

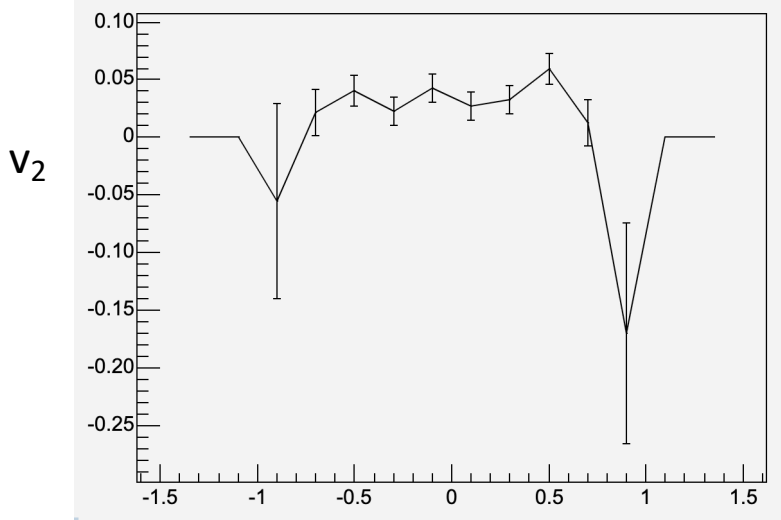
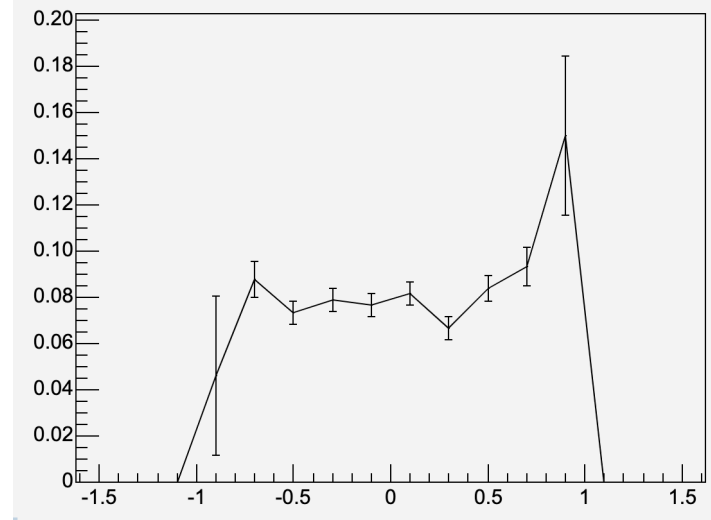
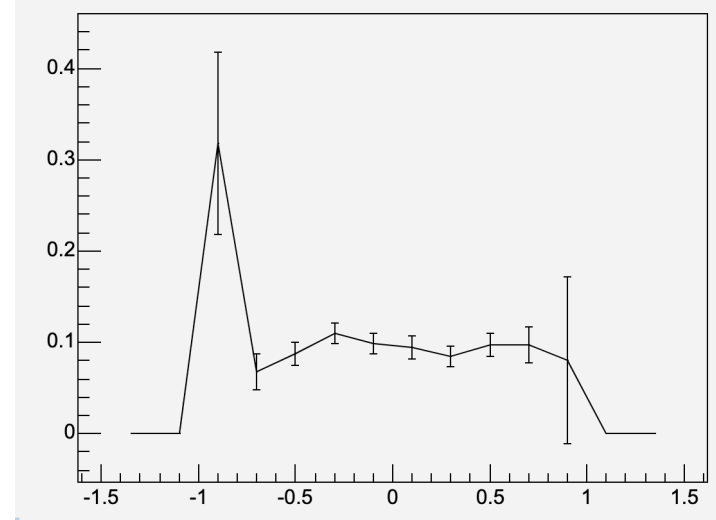
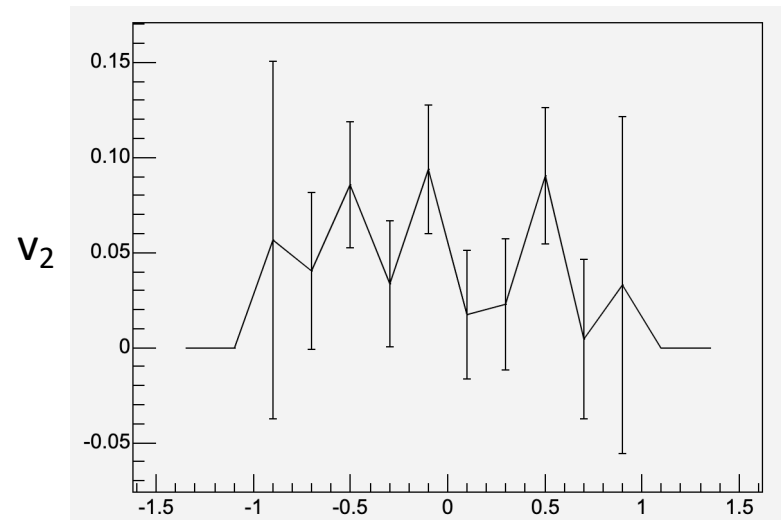
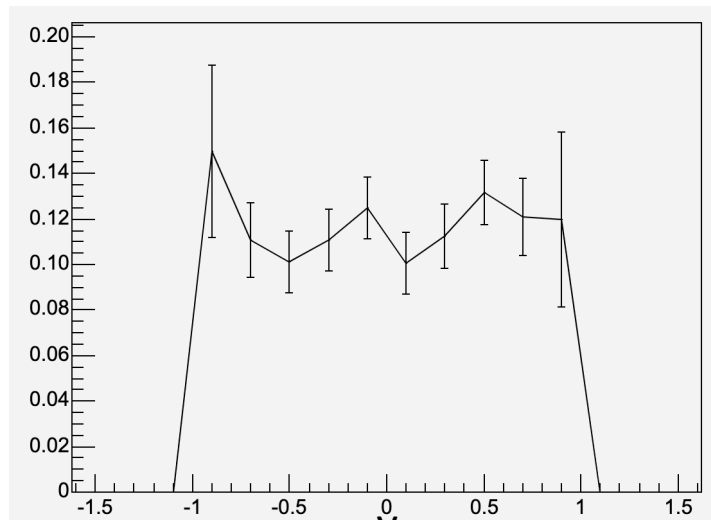
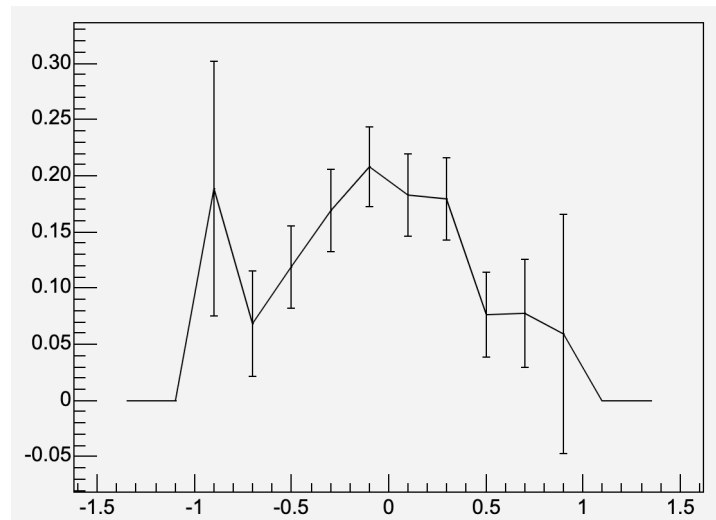
ϕ -meson global spin alignment update

