
- Black curve (Background) is mixed events from zerobias events (scaled to data).
- **Red** curve is the FMS stream data



Systematic uncertainty

- $A_N(sig) = \frac{A_N(measured) - frac(bkg) * A_N(bkg)}{frac(sig)}$
- Systematic uncertainty for $A_N(measured)$
 - Small BBC west cut, E sum cut
- Systematic uncertainty for $A_N(bkg)$
 - Small BBC west cut
- Systematic uncertainty for $frac(sig)$
- Polarization uncertainty
 - 1.1%

Systematic uncertainty calculation:

$$\sqrt{sys_{A_N(measured)}^2 + sys_{A_N(bkg)}^2 + sys_{frac(bkg)}^2}$$

Use 2 methods to estimate the systematic uncertainty for cuts:

1. Estimate the systematic uncertainty by the average A_N difference (from constant fit) from varying the cuts.
2. For a certainty cut (R1), choose an entirely different cut region (R2) to study . Calculate their A_N difference and statistical uncertainty.

$$= \max\{(|A_N(R1) - A_N(R2)| - \sqrt{\sigma_{R1}^2 + \sigma_{R2}^2}), 0\}$$

Systematic uncertainty results

- Small BBC west sum (A_N (measured))

xF (measured)	Method 1 Blue beam	Method 2 Blue beam	Method 1 Yellow beam	Method 2 Yellow beam
0.1 – 0.15	0.00094	0	0.00015	0.010
0.15 – 0.2		0		0
0.2 – 0.25		0		0.011
0.25 – 0.45		0		0.0010

- Small BBC west sum (A_N (bkg))

xF (measured)	Method 1 Blue beam	Method 2 Blue beam	Method 1 Yellow beam	Method 2 Yellow beam
0.1 – 0.15	0.00037	0	0.0025	0
0.15 – 0.2		0		0.012
0.2 – 0.25		0		0
0.25 – 0.45		0		0.00010

- E sum (A_N (measured))

xF (measured)	Method 1 Blue beam	Method 2 Blue beam	Method 1 Yellow beam	Method 2 Yellow beam
0.1 – 0.15	0.00067	0.00067	0.00042	0
0.15 – 0.2		0		0
0.2 – 0.25		0		0.0097
0.25 – 0.45		0		0

Use the higher value one between 2 methods to assign as systematic uncertainty

Systematic uncertainty for $frac(sig)$

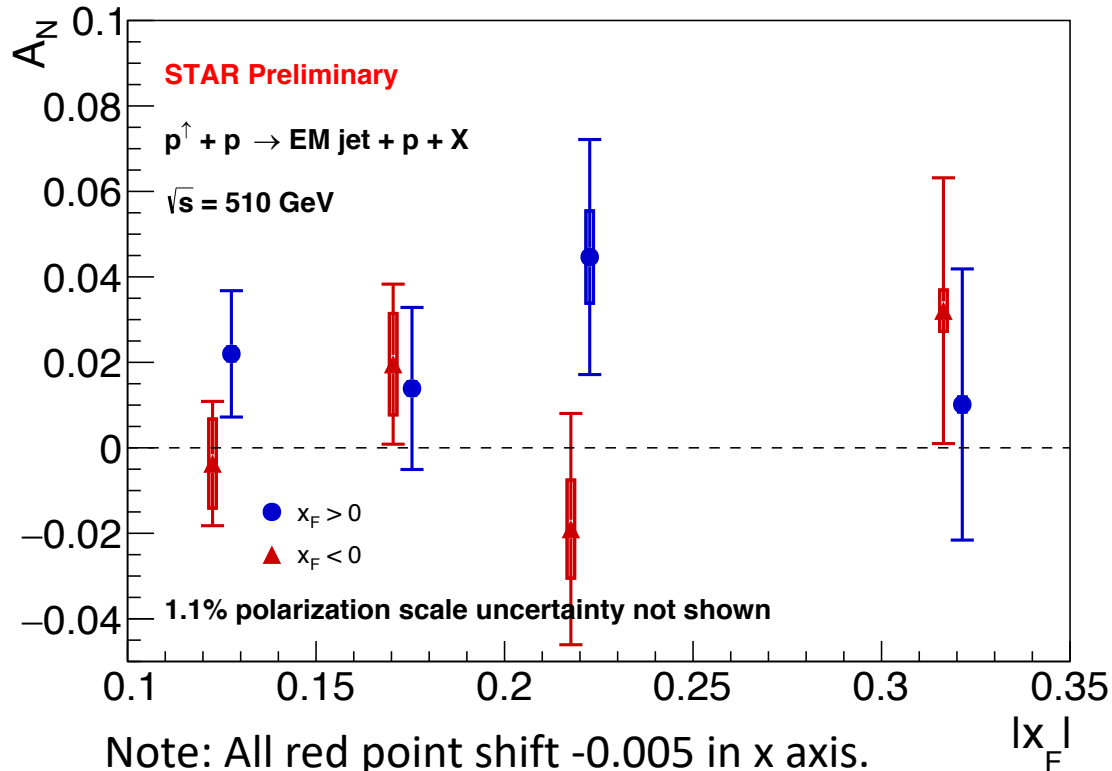
- For the systematic uncertainty, use west RP track from samples of RP stream to do the mix event for background study for systematic uncertainty.
- Apply the difference of the signal fraction to assign for systematic.

xF	West RP track from zerobias stream (analysis) $frac_{ana}(sig)$	West RP track from RP stream (systematic) $frac_{sys}(sig)$	sys
0.1 – 0.15	0.78±0.036	0.89±0.003	0.050
0.15 – 0.2	0.70±0.053	0.87±0.004	0.074
0.2 – 0.25	0.63±0.065	0.85±0.004	0.10
0.25 – 0.45	0.53±0.077	0.80±0.005	0.12

$$sys = |frac_{ana}(sig) - frac_{sys}(sig)| - \sqrt{(\sigma_{ana}^2 + \sigma_{sys}^2)}$$

Signal A_N results for all photon multiplicity

- **4 x_F bins.** ([0.1, 0.15], [0.15, 0.2], [0.2, 0.25] , [**0.25, 0.45**])
- **Preliminary plot** request for diffractive EM-jet A_N for all photon multiplicity EM-jets
- The sign is mostly positive, different from run 15 results.



$$A_N(\text{sig}) = \frac{A_N(\text{measured}) - \text{frac}(\text{bkg}) * A_N(\text{bkg})}{\text{frac}(\text{sig})}$$

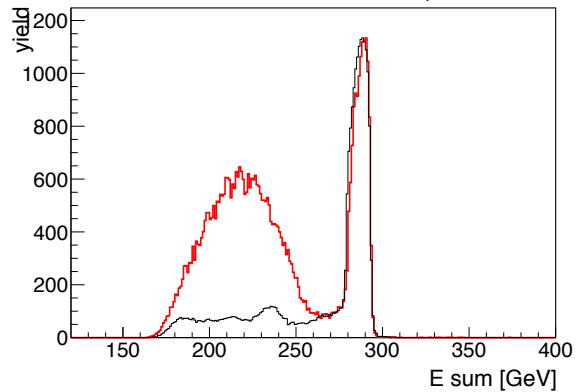
Constant fit to check n-sigma to be non-zero:

- Blue beam: 0.021 ± 0.010 . (2.05σ)
- Yellow beam: 0.0053 ± 0.012 . (0.45σ)