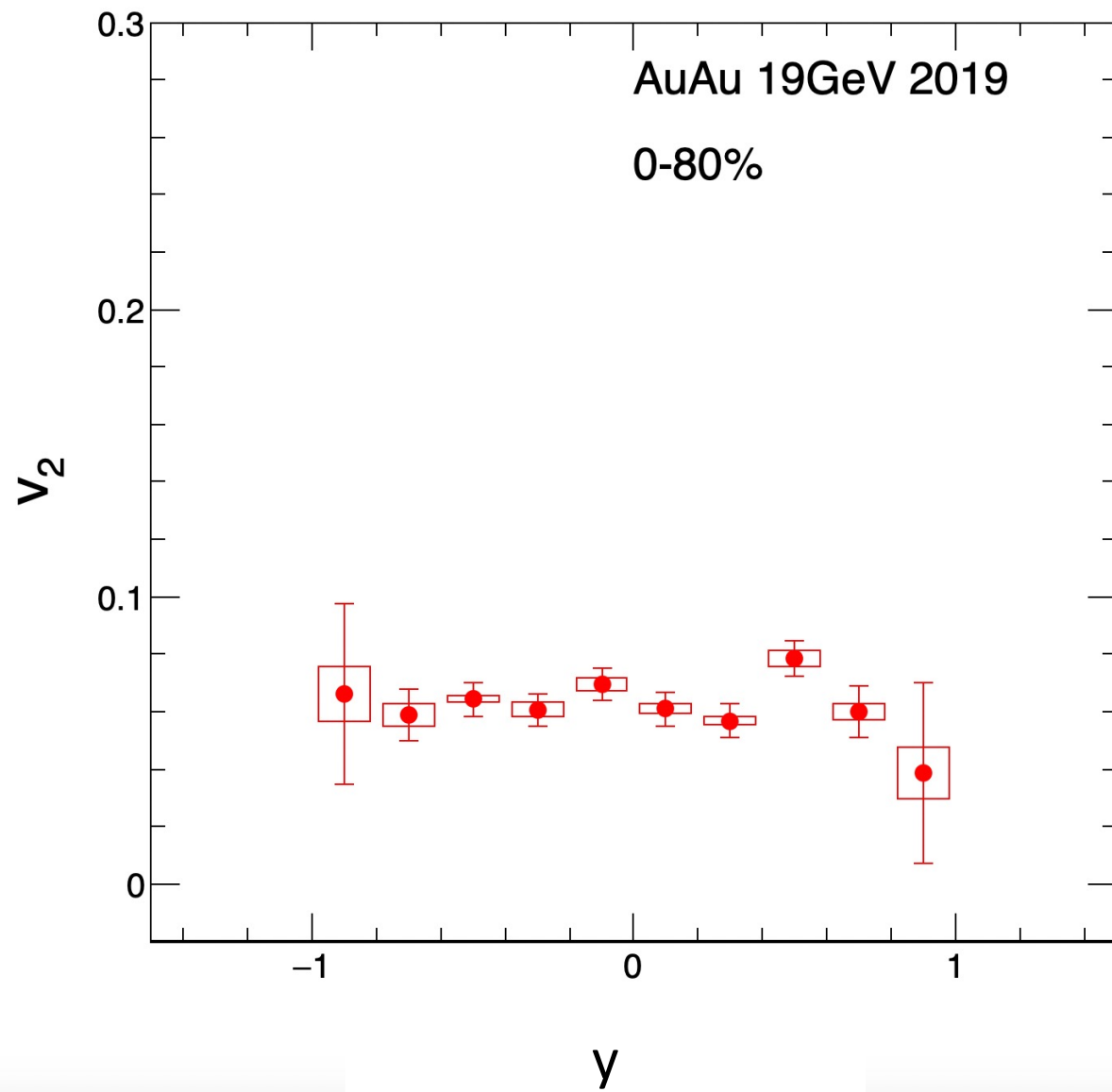
Gavin Wilks

07/13/2023

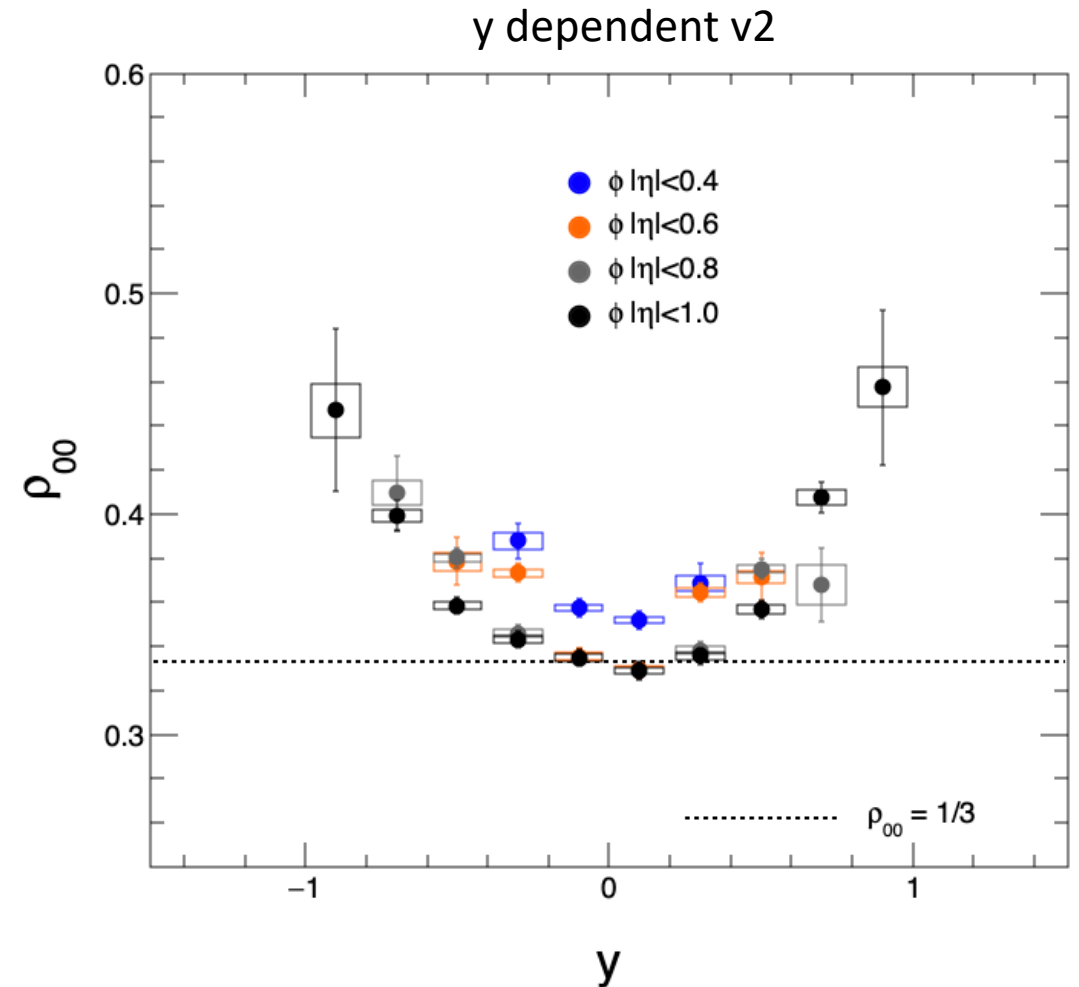
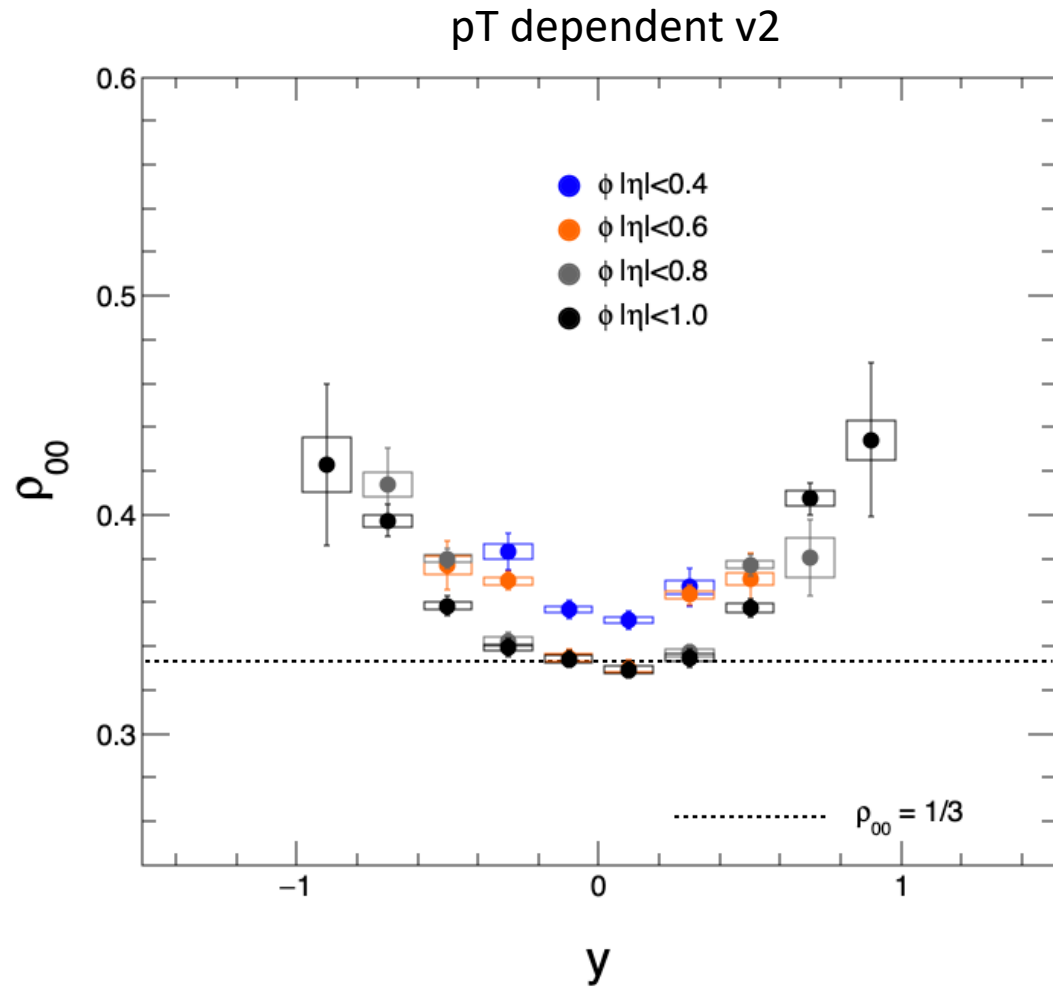
Points to Follow Up from Last Meeting

- Using rapidity dependent v_2 in simulations of efficiency+acceptance.
 - Motivation: Incorrect v_2 can have a significant effect on rapidity dependent ρ_{00} (seen in simulation).
- Try acceptance simulation for $0.8 < |y| < 1.0$.
 - Motivation: maybe a symmetric cut will reduce difference between input and output.
- Include β' terms in the fitting of acceptance correction.
 - Motivation: $\langle \cos 2\beta' \rangle$ and $\langle \cos 4\beta' \rangle$ were found to be non-zero when η cut is present.
- Look into p_T dependent η cut study after fixing auto-correlation.
 - Motivation: There was a large difference between different η cuts, not observed before the fix.
 - η cut study performed for 27GeV BES-I showed there was no difference after correction.

0-10%, $1.0 < p_T < 2.0$ GeV/c y 10-40%, $1.0 < p_T < 2.0$ GeV/c y 40-80%, $1.0 < p_T < 2.0$ GeV/c y 0-10%, $2.0 < p_T < 5.0$ GeV/c y 10-40%, $2.0 < p_T < 5.0$ GeV/c y 40-80%, $2.0 < p_T < 5.0$ GeV/c y



Rapidity dependent ρ_{00}

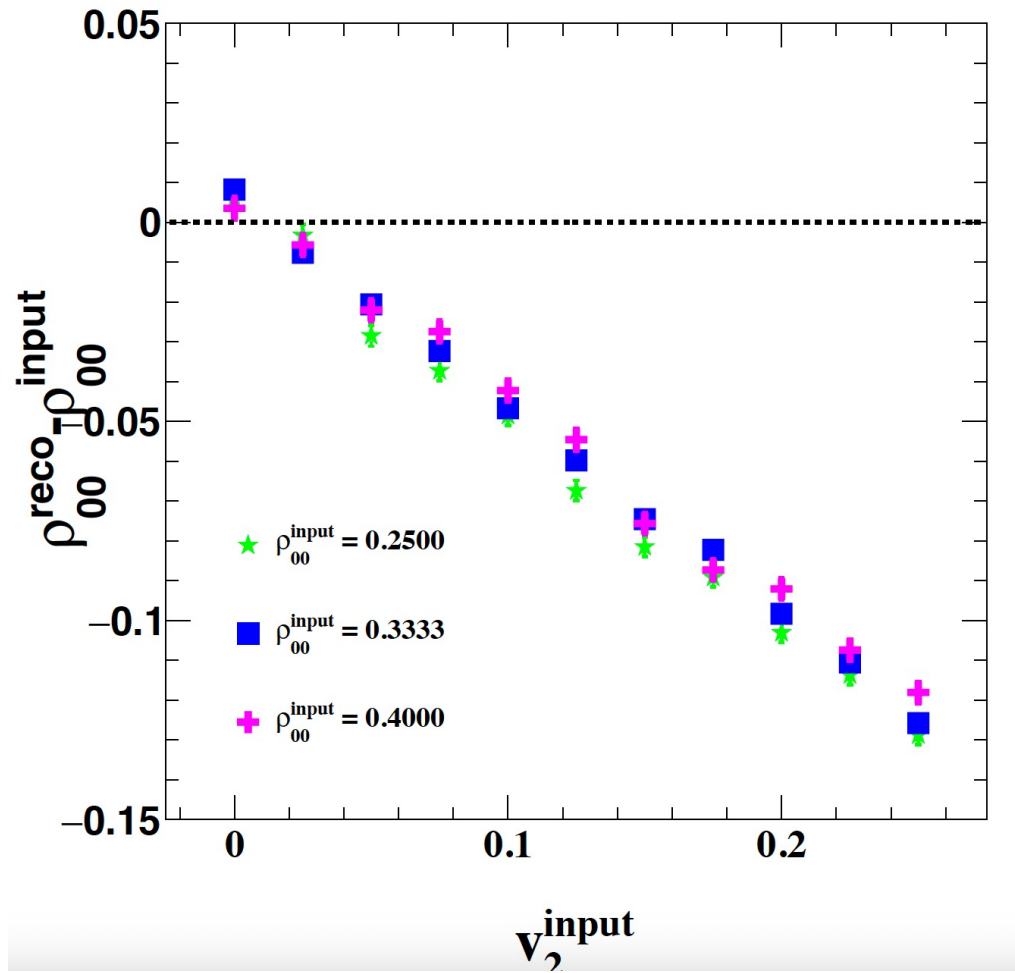


- Rapidity dependent v_2 is consistent with p_T dependent v_2 results.

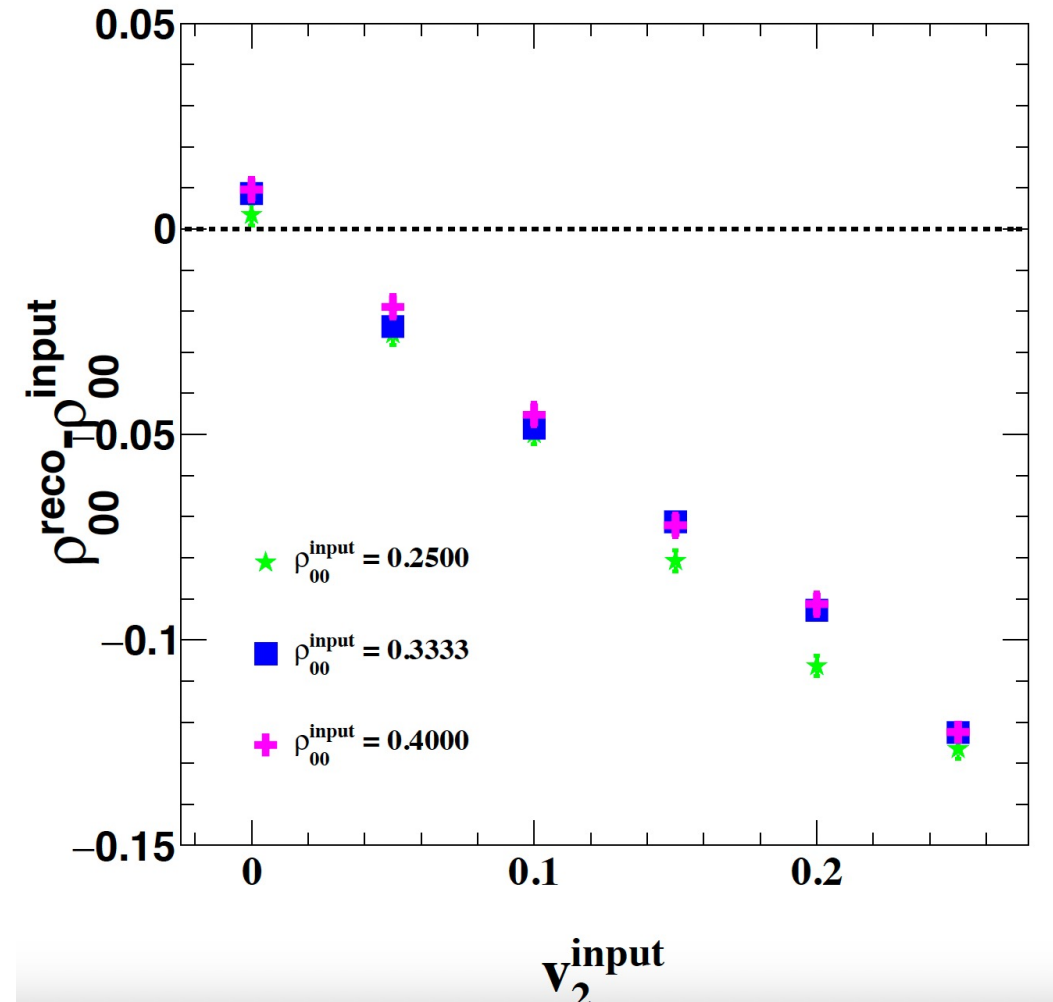
$0.8 < |y| < 1.0$ acceptance study

Use RP $\cos\theta^*$ distribution for deriving acceptance parameters.