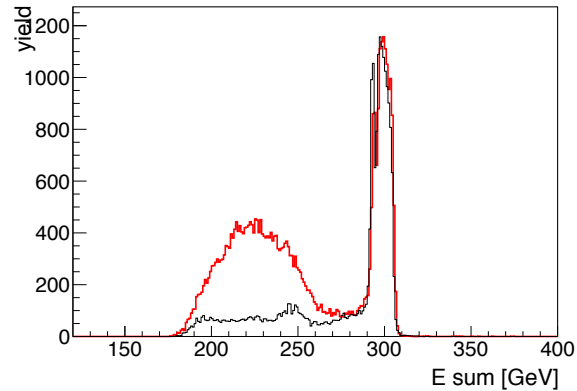
E sum spectrum based on different x_F ranges

- 1 or 2 photon multiplicity
- Black curve (Background) is mixed events from zerobias events (scaled to data).
- **Red** curve is the FMS stream data

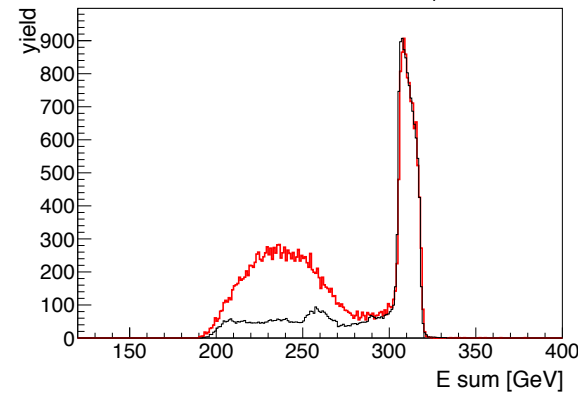
Esum distribution for $0.1 < x_F < 0.15$



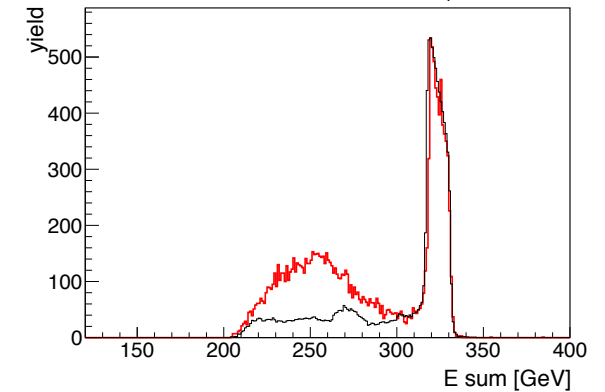
Esum distribution for $0.15 < x_F < 0.2$



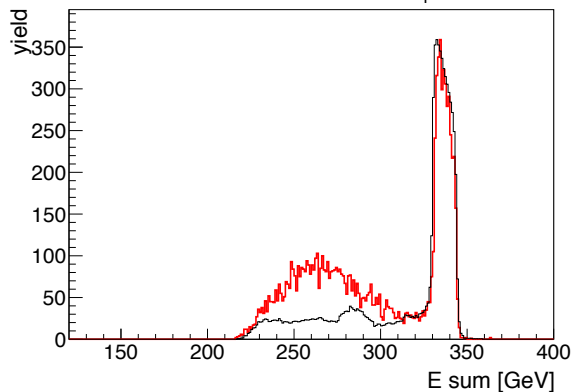
Esum distribution for $0.2 < x_F < 0.25$



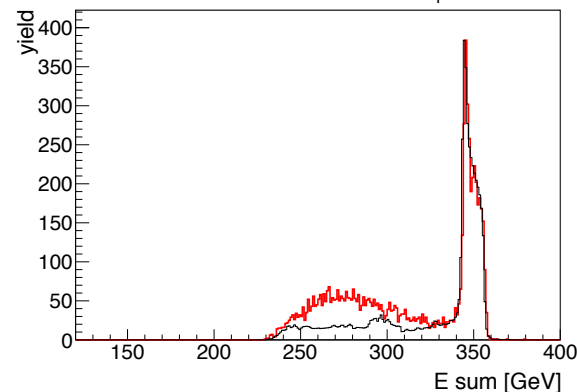
Esum distribution for $0.25 < x_F < 0.3$