$|η| < 1.0, 0.8 < |y| < 1$



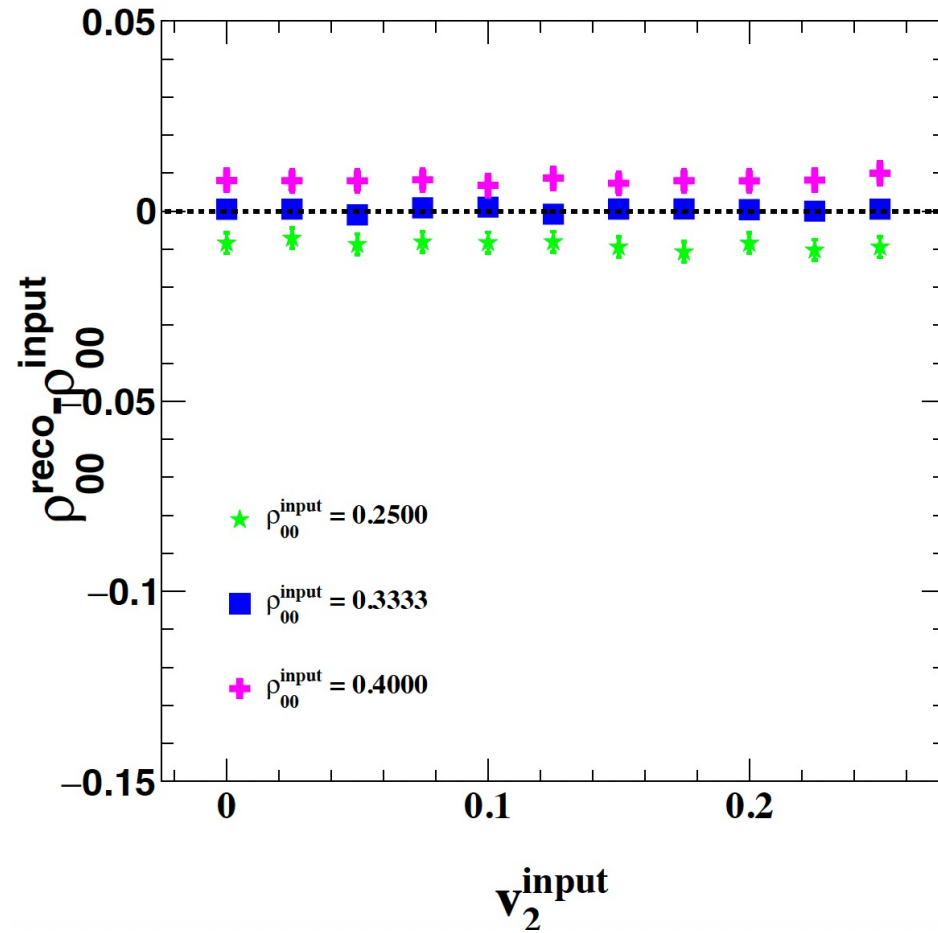
$|η| < 1.0, 0.8 < |y| < 1.0$



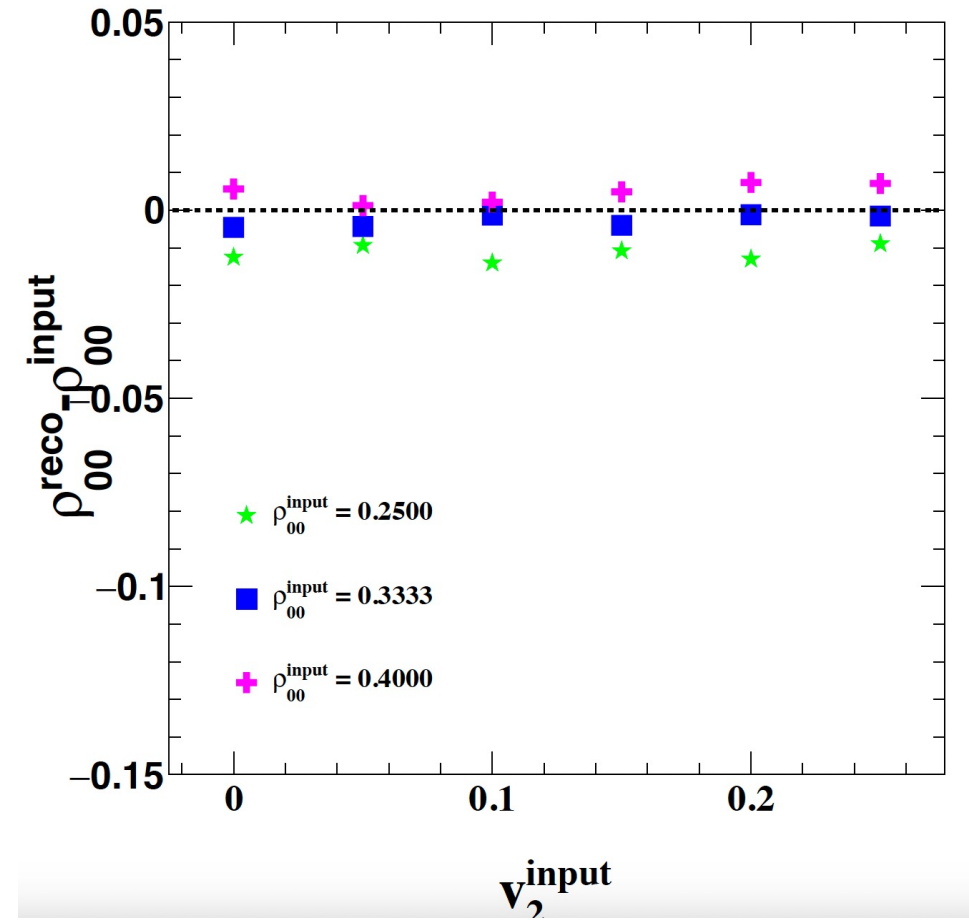
$0.8 < |y| < 1.0$ acceptance study

Use EP $\cos\theta^*$ distribution for deriving acceptance parameters.