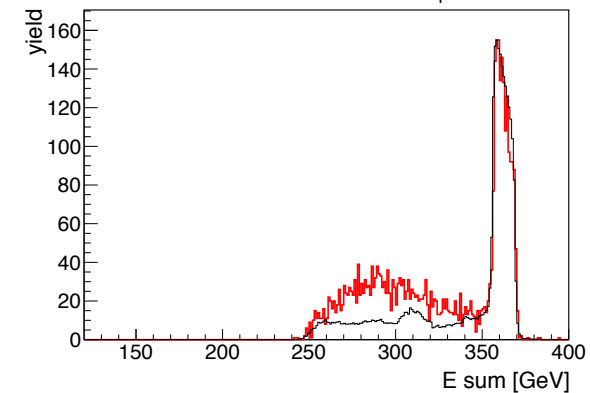
Esum distribution for $0.3 < x_F < 0.35$



Esum distribution for $0.35 < x_F < 0.4$



Esum distribution for $0.4 < x_F < 0.45$



Systematic uncertainty results

- Small BBC west sum (A_N (measured))

xF (measured)	Method 1 Blue beam	Method 2 Blue beam	Method 1 Yellow beam	Method 2 Yellow beam
0.1 – 0.15	0.00078	0	0.0026	0
0.15 – 0.2		0		0
0.2 – 0.25		0		0
0.25 – 0.45		0		0

- Small BBC west sum (A_N (bkg))

xF (measured)	Method 1 Blue beam	Method 2 Blue beam	Method 1 Yellow beam	Method 2 Yellow beam
0.1 – 0.15	0.0045	0	0.0029	0
0.15 – 0.2		0		0
0.2 – 0.25		0.018		0
0.25 – 0.45		0		0

- E sum (A_N (measured))

xF (measured)	Method 1 Blue beam	Method 2 Blue beam	Method 1 Yellow beam	Method 2 Yellow beam
0.1 – 0.15	0.0010	0	0.00028	0
0.15 – 0.2		0		0
0.2 – 0.25		0.0098		0
0.25 – 0.45		0		0

Use the higher value one between 2 methods to assign as systematic uncertainty

Systematic uncertainty for $frac(sig)$

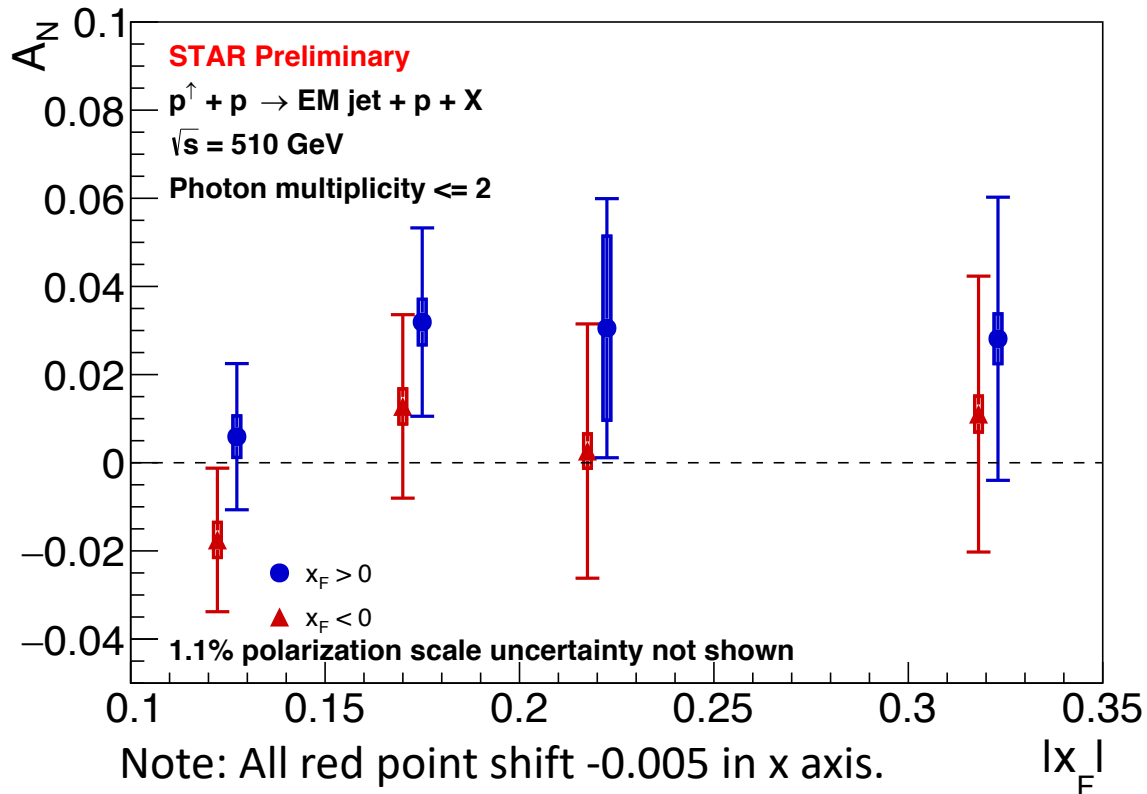
- For the systematic uncertainty, use west RP track from samples of RP stream to do the mix event for background study for systematic uncertainty.
- Apply the difference of the signal fraction to assign for systematic.

xF	West RP track from zerobias stream (analysis) $frac_{ana}(sig)$	West RP track from RP stream (systematic) $frac_{sys}(sig)$	sys
0.1 – 0.15	0.81±0.031	0.89±0.0027	0.046
0.15 – 0.2	0.76±0.044	0.87±0.0036	0.066
0.2 – 0.25	0.71±0.049	0.85±0.0040	0.090
0.25 – 0.45	0.63±0.061	0.80±0.0050	0.11

$$sys = |frac_{ana}(sig) - frac_{sys}(sig)| - \sqrt{(\sigma_{ana}^2 + \sigma_{sys}^2)}$$

Signal A_N results for photon multiplicity ≤ 2

- **4 x_F bins.** ([0.1, 0.15], [0.15, 0.2], [0.2, 0.25] , [**0.25, 0.45**])
- **Preliminary plot** request for diffractive EM-jet A_N for 1 or 2 photon multiplicity EM-jets



$$A_N(\text{sig}) = \frac{A_N(\text{measured}) - \text{frac}(\text{bkg}) * A_N(\text{bkg})}{\text{frac}(\text{sig})}$$

Constant fit to check n-sigma to be non-zero:

- Blue beam: 0.019 ± 0.011 . (1.6σ)
- Yellow beam: 0.0025 ± 0.011 (0.22σ)