$|\eta| < 1.0, 0.8 < |y| < 1.0$



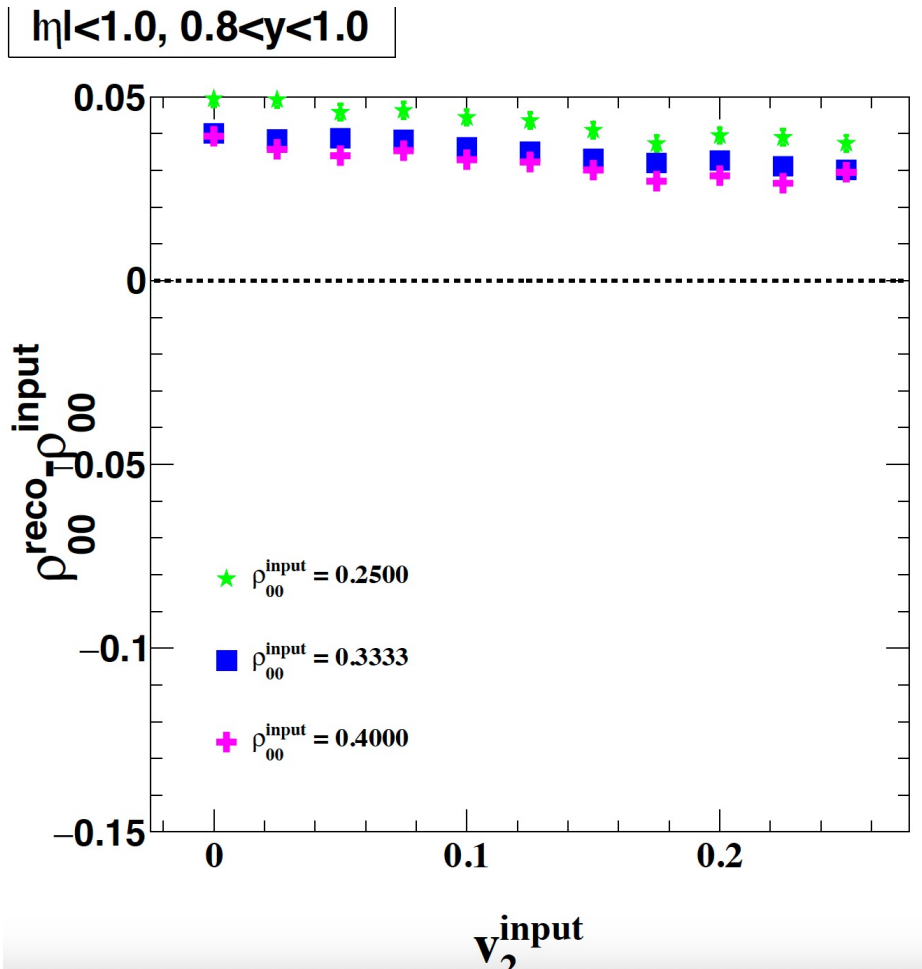
$|\eta| < 1.0, 0.8 < |y| < 1.0$



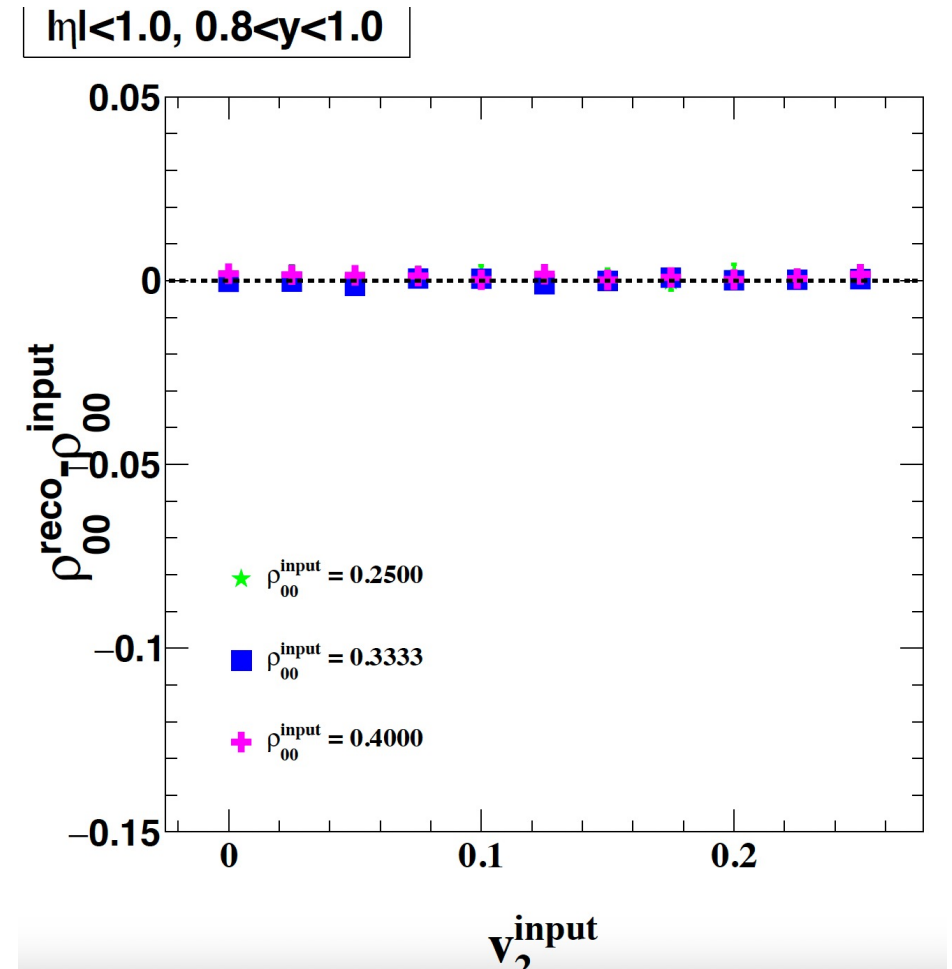
- Conclusion: Using absolute value of rapidity does not significantly change the results of this study.