Conclusion

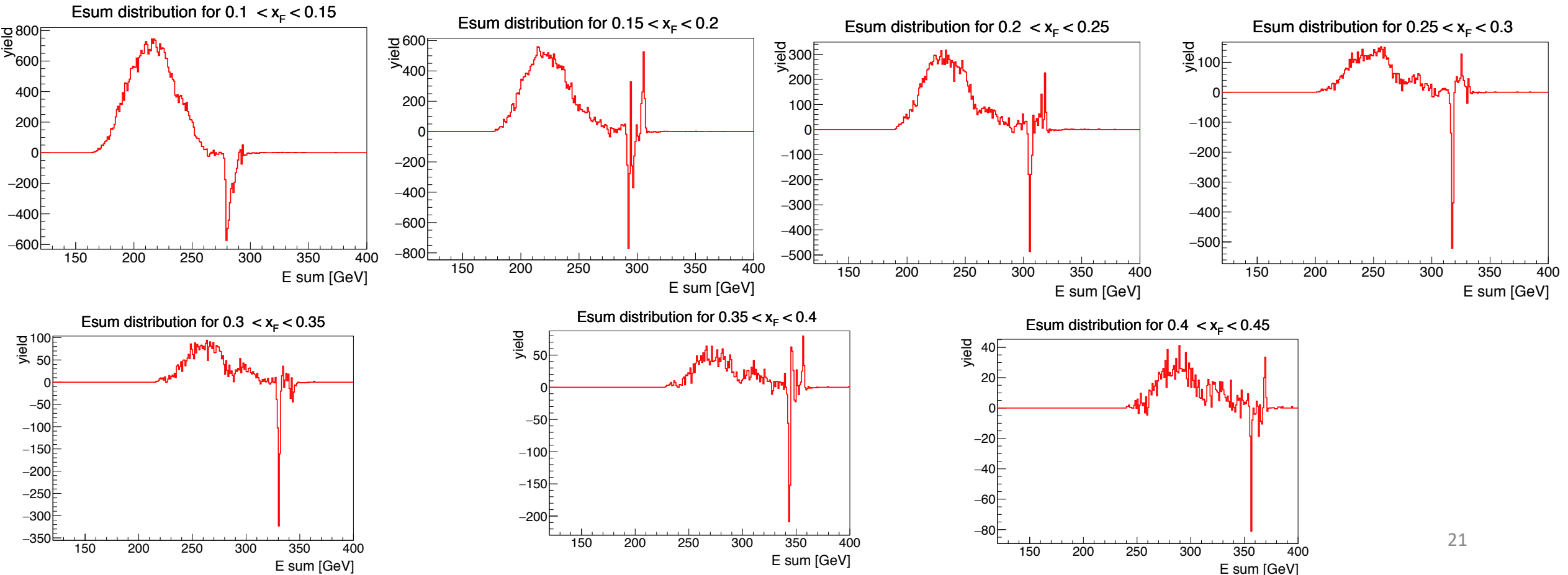
- Run 17 diffractive EM-jet A_N using FMS is at preliminary stage for requesting for preliminary.
- The A_N for run 17 are showing the mostly positive values but close to zero.
- We do not observe the negative sign for A_N , so it's different from run 15 diffractive EM-jet A_N results.

Back up

E sum (FMS data – background)

All photon multiplicity

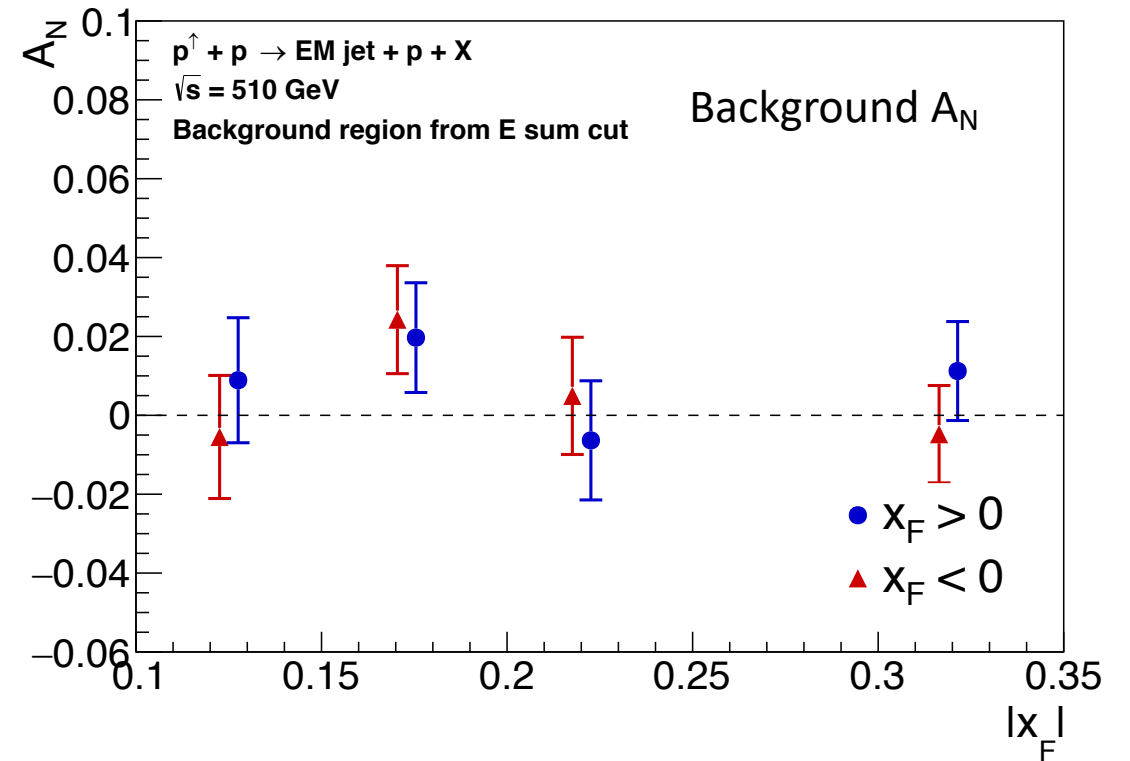
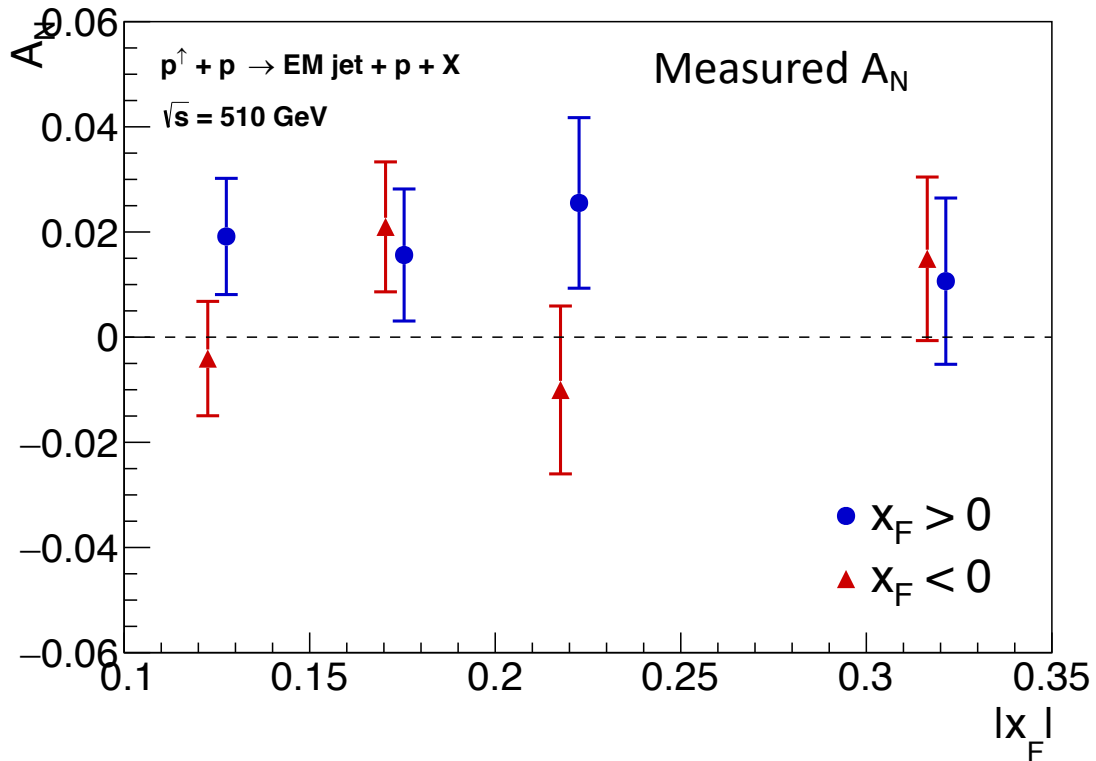
- To be more direct to see the ranges where the FMS data (red curve) over the background (black curve) for each E sum bin, we calculate the yield of FMS data subtracting background.