Using $\langle \cos 2\beta \rangle$ and $\langle \cos 4\beta \rangle$ in acceptance

Use values of $\langle \cos 2\beta \rangle$ and $\langle \cos 4\beta \rangle$
after $|\eta|$ cut, per ρ_{00} input



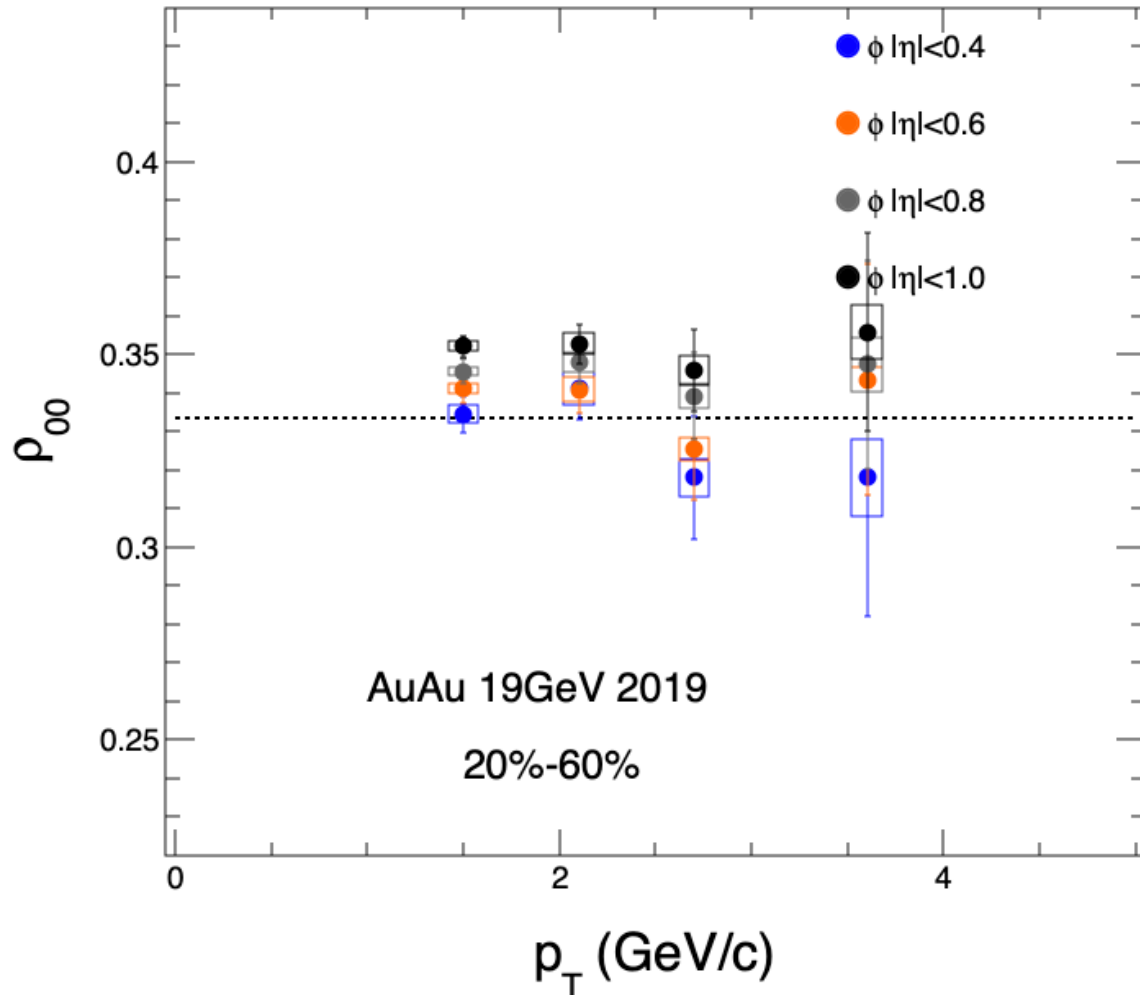
Use values of $\langle \cos 2\beta \rangle$ and $\langle \cos 4\beta \rangle$
before $|\eta|$ cut, per ρ_{00} input



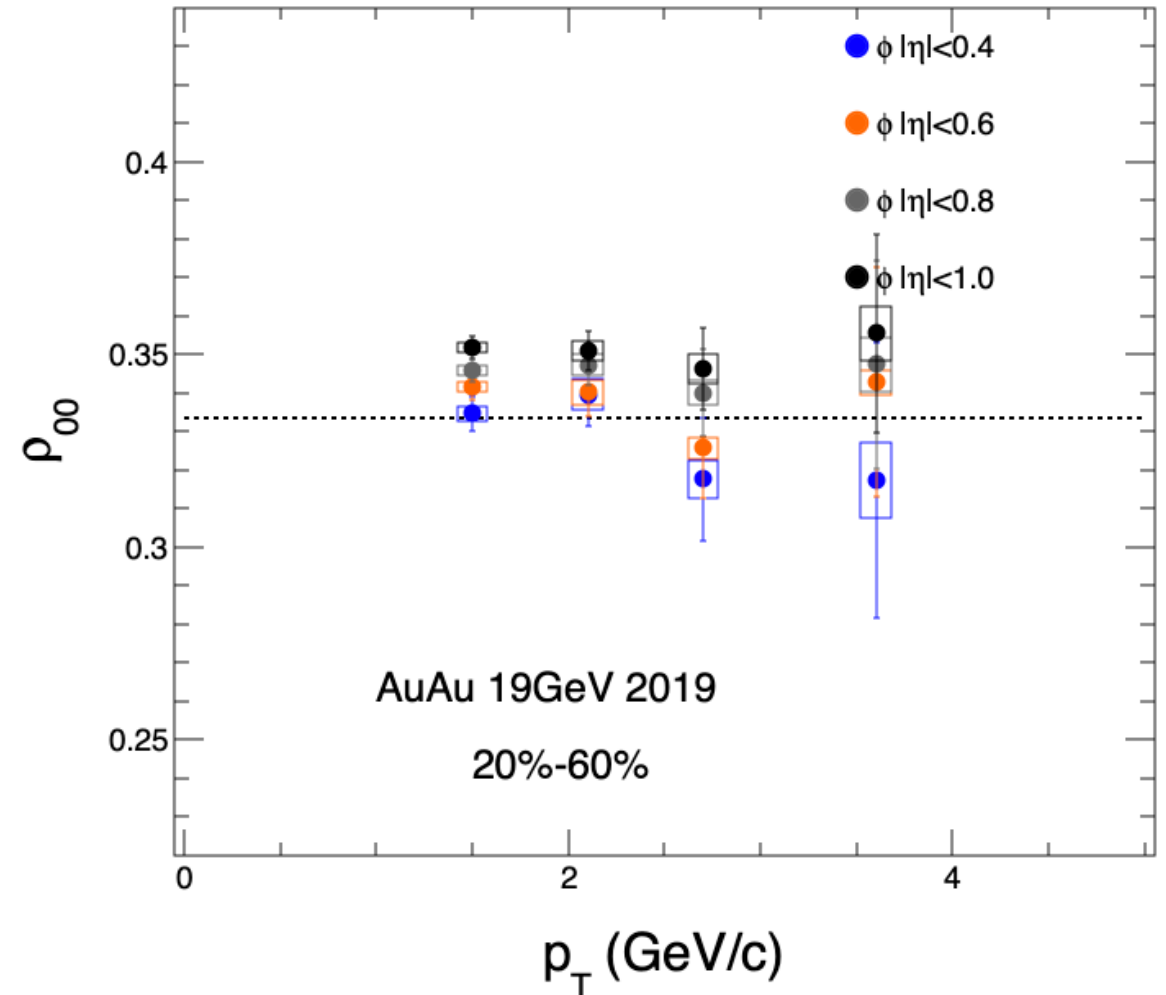
- Seems to work well if we use values **before** $|\eta|$ cut, also works better than other method. $\langle \cos 2\beta \rangle$ is the only non-zero value in this case.