Measured A_N and background A_N

EM-jet with all photon multiplicity

$$A_N(sig) = \frac{A_N(measured) - frac(bkg) * A_N(bkg)}{frac(sig)}$$

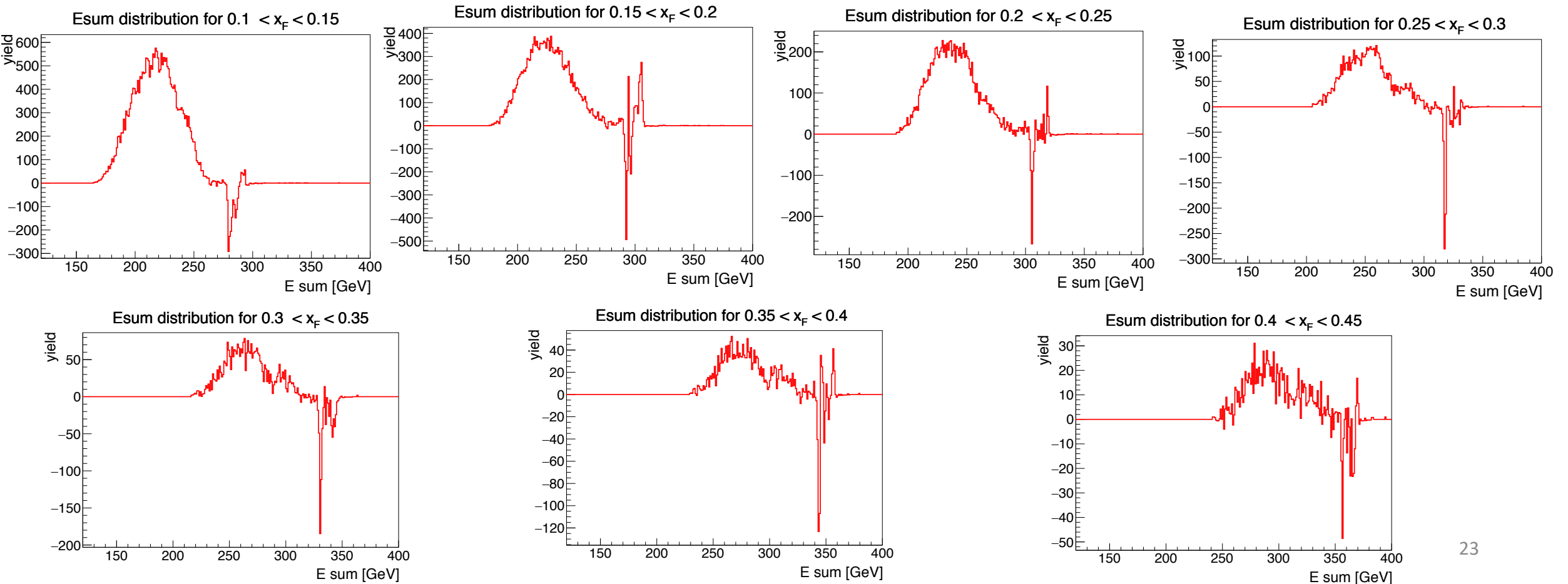


Note: All red point shift -0.005 in x axis.

E sum (FMS data – background)

1 or 2 photon multiplicity

- To be more direct to see the ranges where the FMS data (red curve) over the background (black curve) for each E sum bin, we calculate the yield of FMS data subtracting background.



Measured A_N and background A_N

EM-jet with photon multiplicity 1 or 2

$$A_N(sig) = \frac{A_N(measured) - frac(bkg) * A_N(bkg)}{frac(sig)}$$