Comparing correction methods for p_T dependence

Eff Then Acc + EP Res

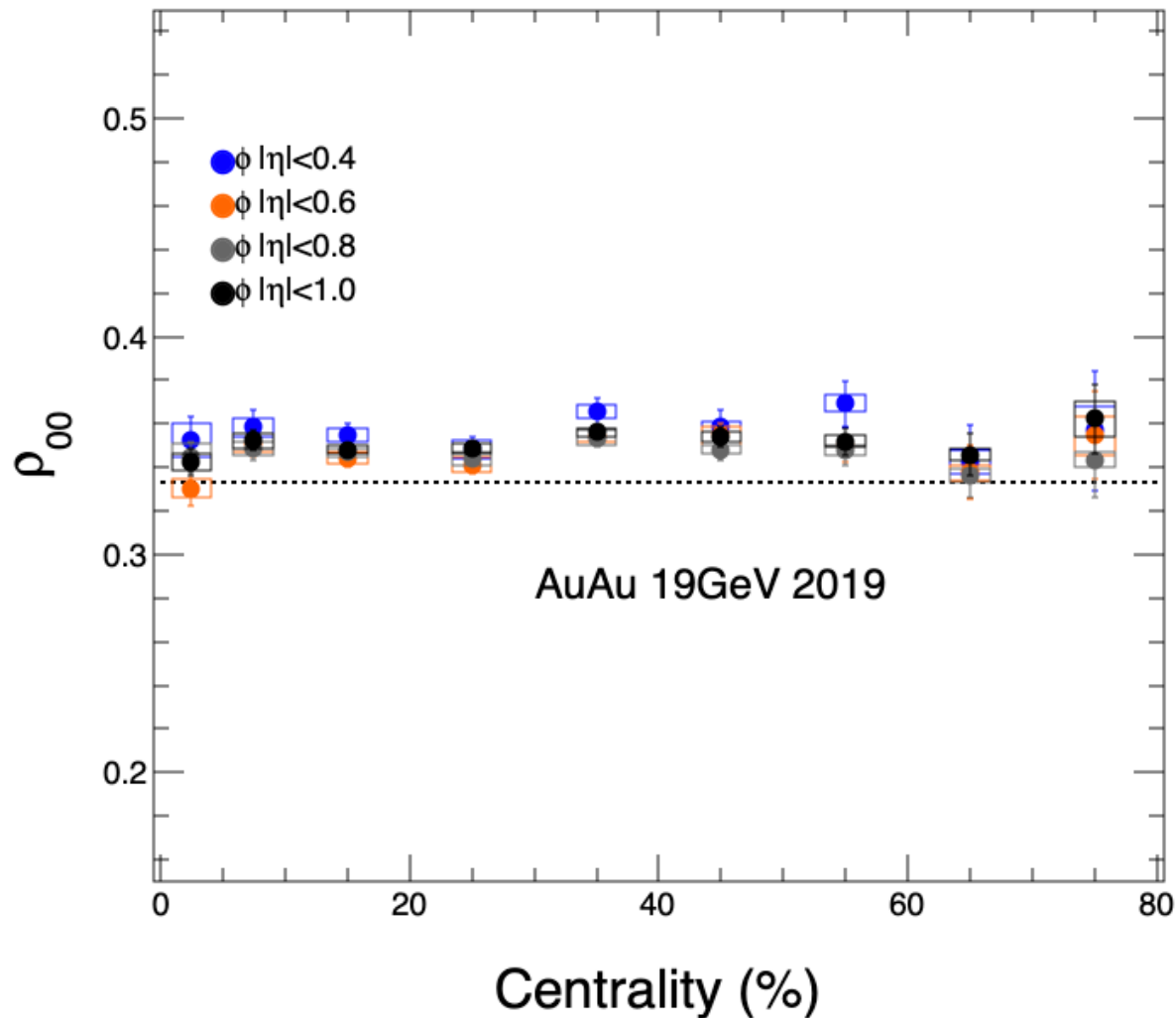


Eff+Acc Then EP Res



- Results appear consistent for different correction methods.
- Seems like an overcorrection.
- But if there was an increasing p_{00} with increasing $|y|$, wouldn't this make sense?

Centrality dependence



- This η cut dependence appears inverse to the dependence in the p_T study.

Road to QM2023

- URGENT: Solve acceptance correction dilemma.
 - Follow up on any points made during this meeting.
- This Weekend: Produce raw first order EP ρ_{00} results for 19.6 GeV.
 - Perform same η cut study and compare to second order.
- Next week (07/17-07/21): Produce raw first order EP ρ_{00} results for 14.6 GeV.
 - More time needed since I need to run the StEpdEventPlaneMaker several times.
- Other tasks:
 - 14.6 GeV v_2 vs p_T . Straight forward, code already in place.
 - 14.6 GeV p_T spectra.